[Translation]

Securities Code: 8473 June 6, 2025

Yoshitaka Kitao Representative Director, Chairman, President & CEO

SBI Holdings, Inc. 1-6-1, Roppongi, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan

CONVOCATION NOTICE FOR THE 27TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Shareholders:

Notice is hereby given that the 27th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of SBI Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") will be held as detailed hereinafter.

Upon the convocation of this General Meeting of Shareholders, measures for electronic provision have been taken in relation to information contained in "THE REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS" and the like ("electronic provision measures matters"), and that information is posted on each of the following websites on the Internet. Please access either of these websites to confirm that information.

The Company's website: <u>https://www.sbigroup.co.jp/investors/index.html</u> (Please confirm the information by accessing the "General Meetings of Shareholders" page from the website above)

Website for General Meeting of Shareholders materials: https://d.sokai.jp/8473/teiji/

In the event that you are unable to attend the meeting, you may exercise your voting rights using one of the methods below. To do so, we kindly ask that you first examine "THE REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS" and then exercise your voting rights by the close of the Company's business (5:45 p.m., Japan time) on Thursday, June 26, 2025.

Exercise of Voting Rights via the Internet

Please refer to **"How to Exercise Voting Rights via the Internet"** on pages 4 to 5 and exercise your voting rights by the above-mentioned deadline.

Exercise of Voting Rights in Writing

Please indicate on the Voting Rights Exercise Form your approval or disapproval of the proposals and return the form. The form must reach the Company by the above-mentioned deadline.

Particulars

- 1. Date and time: Friday, June 27, 2025, at 10 a.m., Japan time
- 2. Location: Heian Room, 1st Floor, The Okura Prestige Tower of The Okura Tokyo, 2-10-4 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan
- 3. Matters to be dealt with at the Meeting:

Matters for Reporting

- 1. Report on the Business Report and the Consolidated Financial Statements, and report on results of the audit by the Accounting Auditor and the Board of Statutory Auditors on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 27th fiscal year (from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)
- 2. Report on the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements for the 27th fiscal year

Matters for Resolution

First Item of Business	Election of Fifteen (15) Directors
Second Item of Business	Election of Two (2) Statutory Auditors
Third Item of Business	Election of One (1) Substitute Statutory Auditor

— End of convocation notice —

- Attendees are kindly requested to submit the Voting Rights Exercise Form at the reception desk at the entrance of the meeting room.
- In the case where a shareholder exercises voting rights in writing, if approval or disapproval of any of the proposals is not indicated on the Voting Rights Exercise Form, it will be deemed that approval of that proposal has been indicated.
- If a shareholder exercises voting rights by proxy, another shareholder who holds voting rights may attend the general meeting of shareholders as that proxy. However, please understand that submission of a written document certifying the proxy's authority is required.
- Although documents containing electronic provision measures matters are delivered in writing to shareholders who make a request for the delivery of documents by the record date, the following are not included among such documents because the following are posted on the Internet on the Company's website and the website for General Meeting of Shareholders materials in accordance with laws and regulations and the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation: "Matters concerning stock acquisition rights, etc.," "Matters concerning the Accounting Auditor," "System to ensure the appropriateness of corporate affairs," and "Operational status of system to ensure the appropriateness of corporate affairs," which are in the Business Report; "Consolidated Statement of changes in net assets," and "Related notes," which are in the Consolidated Financial Statements; and "Non-Consolidated Financial Statements. Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Accounting Auditors have audited the documents that are subject to audit and contain electronic provision measures matters.
- In the event of any changes being made to "electronic provision measures matters," the fact that such changes are made, and those matters before and after such changes are made, will be posted on the Company's website and the website for General Meeting of Shareholders materials.
- For the purpose of reducing resource consumption, we will not send notices of resolutions and other notices after the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders and will post such notices on the Company's website for this meeting and future meetings. Thank you for your understanding.

The Company's website (https://www.sbigroup.co.jp/investors/index.html)

Information Regarding Debriefing Session on Recent Management News

We hereby inform you that, after the close of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, we will hold a debriefing session on recent developments in management at the same location.

In this session, held separately from the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, we would like to provide our shareholders with details of the Group's business activities and explain our future prospects. We also hope to address questions or inquiries from our shareholders.

How to Exercise Voting Rights via the Internet

1. Exercising voting rights via the Internet

- Exercising voting rights from QR code
 - Please scan the QR code located in the bottom right section of the Voting Rights Exercise Form. You can automatically log in to the portal site for the Company's general meeting of shareholders.

*"QR code" is a registered trademark of Denso Wave Incorporated.

- (2) Please click the "Go to the website for exercising voting rights" button at the top of the screen and follow the instructions on the screen to vote in favor or against.
- Exercising voting rights using password and voting code
 - (1) Please access the "Website for exercising voting rights" designated by the Company (the URL below).

https://soukai.mizuho-tb.co.jp/

*This is a different website from the portal site for the Company's general meeting of shareholders indicated on the left.

(2) Please log in to the website with the "voting code" and the "password" for exercising voting rights that are set out on the Voting Rights Exercise Form and enter the necessary matters by following the instructions that appear onscreen.

*In order to ensure security, you will need to change the password when you log in to the website for the first time.

*If you enter the wrong password a certain number of times, the website will become locked and you will be unable to use it. If the website is locked, please follow the instructions that appear onscreen.

(3) Please follow the instructions on the screen to vote in favor or against.

(Notes)

- The deadline for exercising voting rights is 5:45 p.m. on Thursday, June 26, 2025 (JST), and you will need to have finished the voting process by that time. Please exercise your voting rights as soon as possible.
- If you have exercised your voting rights both via the Internet and in writing, your vote via the Internet will be the effective vote. If you have exercised your voting rights multiple times via the Internet, your last vote will be the effective vote.
- Although the ability to exercise voting rights via the Internet has been verified with devices commonly used

for accessing the Internet, in some cases your device might not be able to access the website or your Internet connection environment might not allow access to the website.

2. Inquiries

If you have any concerns, please contact the Stock Transfer Agent Department, Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (below), which is the shareholder registry administrator.

(1) Contact details for inquiries about operating instructions or the like regarding the website for exercising voting rights

Toll free number: 0120-768-524 (from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., except the year-end and new-year holidays)

(2) Contact details for any inquiries for handling of shares other than that set out in (1) above

Toll free number: 0120-288-324 (Weekdays from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)

Business Report

(April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)

SBI Group will, in light of conditions in the global economy and markets, realize rapid growth through business operations that maximize the superiority of our business ecosystem.

Yoshitaka Kitao Representative Director, Chairman, President & CEO SBI Holdings, Inc.

I. CURRENT STATUS OF THE COMPANY GROUP

1. BUSINESS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(1) **Progress of Business and Results**

During the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 (April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025), the Japanese economy maintained a moderate recovery trend as a whole against the backdrop of the recovery in corporate business performance and the improvement of employment conditions such as pay increases. The Bank of Japan has revised its long-term large-scale monetary easing policy and embarked on a gradual normalization of interest rates. However, the U.S. Trump administration's shift in trade policy is a cause for concern. In particular, depending on the progress of tariff negotiations on automobiles and automobile parts, which account for more than 6% of Japan's total amount of exports of approximately 107 trillion yen, a significant decline in exports to the U.S. could have a negative impact on the domestic economy and hinder further increases in interest rates.

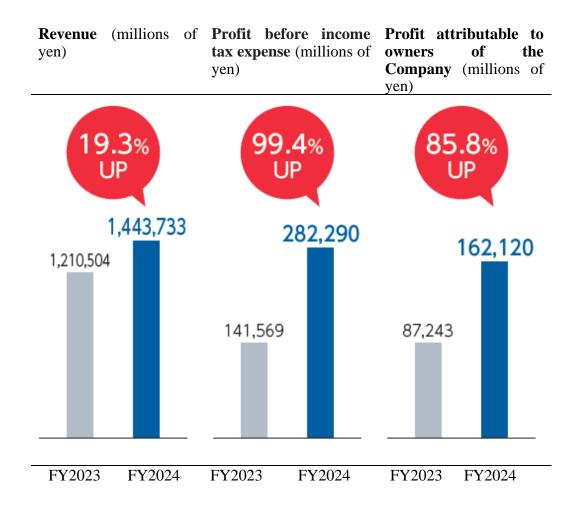
The Nikkei Stock Average recorded an all-time high of 42,426 yen in July 2024, against the backdrop of expectations of interest rate cuts in the U.S. and strong business performance by domestic companies. However, in August, it plummeted to 31,156 yen amid renewed tensions between the U.S. and China and the Bank of Japan's decision to increase interest rates. Although the Nikkei Stock Average recovered to the 40,000 yen level at times after October, it fell again in February 2025 due to the Trump administration's announcement of tariff increases, making it a year of high volatility.

Under these circumstances, the Company's consolidated business performance in the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 resulted in revenue of \$1443.7 billion (a 19.3% year-on-year increase), which is a record high. This is mainly due to revenue in the Financial Services Business amounting to a record high of \$1202.2 billion (a 9.9% year-on-year increase) and revenue in the Investment Business amounting to \$112.7 billion (a 341.5% year-on-year increase).

With respect to profit, in addition to the Financial Services Business remaining strong, the Investment Business, which had recorded an approximately \$17.7 billion loss in profit before income tax expense in the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 achieved a turnaround with profit before income tax expense of approximately \$67.2 billion, due to the increase in the valuation of unlisted stocks. As a result, the consolidated profit before income tax expense was \$282.3 billion (a 99.4% year-on-year increase) and profit attributable to owners of the Company was \$162.1 billion (an 85.8% year-on-year increase).

With respect to the Financial Services Business, which has been reliably making the largest contribution in terms of both revenue and profit in the Group, the banking business, boosted by rising interest rates, has surpassed the securities business in terms of its contribution to consolidated business performance. SBI Shinsei Bank, which constitutes the core of the banking business, has already achieved a certain level of success in various collaborative measures with the SBI Group—mainly a banking-securities collaboration—and the business performance of SBI Shinsei Bank achieved a significant year-on-year increase in revenue and profit for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, exemplified by ordinary business profit amounting to ¥130.2 billion (rounded down to the one decimal place; a 27% year-on-year increase). The business performance of SBI Sumishin Net Bank and SBI SAVINGS BANK in South Korea was also favorable. SBI SECURITIES' "ZERO Revolution" that eliminated stock brokerage commissions that are paid when conducting online trading of Japanese stocks had an impact throughout the fiscal year, but due to the success of various measures such as the diversification of revenue sources, business performance achieved a year-on-year increase in revenue and profit for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

In addition, the cryptocurrency market became active due to expectations surrounding the inauguration of President Trump, who supports the development of the cryptocurrency industry through deregulation, and the business performance of the cryptocurrency market maker B2C2, headquartered in the UK, and cryptocurrency exchange service providers was strong.

