For Immediate Release



December 8, 2020 Company Name: The Okinawa Electric Power Company, Incorporated Name of Representative: Hiroyuki Motonaga Representative Executive Officer and President (code:9511, TSE First Section of)

Okinawa Electric Power Company's Approach to Zero Emissions

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on 8 December 2020, resolved as follows.

As an integrated energy company, global warming countermeasures are one significant management issue which must be prioritized, and we have actively worked on such global warming countermeasures up to this point.

At the same time, the social demand for countermeasures against global warming has been increasing in recent years, as evidenced by the country's 2050 Carbon Neutral Declaration.

In order to fulfill our corporate social responsibility, we have compiled a long-term guideline, "Okinawa Electric Power Company's Zero Emissions Initiative: Toward Net Zero CO2 Emissions in 2050," to promote further efforts.

To achieve net zero CO2 emissions in 2050, we have formulated a roadmap for the next 30 years and will implement a variety of measures, with two directions for achieving net zero CO2 emissions: " Make renewable energy a mainstay " and "Reducing CO2 emissions from thermal power.

We will contribute to the society by building a sustainable energy system, utilizing the technologies we have accumulated so far and introducing new technologies to achieve stable energy supply and countermeasures for global warming simultaneously.

Attachment: OEPC's Approach to Zero Emissions

 \sim Towards 2050 Net Zero CO2 Emissions \sim

OEPC's Approach to Zero Emissions ~ Towards 2050 Net-Zero CO₂ Emissions ~

December 2020



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Okinawa Electric Power Company aims to 2050 Net-Zero CO2 Emissions.

Okinawa, where energy is more readily available. A richer future for our children.

We will contribute to the society by building a sustainable energy system, utilizing the technologies we have accumulated so far and introducing new technologies to achieve stable energy supply and countermeasures for global warming simultaneously.

OEPC Net-Zero CO2 Emissions Roadmap

	2030 CO ₂ <u>2040</u> 2050	
	Expansion of Renewable Energy	
	Introduction of Renewable Energy +100MW Maximum introduction of Renewable Energy PV-TPO business ^{%1} + 50MW (3.4 times Large Wind Power ^{%1} + 50MW by current installation)	
	Grid Stabilization Technologies for Renewable Energy expansion	
	• Utilization and Advancement of Grid Stabilization Technologies using "Storage Batteries" and "Control Technologies"	
	Development of the infrastructure to support the mainstreaming of Renewable Energy	
	 Raising demand for Electrification for Effective Use of Renewable Energy Building and Utilizing VPP *2 and DR *3 with DX (Digital Transformation) Building a disaster-resistant "<u>Renewable Energy Micro-Grid</u>" for local production and consumption 	
	 Reducing CO₂ with increased consumption of LNG Leveraging the mobility of LNG power sources to smooth fluctuations in renewable energy output Consideration of introducing <u>CO₂-free fuels (hydrogen, ammonia, etc.)</u> and offset technologies Conversion to CO₂-free fuels Introduction of CO₂ offset technologies 	
	Fade-out of the inefficient thermal power plants	
	 Conversion of Oil to LNG. Lower carbon emission through <u>the use of Local Biomass in Coal-fired Power Plants</u> Consideration of introducing cutting-edge technologies such <u>as next-generation thermal power</u> Introduction of next-generation power sources using CO₂-free fuel conversion and CO₂ offset technology in conjunction with the shutdown of existing machines 	
oting ication	In addition to achieving a net zero structure on the power supply side, it is essential to promote electrification on the demand side(transportation, industry, business, household), implement necessary policies, and gain financial support.	

** 2 Virtual Power Plant (VPP) refers to the collective control and management of a number of small-scale renewable energy power plants, etc., to make them function as a single power plant.

**3 Demand Response (DR), according to the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI), is defined as "an act of changing the consumption pattern of electricity for consumers to curb their use of electricity in response to the setting of electricity prices or the payment of incentives when wholesale market prices rise or when grid reliability declines."

** 4 We aim to Net-Zero CO2 Emissions by combining renewable energy power sources with thermal power sources that incorporate CO2-free fuels and CO2 offset technologies.

This requires the establishment of necessary technologies along with economic feasibility. We will earnestly work to achieve these conditions. Further, policy and financial support are necessary for the development and introduction of advanced technologies.

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