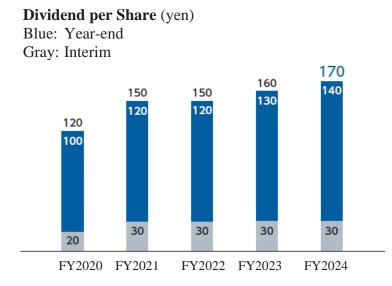


(2) POLICY ON DETERMINATION OF DIVIDENDS FROM SURPLUS

With respect to returns to our shareholders, the total amount of return for the dividend payout and share buyback will, for the time being, be approximately 30% of the profit before income tax expense that excludes extraordinary factors, such as gain on sales of stocks of subsidiaries, etc. in the Financial Services Business, and the relevant profit before income tax expense for the Financial Services Business for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 was 168.7 billion (deducting from profit before income tax expense of the Financial Services Business some extraordinary factors, such as a extraordinary profits from liquidation of overseas subsidiaries in SBI Shinsei Bank and a gain on negative goodwill arising from the acquisition of NEC Capital Solutions and fair value profits from operational investment securities held by the Financial Services Business segment). The basic policy on annual dividend payments is as follows: a payout of a minimum of 10 per share will be made as an annual dividend payment, and the annual dividend payment will be determined after giving comprehensive consideration to the adequacy of retained earnings for sustainable growth and present business forecasts, etc.

Based on the consolidated business performance for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Company paid an interim dividend of \$30 per share and, in addition to that, decided to pay a year-end dividend of \$140 per share. As a result, the total annual dividend for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 is \$170 per share.

Shareholders are kindly requested to offer their ongoing understanding and support of the SBI Group as it continues to evolve through self-transformation in the future.



⁽Note) The year-end dividend per share for FY2023 includes a dividend of ¥10 to commemorate the 25th anniversary of the Company's founding

(3) **Outline of Each Business Segment**

(i) Financial Services Business

Revenue: ¥1,202,206 million (a 9.9% year-on-year increase)

Profit before income tax expense: ¥225,369 million (a 30.3% year-on-year increase)

Due to the recording of interest income associated with an increase in the balance of loans mainly for business corporations in corporate operations, the recording of commission revenue associated with the execution of large guarantee transactions in overseas business, and the like, SBI Shinsei Bank (J-GAAP) achieved a significant year-on-year increase in revenue and profit. Loans in the mortgage loan business of the equity method associate SBI Sumishin Net Bank have steadily expanded, and the Company's investment profits accounted for using the equity method based on IFRS amounted to $\pm 6,436$ million (a 44.3% year-on-year increase) as a result of an increase in investment income due to a rise in investment yield and other factors. With respect to SBI SAVINGS BANK in South Korea, its business performance is showing signs of improvement as a result of its basic revenues remaining strong, the deterioration of loan receivables having almost come to an end, and the like, and furthermore its capital adequacy ratio reached a record high of 17.81% (at the end of March 2025).

SBI SECURITIES (J-GAAP) has succeeded in diversifying revenue sources and offset decreases in revenue despite the fact that lost profits of approximately ¥38.0 billion were incurred as a result of the "ZERO Revolution" (the "ZERO Revolution" refers to the elimination of commissions that are paid when conducting online trading of Japanese stocks) for the full year, which has resulted in each of operating revenue, operating income, net income, etc. reaching record highs. The number of insurance contracts held by SBI Insurance Group (J-GAAP) has increased steadily, which led to an increase in revenue and profit.

As a result of the above, revenue for the Financial Services Business was \$1202.2 billion (a 9.9% year-on-year increase), which is a record high, and profit before income tax expense was \$225.4 billion (a 30.3% year-on-year increase).

(ii) Asset Management Business

Revenue: **¥33,811** million (a 14.8% year-on-year increase)

Profit before income tax expense: ¥5,447 million (a 12.5% year-on-year increase)

With the launch of the new NISA, each company's assets under management that belong to the Asset Management Business increased significantly. For the aforementioned reasons, etc., revenue of the Asset Management Business reached the record high of \$33.8 billion (a 14.8% year-on-year increase) and profit before income tax expense was \$5.4 billion (a 12.5% year-on-year increase).

(iii) Investment Business

Revenue: ¥112,708 million (a 341.5% year-on-year increase)

Profit before income tax expense: \$67,188 million (\$17,729 million (loss) was recorded in the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2024)

In the Investment Business, the increase in the valuation of unlisted stocks resulted in profit before income tax expense, which amounted to ± 67.2 billion, improving significantly from the loss in profit before income tax expense recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024. Please note that the Investment Business has been renamed the PE Investment Business from April 2025.

(iv) Crypto-asset Business

Revenue: ¥80,797 million (a 41.4% year-on-year increase)

Profit before income tax expense: **¥21,220** million (a 151.8% year-on-year increase)

Amid the revitalization of the cryptocurrency market following the inauguration of President Trump, revenue and profit of the cryptocurrency market maker B2C2, headquartered in the UK, saw significant growth, and cryptocurrency exchanges also succeeded in expanding their customer base and implementing new measures. As a result, revenue in the Crypto-asset Business reached a record high of \$80.7 billion yen (a 41.4% year-on-year increase), and profit before income tax expense also reached a record high of \$21.2 billion yen (a 151.8% year-on-year increase).

(v) Next Gen Business

Revenue: **¥30,662** million (a 15.1% year-on-year increase)

Profit before income tax expense: \$9,944 million (loss) (\$4,952 million (loss) was recorded in the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2024)

The Biotechnology, Healthcare & Medical Informatics Business maintained profitability, partly due to the elimination this fiscal year of an extraordinary loss that was recorded in the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 in the 5-ALA-related business due to the reappraisal of raw material inventories for the health food business. In the advanced technology areas, such as Web3 and digital assets, some businesses have begun to contribute to profits, but overall, these businesses are still at the upfront investment stage.

2. MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Since its founding in 1999, the SBI Group has utilized the Internet as its primary channel in Japan and built up a business ecosystem for the Financial Services Business with securities, banking, and insurance as its core businesses, currently forming a globally unique comprehensive financial conglomerate. From the time of its founding, the SBI Group has also been involved in the incubation of venture companies with investments focused on next-generation growth fields in Japan and overseas and with active investment in Southeast Asian countries with high economic growth potential.

Introduction of digital technologies, such as AI, blockchain/distributed ledger technology (DLT), as well as big data, IoT, and robotics that are compatible with those technologies, is proceeding rapidly in various industries including the financial industry. Against this background, the SBI Group believes it is important to continue actively investing in, and building alliances with, promising companies that possess such advanced technologies, in addition to using these advanced technologies to develop new services and strengthening efforts towards the creation of new financial businesses in the financial services offered by the SBI Group, and in doing so strive for rapid growth through the expansion of businesses that maximize the organizational advantage of the SBI Group's business ecosystem.

Formulating a new medium-term corporate vision for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2029, which marks the 30th anniversary of the Company's founding

In addition to thoroughly implementing the "Customer-centric Principle," which is a fundamental philosophy governing the SBI Group's business structure, and leveraging the advantage offered by the "business ecosystem" framework, the SBI Group has, based on its belief in innovative technologies, capitalized on the shift from analog to digital and leveraged new strategies that incorporate digital technologies. As a result, from the fiscal year ended March 2019, which marked the 20th anniversary of the Company's founding, to the fiscal year ended March 2024, which marks the 25th anniversary of its founding, the customer base has topped 50 million, approximately doubling the previous level, and profit before income tax expense has reached 140 billion yen, approximately 1.7 times the previous level, achieving remarkable growth in five years.

	At the time of founding (July 8, 1999)	20th anniversary (As of the end of March 2019)	25th anniversary (As of the end of March 2024)	Compared to the end of March 2019
Customer base for the Group	0	25.2 million	50.5 million	2.0 times
Net sales (consolidated)	0	¥351.4 billion (FY2018)	¥1210.5 billion (FY2023)	3.4 times
Number of employees (consolidated)	55	6,439	19,097	3.0 times
Number of Group companies	0	259 (consolidated subsidiaries: 210, consolidated partnerships: 16, equity method affiliates: 33)	721 (consolidated subsidiaries: 595, consolidated partnerships: 64, equity method affiliates: 62)	2.8 times
Number of the Group's listed companies	0	5 (including SBI Holdings)	18 (including SBI Holdings)	3.6 times
Capital stock	¥50 million	¥9.2 billion	¥180.4 billion	2.0 times
Net assets (Equity attributable to the Company)	¥50 million	¥456.7 billion	¥1262.2 billion	2.8 times
Total market value	0	¥583.3 billion	¥1192.8 billion	2.0 times

The SBI Group achieved remarkable growth from the 20th anniversary to the 25th anniversary of the Company's founding

Looking ahead to a future milestone, namely the 30th anniversary of the Company's founding,

the SBI Group has formulated a new medium-term corporate vision that includes a customer base for the Group of 100 million, consolidated profit before income tax expense of 500 billion yen, and the like. To achieve this new medium-term corporate vision, we aim to realize rapid growth by taking full advantage of further expansion of the customer base, business assets, capital-raising capabilities, and the like that the SBI Group has accumulated to date and the SBI Group's evolved business ecosystem and by aiming to further expand the SBI Group's business base.

Corporate vision for the 30th anniversary of the Company's founding (FY2028) Key indicators for the new medium-term corporate vision

	(Reference) FY2024 (actual figures from April 2024 to March 2025)		FY2028 (target figures from April 2028 to March 2029)
Customer base for the Group	54.42 million		100 million
Consolidated profit before income tax expense	¥282.3 billion		¥500 billion
Percentage of overseas businesses* in consolidated profit before income tax expense	Approximately 17%		30%
ROE	12.8 %	1	15%

* The overseas businesses above are composed of overseas businesses in the Financial Services Business segment and the Crypto-asset Business segment.

Measures for achieving the new medium-term corporate vision

1. Rapidly achieving the figure of 30 million securities accounts with the Group

SBI SECURITIES promoted the "ZERO Revolution" (the "ZERO Revolution" refers to the elimination of commissions that are paid when conducting online trading of Japanese stocks), which embodies the Customer-centric Principle, and significantly increased the number of securities accounts in a short period of time. Additionally, efforts to diversify and strengthen revenue sources have achieved surpluses after offsetting lost profits resulting from the "ZERO Revolution", leading to further expansion of the SBI Group's business ecosystem and reinforcement of the revenue base. Furthermore, the effects thereof have also led to the expansion of the customer base and increased awareness of services at other group companies through the SBI Group's business ecosystem framework, serving as a driving force for the overall growth of the Group.

In order to achieve the new medium-term corporate vision, it is essential to expand our securities customer base across the Group as described above, so we will focus on developing new customer segments by promoting open alliances with companies that have a solid customer base and strengthening our approach to young people, who tend to be new to investing or lack experience. In addition, we endeavor to reach a figure of 30 million securities accounts with the Group as soon as possible by offering new financial instruments and services that integrate traditional

finance and digital finance.

2. Promoting the "Fourth Megabank" concept with SBI Shinsei Bank, which is making progress in the repayment of public funds, at its core

SBI Shinsei Bank, which plays a central role in the Banking Business of the SBI Group, joined the SBI Group in December 2021. Since then, by leveraging the SBI Group's business ecosystem framework and thoroughly pursuing synergies with SBI SECURITIES and other SBI Group companies, SBI Shinsei Bank has achieved rapid growth. SBI Shinsei Bank outperformed the financial targets set in the previous medium-term management plan (formulated in May 2022), and a new medium-term management plan was announced in May 2025.

Against a backdrop of such strong business performance, SBI Shinsei Bank has already repaid a total of approximately 119.3 billion yen in public funds. In addition to thoroughly pursuing synergies with other SBI Group companies, SBI Shinsei Bank will implement various measures, including flexible business operations tailored to the business environment and capital policies, such as re-listing, in order to repay the remaining approximate amount of 230 billion yen as soon as possible and realize the significant achievement of repaying all public funds.

With further growth in its sights, SBI Group will also robustly promote the "Fourth Megabank" concept with SBI Shinsei Bank at the core. Currently, Japan is facing the issue of "overbanking" among regional financial institutions. The SBI Group will, as a broad-based regional platform with SBI Shinsei Bank at the core, collaborate with regional financial institutions nationwide, regardless of whether there are any capital relationships or not, aim to improve the efficiency of systems and operating processes, and pursue economic efficiency of scale. By doing so, the SBI Group will support the revitalization of regional financial institutions and, in turn, regional companies.

3. Increasing the profit before income tax from overseas operations to an amount equivalent to 30% of the Group's total profit before income tax

The SBI Group plans to establish the International Business Management Dept as a group-wide organization in order to strengthen its overseas business. Under a structure that enables optimal allocation of the SBI Group's management resources, including human, financial, and technological resources, the SBI Group intends to create an ecosystem that will enable it to further demonstrate its competitive advantage overseas, and in doing so raise the percentage of consolidated profit before income taxes accounted for by overseas business from 20% (current percentage) to 30% over the next three to five years.

In particular, due to the reciprocal tariff policy announced by the Trump administration in the U.S., the SBI Group expects that Japanese companies and others will relocate their production bases to consumer countries in order to build a global supply network enabling local production for local consumption. The SBI Group will thus focus on achieving business growth by capturing this increase in demand for funds in Southeast Asia, where it already has banking and securities businesses.

4. Steadily building a digital space ecosystem to capture the wave of technological innovation

The market size of crypto-assets, which at an early stage the SBI Group positioned as a growth industry due to its superiority in low-cost and high-speed trading, has expanded more than 20-

fold in the six years since March 2019, which marked the 20th anniversary of the Company's founding. In addition, with discussions underway in Japan to revise the taxation system in order to apply to crypto-assets the same separate withholding tax that is applied to listed stocks, etc., the SBI Group expects that the investment environment will improve and the investor base will expand.

The SBI Group has built a digital space ecosystem offering various services in this area, including crypto-asset exchangers, such as SBI VC Trade and BITPoint Japan, the crypto-asset market maker B2C2, and the digital asset distribution market operator Osaka Digital Exchange (ODX), and it intends to further strengthen its efforts to create synergies with other SBI Group companies while expanding the ecosystem in this regard.

In particular, since stable coins are expected to replace existing settlement and trade finance, the SBI Group deems them to be a promising domain, and as the U.S. dollar, rather than the Japanese yen, is currently the mainstream currency for settlement and trade, the SBI Group has partnered with Circle, a U.S. company that issues USD Coin (USDC), a U.S. dollar-denominated stable coin, and SBI VC Trade started handling stable coins for the first time in Japan on March 26, 2025. In the future, the SBI Group will further expand its services, including a USDC lending service, which is expected to generate higher investment returns compared to dollar-based time deposits.

Building a Neo-media ecosystem that combines media, IT, and finance to enter the media domain

In recent times, positioning of the media has altered drastically as social media and other types of Internet-based media have established positions as major sources of information, while trust in existing media declines. Particularly in the U.S., the convergence of media, IT, and finance has progressed rapidly.

Examples of financial institutions entering the media domain include Blackstone, one of the world's largest alternative investment management firms, and JPMorgan Chase, one of the world's top banks, which are expanding their respective investments in various media companies and intellectual property (IP). Examples of media companies entering the financial sector have also become apparent—for example, X (formerly Twitter) has partnered with eToro, a major Israeli online securities firm, and Visa, a major U.S. credit card company, to develop a "super-application" that incorporates finance and payments.

Against the backdrop of this global trend, the SBI Group, which possesses the highest quality and quantity of financial data in Japan across a wide range of areas, including banking, securities, insurance, and asset management, and can disseminate information not only through traditional analog channels but also through digital channels by making full use of the digital space ecosystem, decided to enter the business based on the belief that it can leverage its strength in the media domain as well.

SBI NEO MEDIA HOLDINGS Co., Ltd. was established to oversee the Neo-media business, and through promotion of M&A, investment in IP via content funds, and other measures, the company endeavors to build the Neo-media ecosystem with the aim of becoming a peerless comprehensive financial and media distributor that combines content and financial data.

In the media domain, the SBI Group will also contribute to regional development by collaborating

with regional newspapers and local broadcasters to disseminate regional information nationwide, while pursuing integration with the "Fourth Megabank" concept.

3. Capital Expenditure

The amount of capital expenditure for the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 was \$93,546 million.

This amount mainly resulted from a capital expenditure made in the amount of \$72,514 million focusing on enhancement of existing trading systems and software development to provide new services in order to smoothly respond to the increase in the number of orders caused by the increase in the number of customers as well as to provide the customers with expanded services in the Financial Services Business.

4. Financing

In the consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Company issued in July 2024 the \$100,000,000,000 Zero Coupon Convertible Bonds due 2031, unsecured bonds (two-year bonds) under the MTN Program in September 2024 in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,000 million, the 39th unsecured bonds (four-year bonds) and the 40th unsecured bonds (four-year bonds) in October 2024 in the aggregate principal amount of \$160,000 million for the issue of the 39th unsecured bonds and \$30,000 million for the issue of the 40th unsecured bonds, and the 41st unsecured bonds (three-year bonds) and the 42nd unsecured bonds (five-year bonds) in January 2025 in the aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 million for the issue of the 41st unsecured bonds and \$20,000 million for the issue of the 42nd unsecured bonds; also, in August 2024, the Company secured a syndicated loan totaling \$41,500 million with Mizuho Bank, Ltd. acting as arranger.

In addition, the Company's subsidiary SBI SECURITIES issued its first unsecured bonds (subordinated bonds with a three-year maturity) in the aggregate principal amount of ¥30,000 million in March 2025, and in June 2024, SBI SECURITIES secured a syndicated subordinated loan totaling ¥58,500 million with Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited. acting as arranger.

5. TRENDS IN GROUP PROPERTY AND GAINS (LOSSES)

Classif	fication	24th consolidated fiscal year April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022	25th consolidated fiscal year April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023	26th consolidated fiscal year April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024	27th consolidated fiscal year (consolidated fiscal year ended March 31, 2025) April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025
Revenue	(millions of yen)	763,618	956,977	1,210,504	1,443,733
Profit before income tax expense	(millions of yen)	412,724	102,140	141,569	282,290
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	(millions of yen)	366,854	35,445	87,243	162,120
Basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company	(yen)	1,498.55	133.87	316.43	536.09
Total assets	(millions of yen)	17,838,200	22,301,975	27,139,391	32,113,430
Total equity	(millions of yen)	1,583,258	1,751,982	1,907,346	1,763,793
Equity per share attributable to owners of the Company	(yen)	3,770.84	3,731.17	4,181.45	4,162.73

6. IMPORTANT PARENT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

(1) Status of Parent Company Not Applicable

(2) **Important Subsidiaries**

(i) Important subsidiaries

		Ownership
Business Segment	Name	Ratio of Voting
		Rights (%)
	SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.	100.0
	SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI FXTRADE Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI MONEY PLAZA Co., Ltd.	66.6 (66.6)
	SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd.	59.7
	SBI Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
Financial Services	SBI Insurance Co., Ltd.	99.2 (99.2)
Business	SBI FinTech Solutions Co., Ltd.	89.7 (12.2)
	SBI Estate Finance Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited	100.0 (77.8)
	Showa Leasing Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	APLUS Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	Shinsei Financial Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI SAVINGS BANK	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI Regional Bank Holdings, Co., Ltd.	100.0

Business Segment	Name	Ownership Ratio of Voting Rights (%)
	SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.	100.0
Asset Management Business	SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	52.6 (52.6)
	SBI Asset Management Co., Ltd.	97.9
	SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.	100.0
	SBI Investment Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
Investment Business	SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limited	100.0
	SBI VENTURES ASSET PTE. LTD.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI ALApharma Co., Limited	100.0 (100.0)
Crypto-asset Business	SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
	SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	100.0 (100.0)
Next Gen Business	SBI ALApromo Co., Ltd.	100.0 (1.0)
	SBI Biotech Co., Ltd.	95.8 (1.1)

(Note) "Ownership Ratio of Voting Rights" represents the status as of March 31, 2025. The numbers in brackets in the "Ownership Ratio of Voting Rights" column represent the indirect ownership ratio included.

(ii) Matters concerning specified wholly owned subsidiary companies Not Applicable

7. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS DESCRIPTION OF THE GROUP (as of March 31, 2025)

The Group's primary businesses are the following: the "Financial Service Business," which offers financial products and related services mainly in securities, banking, and insurance businesses inside and outside of Japan; the "Asset Management Business," which provides investment management and investment advice, such as creation, offering, and management of investment trusts, and information regarding financial products; the "Investment Business," which invests in IT, fintech, blockchain, finance, and biotechnology-related venture companies inside and outside of Japan; the "Crypto-asset Business," which conducts a crypto-asset exchange service where crypto-asset exchange and trading services are provided; and the "Next Gen Business," which includes the Biotechnology, Healthcare & Medical Informatics Business and businesses that work on advanced areas related to Web 3.

8. PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF THE GROUP (as of March 31, 2025)

- (1) Japan Tokyo: The Company and headquarters of the principal subsidiaries in Japan
- (2) Overseas Hong Kong: SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limited

Singapore: SBI VEN CAPITAL PTE. LTD.

Shanghai: SBI (China) Co., Ltd.

9. EMPLOYEES OF THE GROUP (as of March 31, 2025)

Business Segment	Number of Employees
Financial Services Business	16,387
Asset Management Business	363
Investment Business	1,310
Crypto-asset Business	282
Next Gen Business	528
Company-wide (Common)	286
Total	19,156

(Notes)

- 2. The company-wide (common) employees belong to the administrative or other divisions of the Company.
- 3. The number of employees increased by 59 from March 31, 2024.

^{1.} The number of employees represents the number of employed workers and is stated in relation to business segment.

10. PRINCIPAL LENDER (as of March 31, 2025)

(millions of yen)

Lender	Loan Balance
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	166,748

Note: The table above states the principal loan balance, excluding call money.

II. COMPANY

1. SHARES (as of March 31, 2025)

(1)	Total Number of Shares Authorized for Issue	544,661,000 shares
(2)	Total Number of Issued Shares	303,056,907 shares (including 32,768 shares of treasury stock)
(3)	Number of Shareholders	255,966 shareholders

(4) Share Unit Number

100 shares

(5) Major Shareholders

Major Shareholder	Number of Shares Held shares	Percentage of Shares Held %
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	44,597,300	14.7
Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc.	27,000,000	8.9
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	20,837,452	6.9
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505001	7,575,526	2.5
The Bank of New York Mellon 140042	6,900,028	2.3
State Street Bank West Client Treaty 505234	5,419,217	1.8
Yoshitaka Kitao	4,327,960	1.4
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505223	3,995,947	1.3
JP Morgan Chase Bank 385781	3,884,900	1.3
The Bank of New York Mellon 140051	3,808,636	1.3

(Note) The percentage of shares held is calculated upon deducting the treasury stock.

(6) Other Important Matters Regarding Shares

The total number of issued shares has increased by 1,167,100 shares due to the exercise of stock acquisition rights.

2. COMPANY OFFICERS

	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Responsibilities and Other Significant
Position	Name	Concurrent Offices Held
Representative	Yoshitaka Kitao	Representative Director, Chairman, and President
Director,		of SBI Investment Co., Ltd.
Chairman,		Representative Director and Chairman of SBI
President & CEO		SECURITIES Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director & President of SBI
		Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.
		Director and Chairman of SBI Liquidity Market
		Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Global Asset Management Co.,
		Ltd.
		Director of Japannext Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director & President of Regional
		Revitalization Partners Co., Ltd.
		Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL
		SERVICES Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director and President of SBI
		Capital Management Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.
		Director & Chairman of SBI Asset Management
		Group Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director of SBI Hong Kong
		Holdings Co., Limited
		Director of SBI VEN HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.
		Representative Director of SBI ALApharma Co.,
		Limited
Representative	Masato Takamura	Representative Director and President of SBI
Director, Senior		SECURITIES Co., Ltd.
Executive Vice		Director of SBI NEO FINANCIAL SERVICES
President		Co., Ltd.
		Director of The Global Ltd.
		Representative Director and President of SBI
		FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Regional Revitalization Services
		Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director of SBI PTS Holdings, Co.,
		Ltd.

(1) Directors and Statutory Auditors (as of March 31, 2025)

Position	Name	Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held
Director,	Tomoya	Representative Director and President of SBI Global Asset
Senior	Asakura	Management Co., Ltd.
Executive	Asakula	Representative Director and President of Wealth Advisor
Vice		Co., Ltd.
President		Representative Director, Chairman, and CEO of SBI Asset
Treslacht		Management Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Alternative Investment Management Co.,
		Ltd.
		Director of Carret Holdings, Inc.
		Director of SBI Okasan Asset Management Co., Ltd.
		Representative Director and President of SBI Asset
		Management Group Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Alternative Asset Management Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Crypto Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Rheos Hifumi Inc.
		Director of SBI-Man Asset Management Co., Ltd.
Senior	Shumpei	Director of SBI Art Auction Co., Ltd.
Managing	Morita	Director of SBI Point Co., Ltd.
Director		Representative Director of SBI Regional Bank Holdings
		Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Business Solutions Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Security Solutions Co., Ltd
		Director of SBI Crypto Co., Ltd.
		Director of Shimane Bank, Ltd.
		Director of SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI NEO FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd. Director of SBINFT Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI SAVINGS BANK
		Representative Director of SBI Regional Revitalization
		Banking System Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Regional Activation Support Co., Ltd.
Managing	Satoe	Managing Director and management of Risk Management
Director	Kusakabe	Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.
	Trabulato	Director of Japannext Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Remit Co., Ltd.
		Director of SBI Zodia Custody Co., Ltd.

Position	Name	Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held			
Director	Masayuki	General Counsel, Legal Dept. of the Company			
	Yamada	Statutory Auditor of SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.			
		Director of SBI Ventures Two Co., Ltd.			
		Director of SBI Incubation Co., Ltd.			
		Director of SBI CAPITAL Co., Ltd.			
		Director of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.			
Director	Shinji Matsui	Representative Director, President of SBI Benefit Systems			
		Co., Ltd.			
		Representative Director of SBI Auto Support Co., Ltd.			
		Representative Director of SBI Africa Co., Ltd.			
		Director of SS Trading Inc.			
		Director of Benefit Solutions Co., Ltd.			
Director	Motoaki	Head of Corporate Communications Dept. of the Company			
	Shiino	Representative Director of SBI Non-Bank Holdings Co.,			
		Ltd.			
		Director of SBI Digital Community Co., Ltd.			
Director	Teruhide Sato	Director of BEENEXT PTE. LTD.			
		Director of BEENEXT CAPITAL MANAGEMENT PTE.			
-		LTD.			
		Director of XICA Co., Ltd.			
	Takenaka	Emeritus Professor at Keio University			
		Non Executive Chairman of Investcorp Japan, LLC			
		Outside Director of Forum Engineering Inc.			
Director	Yasuhiro	Representative Director and President of digitalshiftwave			
	Suzuki	Co., Ltd.			
		President of Japan Omni Channel Association			
		Visiting Professor at Joho Keiei Innovation Senmonshoku			
		Daigaku			
		Outside Director of Vertex Co., Ltd.			
		Professor at Tokyo City University, Gotoh Educational			
D' (TT' 1'T	Corporation			
Director	Hiroshi Ito	Advisor of SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd.			
Di	17	Member of the Finance Committee of Tokyo American Club			
Director	Kanae	Freelance announcer			
D'un (Takeuchi	Outside Director of dip Corporation			
		Commissioned Lecturer at SBI Graduate School			
D: (Fukuda	Attorney-At-Law and Of Counsel at URYU & ITOGA			
Director	Hiroyuki	Project Professor at Research Institute of Tokyo University			
	Suematsu	of Agriculture			
		Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)			
		of TRE HOLDINGS CORPORATION			

Position	Name	Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held
Standing Statutory	Toru Ichikawa	Outside Statutory Auditor of Shimane Bank, Ltd.
Auditor		
Standing	Takahiro	Statutory Auditor of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.
Statutory	Yoshida	Statutory Auditor of SBI Financial Services Co., Ltd.
Auditor		
Statutory	Yasuo	Managing Director of Global Partners Consulting, Inc.
Auditor	Sekiguchi	
Statutory	Akemi	Member of AKAHOSHI AUDIT CORPORATION
Auditor	Mochizuki	Outside Director and Audit and Supervisory Committee
		Member of TSUMURA & CO.
		Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member of Asahi
		Kasei Corp.

(Notes)

- 1. Senior Managing Director Shumpei Morita retired by resignation from office on May 9, 2025.
- 2. Directors Teruhide Sato, Heizo Takenaka, Yasuhiro Suzuki, Hiroshi Ito, Kanae Takeuchi, Junichi Fukuda, and Hiroyuki Suematsu are Outside Directors.
- 3. Standing Statutory Auditor Toru Ichikawa and Statutory Auditor Yasuo Sekiguchi are Outside Statutory Auditors.
- 4. Statutory Auditor Akemi Mochizuki is qualified as a Certified Public Accountant, and Statutory Auditor Yasuo Sekiguchi is qualified as a Certified Public Accountant and Certified Tax Accountant. Both of these Statutory Auditors have a considerable degree of knowledge regarding finance and accounting.
- 5. The Company designated Directors Teruhide Sato, Heizo Takenaka, Yasuhiro Suzuki, Hiroshi Ito, Kanae Takeuchi, Junichi Fukuda, and Hiroyuki Suematsu as independent directors under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and has notified the Exchange.
- 6. The Company designated Standing Statutory Auditor Toru Ichikawa and Statutory Auditor Yasuo Sekiguchi as independent directors under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and has notified the Exchange.
- 7. The Company has executed with an insurance company a directors' and officers' liability insurance contract provided for in Article 430-3(1) of the Companies Act and bears all of the insurance premiums. The officers, accounting advisors, executive officers, and management employees of the Company and subsidiaries of the Company are covered by the insurance. If a claim for damages attributable to an action (or inaction) committed by any of the insured (including directors of the Company) based on his or her status as a director or officer is made, the damages, court costs, and the like that are borne by the insured will be covered.

- (2) Remuneration of Directors and Statutory Auditors
- (i) Policy on Determination of Details of Executive Remuneration, etc.

The Company has established the Management Advisory Committee, the majority of which is composed of Independent Outside Directors, in order to secure fairness and clarity in the processes for determining executive remuneration, etc. The policy on determining the amount and calculation method of executive remuneration, etc. is to be decided by the Board of Directors after receiving feedback from the Management Advisory Committee. The policy on determining the amount and calculation method of remuneration for Directors for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 was decided by the Board of Directors after receiving a report and feedback from the Management Advisory Committee.

The amount of remuneration, which is made up of fixed basic remuneration as well as bonuses based on the Company's performance and restricted stock units, for each Director (excluding Outside Directors) is to be decided by the Board of Directors after receiving feedback from the Management Advisory Committee, and is to be within the total remuneration limits approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders. Similarly, the amount of remuneration for each Outside Director, which is made up of fixed basic remuneration and bonuses, is to be decided by the Board of Directors, and is to be within the total remuneration limit approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders. However, when these decisions have been entrusted to the Representative Directors by the Board of Directors, the Representative Directors will determine the above remuneration matters.

The basic remuneration is paid by monthly monetary remuneration and the amount of basic remuneration for each Director will be decided based on the following:

- The maximum amount of employee salary
- Remuneration paid to executives of the same rank in the past
- The Company's business performance outlook
- The prevailing rate of compensation for directors
- The degree of contribution to the Company's business performance
- The circumstances of assumption of office
- Other matters

Bonuses are paid annually in principle, restricted stock units are paid in a timely manner during the term of office of each Director, and the amounts paid to each Director as bonuses and restricted stock units will be decided based on an overall assessment of basic factors, such as their work duties and how they are conducting their work, as well as the business environment, and their overall contribution to the Company. Accordingly, no particular quantitative targets are set.

The ratio of the basic remuneration, bonuses, and restricted stock units will be decided appropriately based on the business environment, level of remuneration in other companies, and other factors so that such remuneration acts as an incentive to enhance corporate value. Remuneration of Statutory Auditors is made up of only fixed basic remuneration, and the amount of remuneration for each Statutory Auditor is to be decided by consultation with the Statutory Auditors and is to be within the total remuneration limit approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Classification	Total Amount of Paid	Total Amount of Cat	Number of Officers		
Classification	Remuneration	Basic Remuneration	Non-monetary Remuneration	Receiving Remuneration	
Directors	¥852 million	¥852 million	$\mathbf{Y}-\mathbf{million}$	15 officers	
(Outside Directors	(¥111 million)	(¥111 million)	(-)	(7 officers)	
included)					
Statutory Auditors	¥37 million	¥37 million	_	4 officers	
(Outside Statutory	(¥18 million)	(¥18 million)	(-)	(2 officers)	
Auditors					
included)					
Total (Outside	¥888 million	¥888 million	_	19 officers	
Directors and	(¥129 million)	(¥129 million)	(-)	(9 officers)	
Outside Statutory					
Auditors					
included)					

(ii) Total Amount, Etc. of Remuneration for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2025

(Notes)

- 1. The total amount of remuneration for Directors does not include employee remuneration for any director who concurrently serves as an employee.
- 2. The annual amount of remuneration for Directors resolved at the General Meeting of Shareholders must not exceed ¥1.5 billion (by a resolution at the 2nd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on November 13, 2000; the number of Directors immediately after the closing of that meeting was eight), and the annual amount of remuneration for Statutory Auditors resolved at the General Meeting of Shareholders must not exceed ¥100 million (by a resolution at the 2nd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on November 13, 2000; the number of Statutory Auditors immediately after the closing of that meeting was three). In addition to the remuneration above, a compensation system including restricted stock units has been introduced for Directors (excluding Outside Directors), as an incentive to continue to grow corporate value of the Company, and to further share value between those Directors and shareholders. The annual amount of remuneration under the system must not exceed ¥500 million (by a resolution at the 21st Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 27, 2019; the number of Directors (excluding Outside Directors) immediately after the closing of that meeting was eight). The number of Directors provided for in the Articles of Incorporation is no more than 22, and the number of Statutory Auditors is no less than three.
- 3. The Board of Directors entrusted Representative Director, Chairman, President & CEO Yoshitaka Kitao with the duty to decide the amount of fixed basic remuneration for each Director and rating distributions for bonuses based on the Company's performance, etc. for each Director excluding Outside Directors. The reason for this entrustment is that the Board of Directors considered Representative Director, Chairman, President & CEO Yoshitaka Kitao an appropriate person to evaluate each Director upon taking into account the business performance and other factors of the Company as a whole. The amounts of such remuneration were decided after receiving feedback from the Management Advisory Committee, the majority of which is composed of Independent Outside Directors, and the Board of Directors has determined that the details of such amounts were in line with the policy decided by the Board of Directors.

 (iii) Total Amount of Executive Remuneration, etc. Received by Outside Officers from Subsidiaries Not Applicable (3) Matters Regarding Outside Officers

Position	Name	Significant Concurrent Office			
Director	Teruhide Sato	Director of BEENEXT PTE. LTD.			
		Director of BEENEXT CAPITAL			
		MANAGEMENT PTE. LTD.			
Director	Heizo Takenaka Director of XICA Co., Ltd.				
		President of Academy Hills			
		Emeritus Professor at Keio University			
		Non Executive Chairman of Investcorp Japan,			
		LLC			
		Outside Director of Forum Engineering Inc.			
Director	Yasuhiro Suzuki				
		digitalshiftwave Co., Ltd.			
		President of Japan Omni Channel Association			
		Visiting Professor at Joho Keiei Innovation			
		Senmonshoku Daigaku			
		Outside Director of Vertex Co., Ltd.			
		Professor at Tokyo City University, Gotoh			
		Educational Corporation			
Director	Hiroshi Ito	Advisor of SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd.			
		Member of the Finance Committee of Tokyo			
		American Club			
Director	Kanae Takeuchi	Freelance television announcer			
		Outside Director of dip Corporation			
Director	Junichi Fukuda	Commissioned Lecturer at SBI Graduate School			
		Attorney-At-Law and Of Counsel at URYU &			
		ITOGA			
Director	Hiroyuki Suematsu	Project Professor at Research Institute of Toky			
		University of Agriculture			
		Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee			
		Marchar) of TDE HOLDINCS CODDOD ATION			
		Member) of TRE HOLDINGS CORPORATION			
Standing Statutory	Toru Ichikawa	Outside Statutory Auditor of Shimane Bank, Ltd.			
Standing Statutory Auditor	Toru Ichikawa	,			
	Toru Ichikawa Yasuo Sekiguchi	,			

(i) Relationship between the companies for which the Outside Officers hold significant concurrent offices and the Company (as of March 31, 2025)

(Notes)

1. SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd. is a subsidiary of the Company.

2. There is no transaction or other relationship to be noted between other companies above in which concurrent offices are held and the Company.

Auditors					
		Meeting of Board of Directors		Meeting of Board of Statutory Auditors	
		Number of Times Attended	Attendance Rate	Number of Times Attended	Attendance Rate
Director	Teruhide Sato	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Heizo Takenaka	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Yasuhiro Suzuki	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Hiroshi Ito	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Kanae Takeuchi	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Junichi Fukuda	13 / 13 times	100%		
Director	Hiroyuki Suematsu	13 / 13 times	100%		
Statutory Auditor	Toru Ichikawa	13 / 13 times	100%	16 / 16 times	100%
Statutory Auditor	Yasuo Sekiguchi	13 / 13 times	100%	16 / 16 times	100%

 (ii) Principal Activities in the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2025
 Attendance at the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors

- Statements at meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors and outline of duties performed with respect to expected roles as Outside Directors

Outside Directors Teruhide Sato, Heizo Takenaka, Yasuhiro Suzuki, Hiroshi Ito, Kanae Takeuchi, Junichi Fukuda, and Hiroyuki Suematsu have, as Outside Directors, fulfilled roles to ensure the validity and appropriateness of the decision-making of the Board of Directors by asking questions from time to time regarding matters to be reported or resolved, offering opinions as necessary from an external point of view, and giving advice based on previous experiences at the meetings of the Board of Directors they attended. Outside Statutory Auditor Toru Ichikawa has, based on his abundant experience and broadranging insight in the area of finance, and Outside Statutory Auditor Yasuo Sekiguchi has, from his expert perspective based on his experience as a Certified Public Accountant and Certified Tax Accountant, offered necessary statements on a timely basis at the meetings of the Board of Directors they attended.

(iii) Outline of Contracts for Limitation of Liability

The Company has executed contracts for limitation of liability with Outside Directors Teruhide Sato, Heizo Takenaka, Yasuhiro Suzuki, Hiroshi Ito, Kanae Takeuchi, Junichi Fukuda, and Hiroyuki Suematsu to limit each of their liability under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act to the extent of the higher amount of either \$1,000,000 or the minimum liability amount stipulated by laws and regulations under Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and Article 25, Paragraph 2 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The Company has executed contracts for limitation of liability with Outside Statutory Auditors Toru Ichikawa and Yasuo Sekiguchi to limit each of their liability under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act to the extent of the higher amount of either \$1,000,000 or the minimum liability amount stipulated by laws and regulations under Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and Article 32, Paragraph 2 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

3. "STOCK ACQUISITION RIGHTS" IN BUSINESS REPORT (As of March **31, 2025**)

(1) Delivery of stock acquisition rights as consideration for the execution of duties and held by the Company officers as of March 31, 2025

Classification	Name of stock acquisition rights (Date of issuance)	Number of stock acquisition rights	Class and number of shares subject to stock acquisition rights	Exercise price (per share)	Exercise period	Number of holders of stock acquisition rights
Directors (excluding Outside Directors)	2020 Second Series of Stock Acquisition Rights (July 1, 2020)	50	Common stock; 5,000 shares	¥2,308	July 3, 2023 to September 29, 2028	1

(Note) The stock acquisition rights held by one Director above were granted before that person assumed the office of Director.

- (2) Delivery of stock acquisition rights to employees as consideration for the execution of duties during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 Not Applicable
- (3) Other matters related to stock acquisition rights The details of the stock acquisition rights attached to the ¥100,000,000,000 Zero Coupon Convertible Bonds due 2031 issued pursuant to the resolution of the meeting of the Board of Directors held on July 10, 2024 are as follows:

Number of stock acquisition rights	Class and number of shares subject to stock acquisition rights	Conversion price	Exercise period	Aggregate amount of the face value of the bonds
10,000	Common stock; number obtained by dividing the aggregate amount of the face value of the bonds by the conversion price	¥4,898	August 9, 2024 to July 11, 2031	¥100 billion

(Note) At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 8, 2024, a proposal regarding the distribution of surplus with interim dividends of \$30 yen per share was approved and resolved. Accordingly, the conversion price described above has, in accordance with the conversion price adjustment clause of the \$100,000,000,000 Zero Coupon Convertible Bonds due 2031, been adjusted to \$4,856.6 as of October 1, 2024.

4. "ACCOUNTING AUDITOR" IN BUSINESS REPORT

- (1) Name Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC
- (2) Amount of remuneration of Accounting Auditor for the Company's fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

¥623 million

(3) Total amount of money and other property benefits to be paid by the Company and subsidiaries to Accounting Auditor

¥2,187 million

(Note)

- 1. Since the audit agreement between the Company and the Accounting Auditor does not clearly distinguish between the amount of remuneration for auditing under the Companies Act and the amount of remuneration for auditing under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and it is also not possible to substantially distinguish between them, the amount in (2) above represents the total amount.
- 2. The Board of Statutory Auditors has consented, as provided for in Article 399, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, to the remuneration of the Accounting Auditor after deliberating the adequacy of the details of the audit plan, scheduled period of the audit, and the basis for calculation of remuneration estimates that the Accounting Auditor explained to the Board of Statutory Auditors based on an evaluation of audit results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024.
- 3. The Company has paid the Accounting Auditor consideration for the preparation of a comfort letter and other services other than those set out in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act.
- 4. Three important subsidiaries of the Company are audited by auditors other than the Accounting Auditor of the Company.
- (4) Policy on Determination of Removal or Disapproval of Reappointment

If the Accounting Auditor is deemed to fall under any item of Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Board of Statutory Auditors will remove the Accounting Auditor by consent of all Statutory Auditors. In that case, the Statutory Auditors elected by the Board of Statutory Auditors shall report the removal of the Accounting Auditor and the reason therefore at the first general meeting of shareholders convened after the removal.

In addition, in light of the independence and specialization of the Accounting Auditor, as well as the status of conduct of the Accounting Auditor's duties, the Board of Statutory Auditors shall make the removal or disapproval of reappointment of the Accounting Auditor a purpose of the general meeting of shareholders if it is deemed difficult for the Accounting Auditor to properly conduct an audit.

5. "SYSTEMS FOR ENSURING PROPER EXECUTION OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS" IN BUSINESS REPORT

Details of effective resolutions by the Board of Directors concerning systems in place at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 to ensure the execution of duties by Directors complies with laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation and to ensure the properness of operations of the Company and operations of the group of enterprises consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries are set out below.

(1) System for Ensuring Execution of Duties by Directors and Employees are in Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Articles of Incorporation

- (i) The Representative Director of the Company is responsible for making all officers and employees aware of the importance of compliance with laws and regulations, as well as ethical standards. Compliance and ethics are both vital aspects of operating within the Company's Management Philosophy and Corporate Vision.
- (ii) The Company facilitates close communication among the Directors, supervises the performance of the Representative Director, and prevents violations of laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation by holding regular monthly meetings of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Rules for the Board of Directors and by holding other extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors as necessary.
- (iii) Following a resolution by the Board of Directors, the Company appoints an Officer in Charge of Compliance matters, establishes a compliance department that is directly managed by that Director, and causes that Director and department to identify compliance-related issues and problems relating to the Company. In addition, following a resolution by the Board of Directors the Company establishes an Internal Auditing Department. The Internal Auditing Department is an organizational unit independent from all business administration divisions and administrative divisions that comprehensively and objectively evaluates the appropriateness of the Company's internal management structure, which involves compliance with laws and regulations, the appropriateness of operations and the proper management of internal controls, among other responsibilities. Also, recommendations are provided and follow-up measures are taken for the purpose of seeking improvement with respect to issues uncovered as a result of internal audits. Audits are conducted with the help of employees and, if necessary, external specialists.

The results of individual internal audits are reported promptly after completion of audits, and reports are provided to the Representative Director and the Board of Directors more than once every six months, in addition to regular reports to Statutory Auditors.

- (iv) The Company has established a Whistleblowing System for submitting reports directly to the Internal Auditing Department and the Statutory Auditors, allowing Directors and employees to provide information concerning violations at the Company of laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation as well as important facts discovered involving compliance.
- (2) System for Data Storage and Management Relating to Execution of Duties by Directors
- (i) The Company has, following a resolution by the Board of Directors, established the Rules for Document Management and stores and manages data relating to the execution of duties by the Directors by entering or recording that data on written documents or electromagnetic recordings ("Documents").
- (ii) Directors and Statutory Auditors may access Documents at any time.
- (3) Regulations for Managing Risk of Loss and Other Similar Systems
 - (i) The Company appoints an Officer in Charge of Risk Management in accordance with the Rules for Risk Management and other regulations established by the Board of Directors.

The Company has also established a risk management department to identify and properly evaluate and manage risks that may impede the execution of business operations or the attainment of our Management Philosophy and Corporate Vision.

- (ii) If any management crisis comes to light, then the Company deals with that crisis in accordance with the Rules for Crisis Management by (a) establishing a task force led by the Officer in Charge of Risk Management and (b) facilitating a structure that enables timely and appropriate sharing of information relating to the management crisis among the Officer in Charge of Risk Management, the managers in charge of the risk management department, the General Affairs and Human Resources Department, the Corporate Communications Department, and the Legal and Compliance Departments, and other officers and employees who require that information.
- (4) System for Ensuring the Efficient Execution of Duties by Directors
 - (i) The Company determines allocation of duties following a resolution by the Board of Directors and clarifies the division of roles among the Directors.
 - (ii) The Company facilitates a data system that enables appropriate and prompt decisionmaking.
 - (iii) In principle, the Company holds regular monthly meetings of the Board of Directors and other extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors as necessary, and in addition to solving problems that arise in each division in a timely and appropriate manner, makes the Directors aware of know-how gained from the problems solved. Through this process, the Company seeks to streamline execution of duties that Directors are responsible for while also streamlining operations throughout the Company as a whole.
- (5) System to Ensure the Properness of Operations of the Group of Enterprises Consisting of the Company and its Subsidiaries
 - (i) In order to ensure the properness of operations of the group of enterprises consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "SBI Group"), the Company, in accordance with the Rules for Management of Affiliated Companies established by the Board of Directors, and out of respect for the management autonomy of each company, receives reports about matters relating to the execution of duties from directors and employees of companies belonging to the SBI Group and any person involved in the business of other corporate groups (the "SBI Group Officers and Employees") and may conduct investigations within a necessary and reasonable extent.
 - (ii) The Company has established a Whistleblowing System for submitting reports directly to the Statutory Auditors, enabling the SBI Group Officers and Employees to provide information concerning violations of laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation or any other important facts relating to compliance. The Company reports to the Statutory Auditors on the status and details of reporting. In addition, the Company shall not dismiss or treat disadvantageously any person who makes a report using the Whistleblowing System or any of the SBI Group Officers and Employees or any statutory auditor of subsidiaries who makes reports to the Statutory Auditor on matters relating to the execution of duties by the SBI Group Officers and Employees.
 - (iii) In order to ensure that the execution of duties by the SBI Group Officers and Employees

conforms to laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall, in accordance with the Compliance Rules established by the Board of Directors, hold compliance conferences to provide an opportunity to ascertain issues and matters and to exchange information about compliance for the entire SBI Group. The Officer in Charge of Compliance and a compliance department hold these conferences along with compliance officers from companies belonging to the SBI Group. These compliance conferences are to be promptly convened when a request for convocation is made from a company belonging to the SBI Group.

(iv) The Company, in accordance with the Rules for Internal Audit established by the Board of Directors, comprehensively and objectively evaluates the appropriateness of an internal management structure, which involves compliance with laws and regulations, the appropriateness of operations and the proper management of internal controls, among other responsibilities of companies belonging to the SBI Group. Also, in order to provide recommendations and to take follow-up measures for the purpose of seeking improvement with respect to issues uncovered as a result of internal audits, audits are conducted on those companies by the Internal Auditing Department.

The results of individual internal audits are reported promptly after completion of audits, and reports are provided to the Representative Director and the Board of Directors more than once every six months, in addition to regular reports to Statutory Auditors.

- (v) If the Directors discover any violation of laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation or any other important facts relating to compliance with regard to the execution of duties by the SBI Group Officers and Employees, they report this information to the Company's Statutory Auditors, and the Statutory Auditor who takes receipt of that report shall notify the statutory auditor of the company in relation to which those important facts were discovered.
- (vi) In order to manage risk of loss in the SBI Group, the Company, in accordance with the Rules for Management of Affiliated Companies, risk management and other regulations established by the Board of Directors, receives from persons in charge of risk management of companies belonging to the SBI Group regular and timely reports about situations related to the risk of losses in companies belonging to the SBI Group. If necessary, the Company's Officer in Charge of Risk Management and the risk management department shall prevent the occurrence of risk by consulting with the persons in charge of risk management, as well as by themselves collecting and analyzing information regarding risk for the SBI Group subsidiaries and consulting with those subsidiaries and the like (the "Risk Inspection Council"). The Risk Inspection Council shall support processes for planning, evaluating, and making improvements in issues on risk management for those subsidiaries upon clarifying those issues in order to make regular improvements in those issues, and the results thereof shall be reported to the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (vii) In order to ensure efficient execution of duties by the SBI Group Officers and Employees, the Company instructs companies belonging to the SBI Group to determine allocation of duties following a resolution by the board of directors and to clarify the division of roles among the directors. If necessary, the Company shall provide a data system that enables appropriate and prompt decision-making.
- (6) System Relating to Employees Assisting Duties of Statutory Auditors When Appointment

of Those Employees is Requested by Statutory Auditors, and Matters Relating to Independence from Directors of Those Employees

When requested by a Statutory Auditor, the Company appoints, for a period determined in consultation with the Statutory Auditor, an employee who is nominated by the Internal Auditing Department as having knowledge that enables that employee to assist with the Statutory Auditor's duties independent of the Directors' chain of command. In this case, the Statutory Auditor is consulted with in advance and the opinions of the Statutory Auditor are respected with regard to personnel changes and evaluation in relation to that employee.

(7) System for Reporting by Directors and Employees to Statutory Auditors and System for Other Types of Reporting to Statutory Auditors

The Directors and employees report to the Statutory Auditors in a timely and accurate manner when the Directors and employees come to know of any of the following concerning the SBI Group; in addition, the Directors and employees shall promptly explain the details and may not refuse to explain without reasonable grounds when the Directors and employees are asked by the Statutory Auditors for explanations on any of the following concerning the SBI Group:

- (a) any matter likely to cause significant damage to the Company;
- (b) any important matter relating to management;
- (c) any important matter relating to internal auditing;
- (d) any material violation of laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation; or
- (e) any other matter judged an important matter by the Directors and employees.
- (8) Other Systems for Ensuring that Statutory Auditors Effectively Execute Audits
 - (i) The Company will, at the request of the Statutory Auditors, cause the Company's Directors and employees to hold regular meetings with the Statutory Auditors for the purpose of sharing information regarding management-based issues and problems of the SBI Group and, as necessary, facilitates sharing of information between Statutory Auditors and the Internal Auditing Department with the Accounting Auditor.
 - (ii) The Company shall make efforts to develop a system that enables the Statutory Auditors to hold regular meetings with statutory auditors of important subsidiaries and cooperate with each other to ensure the effectiveness of auditing of the SBI Group.
 - (iii) Any ordinary expenses arising in relation to the performance of the duties of the Statutory Auditors must be included in the Company budget in advance, based on the audit plan of the Board of Statutory Auditors. In addition, the Company shall, at the request of the Statutory Auditors, pay in advance or redeem, or otherwise dispose of debts with respect to, any expenses arising in relation to the performance of the duties of the Statutory Auditors, including urgent or extraordinary audit expenses.
- (9) System for Ensuring Reliability of Financial Reports

The Company maintains an effective and proper management system for its internal control reporting system with respect to financial reports pursuant to the applicable relevant laws and ordinances in order to ensure the reliability of financial reports and carries out continuous facilitation, management and evaluation of that system and promptly takes measures if any improvement is required.

(10) System for Exclusion of Anti-social Organizations

The SBI Group declares in its code of conduct its intent to resolutely defy anti-social organizations and facilitates an internal system for strengthening collaborative efforts by establishing a department for carrying out anti-social organization exclusion initiatives in the Company and by sharing knowledge with the police, centers for eliminating anti-social organizations, lawyers, and other external professional institutions. Efforts are also made to increase awareness of the requirement to cut off relationships with anti-social organizations, by carrying out training for the SBI Group Officers and Employees. In addition, the Company promotes awareness of this initiative by distributing to the SBI Group, and by posting on the SBI Group's intranet, manuals for dealing with anti-social organizations in accordance with the "Guidelines for Enterprises to Prevent Damage Caused by Antisocial Forces."

6. **"OPERATIONAL STATUS OF SYSTEMS FOR ENSURING PROPER** EXECUTION OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS" IN BUSINESS REPORT

A summary of the operational status of systems in place at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 for ensuring proper execution of business operations is set out below.

(1) System for Ensuring Execution of Duties by Directors and Employees are in Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Articles of Incorporation

The first point of the Company's Management Philosophy is the concept of "Sound Ethical Values," and the Company has clearly conveyed and ensured that its officers and employees are aware that legal compliance and sound ethical values are a fundamental tenet of the Company. The Company held thirteen regular meetings of the Board of Directors, and in addition to endeavoring to achieve mutual understanding among our Directors, the Board of Directors has overseen the execution of duties by the Representative Director and actively prevented acts in breach of laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation. The Company has also appointed an Officer in Charge of Compliance and established a compliance department to identify compliance-related issues and problems relating to the Company. In addition, the Company has established the Internal Auditing Department, which has evaluated the appropriateness of internal management and, after the completion of each audit, has reported to the Representative Directors, the Board of Directors, and the Statutory Auditors. The Company has also established and operated a Whistleblowing System that enables direct reporting by officers and employees.

(2) System for Data Storage and Management Relating to Execution of Duties by Directors

The Company has established the Rules for Document Management and appropriately recorded and stored data relating to the execution of duties by the Directors, and the Directors and the Statutory Auditors are able to access this data when necessary.

(3) Regulations for Managing Risk of Loss and Other Similar Systems

The Company has appointed an Officer in Charge of Risk Management, established risk management department, and endeavored to appropriately manage risk. In cases when management crises have come to light, the Company has established and operated a system whereby a task force led by the Officer in Charge of Risk Management is established and other related measures are taken.

(4) System for Ensuring the Efficient Execution of Duties by Directors

In addition to having determined regulations related to allocation of duties and workrelated authority and clarified the division of roles among the Directors, the Company has established and operates a data system for decision-making. The Company has conducted problem solving and made the Directors aware of know-how gained from the problems solved at the meetings of the Board of Directors and sought to streamline operations throughout the Company as a whole.

(5) System to Ensure the Properness of Operations of the Group of Enterprises

Consisting of the Company and its Subsidiaries

The Company has formulated a compliance program and striven to ascertain and resolve compliance-related issues within the Group in accordance with that compliance program. The Company has also established the Rules for Whistleblowing and operated a Whistleblowing System. This Whistleblowing System is operated for the Group Officers and Employees, and the status of whistleblowing reports and their contents have been reported to the Statutory Auditors. The Company does not dismiss or treat disadvantageously any person who makes a report using the Whistleblowing System or any of the Group Officers and Employees who makes reports to the Statutory Auditors on matters relating to the execution of duties. The Company has also held SBI Group Compliance Liaison Conferences two times and ascertained issues and matters and exchanged information about compliance in the SBI Group. In addition, the Internal Auditing Department has formulated an annual internal auditing plan, conducted audits of companies belonging to the Group in accordance with that plan, and then reported to the Representative Director, the Directors, and the Statutory Auditors. The Directors have reported necessary matters to the Statutory Auditors through face-to-face meetings with the Statutory Auditors, and the Statutory Auditors are able to access important reports. Further, the Company has established a risk management program, ascertained the status of risk in the Group, and made efforts to conduct appropriate management of risk in accordance with that program. In addition, the Company has by itself collected and analyzed information regarding risk for the SBI Group subsidiaries, consulted with those subsidiaries and the like (the "Risk Inspection Council"), and reported the results thereof to the Board of Directors. The Company has, through its compliance department and Internal Auditing Department, also instructed its subsidiaries to clarify the division of roles among their directors and has provided, when necessary, a data system that enables decision-making.

(6) System Relating to Employees Assisting Duties of Statutory Auditors When Appointment of Those Employees is Requested by Statutory Auditors, and Matters Relating to Independence from Directors of Those Employees

Corresponding to the request by the Statutory Auditor, the Company has appointed an employee in the Internal Auditing Department as an employee who assists with the Statutory Auditor's duties and caused that employee to provide assistance, and the opinions of the Statutory Auditor have been respected with regard to evaluation and the like in relation to that employee.

(7) System for Reporting by Directors and Employees to Statutory Auditors and System for Other Types of Reporting to Statutory Auditors

The Statutory Auditors have received reports on necessary matters by attending meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings and by meeting with officers and employees. The Company has also established an environment in which the Statutory Auditors are able to access major approval request documents (*ringi-sho*) and other important documents related to execution of duties.

(8) Other Systems for Ensuring that Statutory Auditors Effectively Execute Audits

The Statutory Auditors have held regular meetings with the Company's Executive

Directors, including the Representative Director, and department managers and shared information. The Statutory Auditors have also held regular auditor liaison meetings with statutory auditors of important subsidiaries and sought to develop mutual cooperation among the statutory auditors of the companies within the Group. Expenses arising in relation to the performance of the duties of the Statutory Auditors have been settled appropriately.

(9) System for Ensuring Reliability of Financial Reports

The Company has submitted an internal control report in accordance with Article 24-4-4 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (Act No. 25 of 1948), maintained an effective and proper management system for its internal control reporting system with respect to financial reports, and conducted appropriate facilitation, management, and evaluation of that system.

(10) System for Exclusion of Anti-social Organizations

The Group has declared its intent to resolutely defy anti-social organizations both in and outside its companies, including through the formulation of a basic policy against anti-social organizations and publication of that policy on the SBI Group's corporate sites. Efforts have also been made to increase awareness of the requirement to cut off relationships with anti-social organizations, including through the establishment of a department for carrying out anti-social organization exclusion initiatives, SBI Group Joint Compliance Liaison Conferences. The Company also has promoted awareness of these initiatives by publishing information in manuals that complies with the basic policy against anti-social organizations and posting those manuals on the SBI Group's intranet.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

(1) Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	As at March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	5,500,548
Trade and other accounts receivable	13,654,337
Inventories	225,550
Assets related to securities business	6,588,887
Other financial assets	748,788
Operational investment securities	755,614
Other investment securities (includes ¥489,009 million pledged as collateral)	3,279,729
Reinsurance contracts assets	25,939
Investments accounted for using the equity method	345,353
Investment properties	34,736
Property and equipment	144,938
Intangible assets	429,866
Assets held for sale	185,234
Other assets	177,735
Deferred tax assets	16,176
Total assets	32,113,430
Liabilities	
Bonds and loans payable	5,721,388
Trade and other accounts payable	749,758
Liabilities related to securities business	5,737,795
Customer deposits for banking business	16,033,881
Insurance contract liabilities	154,003
Income tax payable	32,578
Other financial liabilities	1,336,303
Provisions	33,771
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	135,770
Other liabilities	311,163
Deferred tax liabilities	103,227
Total liabilities	30,349,637
Equity	
Capital stock	181,925
Capital surplus	222,423
Treasury stock	(96)
Other components of equity	62,600
Retained earnings	794,556
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	1,261,408
Non-controlling interests	502,385
Total equity	1,763,793
Total liabilities and equity	32,113,430

(2) Consolidated Statement of Income

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
Revenue (includes ¥527,523 million of interest income and ¥96,584 million of insurance revenue)	1,443,733
Expense	
Financial cost associated with financial income	(195,510)
Provision for credit losses	(99,901)
Insurance service expenses	(89,570)
Operating cost	(280,604)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(441,660)
Other financial cost	(43,934)
Other expenses	(40,361)
Total expense	(1,191,540)
Gain on bargain purchase	623
Share of the profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	29,474
Profit before income tax expense	282,290
Income tax expense	(93,132)
Profit for the year	189,158
Profit for the year attributable to	
Owners of the Company	162,120
Non-controlling interests	27,038
Profit for the year	189,158

(3) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Attributable to owners of the Company							
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
As at April 1, 2024	180,400	280,185	(87)	125,726	675,985	1,262,209	645,137	1,907,346
Profit for the year	_	_	—	—	162,120	162,120	27,038	189,158
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	(58,352)	_	(58,352)	(15,875)	(74,227)
Total comprehensive income	_	_		(58,352)	162,120	103,768	11,163	114,931
Issuance of new shares	1,525	940	_	_	_	2,465	_	2,465
Issuance of convertible bonds	_	7,867	_	_	_	7,867	_	7,867
Change in scope of consolidation	_	_	_	—	_	_	(49,708)	(49,708)
Dividends paid	_	—	—	—	(48,323)	(48,323)	(155,444)	(203,767)
Treasury stock purchased	_	_	(10)	_	_	(10)	_	(10)
Treasury stock sold	_	1	1	_	_	2	_	2
Share-based payment transactions	_	178	_	_	—	178	(3)	175
Changes of interests in subsidiaries without losing control	_	(66,748)	_	_	_	(66,748)	51,240	(15,508)
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	_	_	_	(4,774)	4,774	—	_	_
As at March 31, 2025	181,925	222,423	(96)	62,600	794,556	1,261,408	502,385	1,763,793

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of SBI Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") were prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRSs") pursuant to the first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting. Certain disclosure items required under IFRSs were omitted pursuant to the latter part of the same paragraph.

- Scope of consolidation <u>Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 696</u> <u>Major consolidated subsidiaries are listed in "6. IMPORTANT PARENT COMPANY AND</u> <u>SUBSIDIARIES" in section "I. CURRENT STATUS OF THE COMPANY GROUP" of "Business</u> Report."
- Application of equity method <u>Number of investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method: 64</u> <u>Major investment accounted for using the equity method: SBI Sumishin Net Bank., Ltd.</u>
- 4. <u>Summary of accounting policies</u>

(1) Valuation standards and methods of significant assets

- ① Valuation standards and methods of financial assets
 - (a) Classification and measurement of financial assets
 - Financial assets held by the Group are classified into the following designated categories when they are initially recognized on the basis of the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.
 - Financial assets measured at amortized cost
 - Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (hereinafter "debt instruments measured at FVTOCI")
 - Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (hereinafter "equity instruments measured at FVTOCI")
 - Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (hereinafter "financial assets measured at FVTPL")
 - (Financial assets measured at amortized cost)

Financial assets are subsequently measured using the effective interest method at amortized cost, adjusted for any loss allowance, if both of the following conditions are met: (i) the financial assets are held within the business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value and changes in the difference between the fair value and the amortized cost of financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance, are recognized in other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met: (i) the financial assets are held within the business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Upon derecognition of debt instruments measured at FVTOCI, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

(Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI)

Upon initial recognition, the Group designates an investment in an equity instrument that is held for a purpose other than trading as a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. This is an irrevocable election and changes in the fair value of such financial instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income. Dividends from the above-mentioned equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss. At derecognition of equity instruments measured at FVTOCI or when a significant decline in fair value below the initial cost is other than temporary, the recognized amount of changes in fair value accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified to retained earnings.

(Financial assets measured at FVTPL)

Financial assets, other than those subsequently measured at amortized cost and those measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are subsequently measured at fair value, and all changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group estimates expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortized cost, debt instruments measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, certain loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts at the end of the reporting period and recognizes such expected credit losses as a loss allowance. If the Group determines that the credit risk of financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. In the event that the Group determines that the credit risk of financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses.

The assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk is based on changes in the probability of a default occurring.

Meanwhile, as for trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, lifetime expected credit losses are measured on the basis of historical credit losses and other relevant information regardless of whether there has been an increase or decrease in credit risk.

- 2 Valuation standards and methods of non-financial assets
 - Investment properties other than right-of-use assets Investment properties are measured using the cost method and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.
 - Property and equipment other than right-of-use assets
 - Property and equipment are measured using the cost method and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Acquisition cost includes the costs incurred directly related to the acquisition of the assets.
 - Intangible assets other than right-of-use assets and goodwill Intangible assets are measured using the cost method and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss.
 - Impairment of non-financial assets

Other than deferred tax assets, the Group's non-financial assets are subject to impairment tests at year end. When an indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amounts of the assets are estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment losses, if any. For a cash-generating unit ("CGU") including allocated goodwill and intangible assets which have indefinite useful lives or which are not available for use, the recoverable amount shall be estimated at the same time every year regardless of the indication of impairment. A CGU is defined as the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of cash inflows from other assets or group of assets.

- ③ Lease
 - Lease as lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group determines whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. The right-of-use asset in a lease transaction is measured at cost, which is initially measured at the amount of lease liability adjusted by initial direct costs and prepaid lease payments. With regard to a lease that has a lease term of 12 months or less or a lease of low-value assets, right-of-use assets are not recognized and lease payments on such lease are recognized as an expense over the lease term.

· Lease as lessor

A finance lease receivable is initially recognized at the lease commencement date of the lease at the net investment in the lease, which is the sum of the lease payments received by the lessor and the unguaranteed residual value, discounted using an interest rate implicit in the lease. Income arising from finance leases is recognized by allocating the net investment in the lease over the lease term. Leases other than finance leases are classified as operating leases, and the operating lease income is recognized over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(2) Depreciation method for significant non-current assets

· Investment properties

Depreciation is calculated based on the depreciable amount, which is calculated as the initial cost of items of investment properties or an amount equivalent to the initial cost less their residual values. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts based on the estimated useful life of each component and charged to profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives of major classes of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings 15 - 50 years

Investment property is derecognized at the time of disposal or when the investment property is no longer permanently used and no future economic benefits from the disposal are expected. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the investment property, which is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of

the asset, is recognized in profit or loss at the time of derecognition.

• Property and equipment

Depreciation is calculated based on the depreciable amount, which is calculated as the initial cost of items of property and equipment less their residual values. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts based on the estimated useful life of each component and charged to profit or loss. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a systematic basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives of major classes of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings 2 - 50 years

Furniture and equipment 2 - 20 years

The depreciation method, estimated useful life and residual value are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

• Intangible assets other than goodwill

Amortization of intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognized in profit or loss using the straight-line method over the expected useful life, which begins when the assets are available for use.

The estimated useful lives of major classes of intangible assets are as follows:

Software 5 years

Customer Relationship 3 - 23 years

The amortization method, estimated useful life and residual value are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

(3) Recognition and measurement of significant provisions and allowances

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future cash flow using a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

(4) Recognition of significant revenue and expenses

· Financial income related to investment portfolio

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are initially measured at their fair value and changes in fair value are recognized through profit or loss. Gain and loss related to the sale of financial assets measured at FVTPL are determined as the difference between the fair value of the consideration received and the carrying amount.

· Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognizes revenue by applying the following 5-step approach.

Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract

Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

• Income tax expense

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax expense, which are recognized in profit or loss, except for those arising from business combinations or recognized directly in equity and other comprehensive income. Current income tax expense is measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(5) Employee benefits

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and benefit cost are determined using the projected unit credit method. Changes in fair value, excluding actuarial gains and losses and interest income on plan assets, are recognized in other comprehensive income and transferred from other components of equity to retained earnings as incurred. The net present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets is recognized as a liability or asset in the consolidated statement of financial position. If the calculation results in the possibility of the Group having an asset in excess of the funded status, the asset is recognized up to the present value of the future economic benefits available from the return of cash from the plan or the reduction of future contributions to the plan.

(6) Other significant policies for preparation of consolidated financial statements

① Accounting for insurance contracts

Contracts under which the Group accepts significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Contracts held by the Group under which it transfers significant insurance risk related to underlying insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts.

(a) Aggregation

For the purpose of measurement, insurance contracts are aggregated into groups. The Group determines a group of insurance contracts by identifying portfolios of insurance contracts. Each portfolio of insurance contracts comprises contracts subject to similar risks and managed together, and each portfolio is divided into annual cohorts. The annual cohorts include contracts issued within twelve months, and they are divided into three groups based on contract profitability levels:

- a group of contracts that are onerous at initial recognition;
- a group of contracts that at initial recognition have no significant possibility of becoming onerous subsequently; and
- a group of the remaining contracts in the portfolio.
- (b) Initial recognition
 - The Group recognizes a group of insurance contracts it issued from the earliest of the following:
 - the beginning of the coverage period of the group of contracts;
 - the date when the first payment from a policyholder in the group becomes due; and
 - for a group of onerous contracts, when the group becomes onerous.
- (c) Measurement

The Group includes in the measurement of a group of insurance contracts all the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. Cash flows are within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Group can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums or in which the Group has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with insurance contract services.

Insurance contracts — Contracts to which the premium allocation approach ("PAA") is not applied

(Initial measurement)

On initial recognition, the Group measures a group of insurance contracts at the total of:

Fulfilment cash flows

The fulfilment cash flows comprise estimates of future cash flows, an adjustment to reflect the time value of money and the financial risks related to the future cash flows, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk (the compensation that the Group requires for bearing the uncertainty about the amount and timing of the cash flows that arises from non-financial risk).

· CSM

The CSM of a group of insurance contracts represents the unearned profit the Group will recognize as it provides services under the contracts.

The Group recognizes an onerous insurance contract on initial recognition if any cash flows arising from the contract at the date of initial recognition in total are a net outflow. In recognizing onerous contracts, the Group recognizes a loss in profit or loss for the net outflow described above and identifies the same amount as a loss component of the liability for remaining coverage.

(Subsequent measurement)

The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period is the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims. The liability for remaining coverage comprises (a) the fulfilment cash flows related to services to be provided under the contracts in future periods, and (b) the remaining CSM at the reporting date. The liability for incurred claims includes the fulfilment cash flows relating to unpaid incurred claims and expenses, including claims that have been incurred but not yet reported.

The loss component is measured by allocating the subsequent changes in fulfillment cash flows on a systematic basis.

Insurance contracts — Contracts to which the PAA is applied

For insurance contracts with a coverage period of no more than one year at initial recognition, and certain insurance contracts that would not differ materially in the measurement of liability for remaining coverage from the one that would be produced when measured without applying the PAA, the Group applies the PAA for measuring a group of insurance contracts.

(Initial measurement)

The carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage at initial recognition of each group of insurance contracts is measured at the premiums received at initial recognition less any insurance acquisition cash flows (cash flows arising from the activities of selling, underwriting and starting the group of insurance contracts that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts to which the group belongs) allocated to the group of insurance contracts at that date.

(Subsequent measurement)

The carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage increases through the amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows recognized as premiums received and expenses. It decreases through the recognition of insurance revenue related to services provided and the allocation of additional insurance acquisition cash flows after initial recognition.

If, at any time during the coverage period, facts and circumstances indicate that a group of insurance contracts is onerous, the Group recognizes a loss in profit or loss and increases the liability for remaining coverage to the extent that current estimates of the fulfilment cash flows related to remaining coverage exceed the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage.

The Group recognizes the liability for incurred claims for the group of insurance contracts at the fulfilment cash flows relating to incurred claims.

2 Translations of significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

• Foreign currency translation

In preparing the financial statements of each individual Group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are translated into the respective functional currencies (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be retranslated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was measured. The exchange differences arising from the retranslation were recognized in profit or loss, except for retranslation differences in financial instruments that are measured at fair value and changes in the fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and exchange differences arising from transactions for the purpose of hedging certain foreign exchange risks.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations, of all the Group entities that have a functional currency that is different from the presentation currency (foreign operations) are translated into the presentation currency using the rates of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rates. Exchange differences are recognized as other comprehensive income.

③ Financial liabilities designated at FVTPL

An irrevocable election to measure financial liabilities at FVTPL may be made at initial recognition if the contract contains one or more embedded derivatives and the host contract is a hybrid contract where the host contract is a financial liability, or if designation as FVTPL eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. The amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability attributable to changes in the credit risk of the liability is recognized in other comprehensive income and the remaining change in the fair value of the liability is recognized in profit or loss.

NOTES TO ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, management of the Company is required to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period of the change and subsequent future periods.

The following notes include information on accounting estimates and judgments that have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

• Fair value measurements of operational investment securities

The details are described in "MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. Summary of accounting policies (1) Valuation standards and methods of significant assets ① Valuation standards and methods of financial assets (a) Classification and measurement of financial assets" and "NOTES TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 2. Fair value determination of financial instruments."

The balance of operational investment securities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 was 755,614 million yen.

• Fair value measurements and impairment on trade and other accounts receivable The details are described in "MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. Summary of accounting policies (1) Valuation standards and methods of significant assets ① Valuation standards and methods of financial assets (b) Impairment of financial assets" and "NOTES TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 2. Fair value determination of financial instruments." The balance of trade and other accounts receivable in the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 was 13,654,337 million yen.

Impairment on intangible assets

The details are described in "MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. Summary of accounting policies (1) Valuation standards and methods of significant assets ② Valuation standards and methods of non-financial assets • Impairment of non-financial assets."

The balance of intangible assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 was 429,866 million yen.

· Insurance contract liabilities

In the life insurance business, except for certain contracts, the Group records insurance contract liabilities by estimating the present value of all cash flows from insurance contracts using assumptions, such as discount rates (interest rates), mortality, morbidity, renewal rates, business expenses, and commissions.

Projected increases in mortality, morbidity, business expenses, and commissions are assumed to reduce future net income/loss and equity through increases in future cash outflows. The balance of insurance contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 was 154,003 million yen.

· Recoverability of deferred tax assets

A deferred tax asset is recognized for the unused carryforward tax losses, unused tax credits and expected deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused carryforward tax losses, unused tax credits and expected deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset shall be reviewed at the end of each reporting period. The Group reduces the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilized. The balance of deferred tax assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 was 16,176 million yen.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

1. Pledged assets and related liabilities	
(1) Pledged assets consisted of the following:	
Cash and cash equivalents	9,179 Millions of Yen
Trade and other accounts receivable	2,516,512 Millions of Yen
Inventories	43,695 Millions of Yen
Other investment securities	1,247,805 Millions of Yen
of which: financial instruments pledged as collateral (*1)	489,009 Millions of Yen
Investment properties	31,062 Millions of Yen
Property and equipment	19,172 Millions of Yen
Assets held for sale	137,570 Millions of Yen
Other assets	7,655 Millions of Yen
Total	4,012,650 Millions of Yen

Note:

(*1) Collateral that the transferees are permitted to sell or repledge.

(2) The assets above were pledged as collateral for:

1,867,591 Millions of Yen
1,215 Millions of Yen
805,777 Millions of Yen
134,689 Millions of Yen
15 Millions of Yen
2,809,287 Millions of Yen

2. Loss allowance directly deducted from trade and other accounts receivable:

199,981 Millions of Yen

3. Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss of property and equipment:

95,317 Millions of Yen

303,056,907 shares

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

4.	Number and class of issued shares as of March 31, 2025
	Common shares

5. <u>Dividends</u>

(1) Dividend paid

Dividend approved at the Board of Directors meeting on May 10, 2024

- Dividend amount 39,242 Millions of Yen
- Amount per share 130 Yen (including the 25th anniversary commemorative dividend of 10 yen)
- Record date March 31, 2024
- Effective date June 7, 2024

Dividend approved at the Board of Directors meeting on November 8, 2024

- Dividend amount 9,081 Millions of Yen
- Amount per share 30 Yen
- Record date September 30, 2024
- Effective date December 16, 2024

(2) Dividend whose record date fell in the year ended March 31, 2025, and whose effective date will be in the year ending March 31, 2026

Dividend approved at the Board of Directors meeting on May 9, 2025

- Dividend amount 42,423 Millions of Yen
- Amount per share 140 Yen
- Record date March 31, 2025
- Effective date June 9, 2025

6. <u>Number and class of shares for stock acquisition rights, for which the commencement date of the exercise</u> period has arrived, as of March 31, 2025

Common shares related to:

Stock options Convertible bonds 2,091,100 shares 20,590,537 shares

7. <u>Dividends to non-controlling interests</u>

Dividends to non-controlling interests include a special dividend of 100,000 million yen paid by SBI Shinsei Bank Ltd. to the Resolution and Collection Corporation, as part of the repayment scheme for public funds based on the "Agreement on Definitive Repayment Scheme" concluded by and among the Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan, the Resolution and Collection Corporation, SBI Shinsei Bank, Ltd. and the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1. Group policy and risk management system for financial instruments

The Group engages in a wide range of finance related businesses, such as financial services business (securities business, banking business, insurance business and other financial services business), asset management business, investment business and crypto asset business, to avoid excessive concentration of risk on specific entities or businesses. To operate these businesses, the Group raises funds through indirect financing such as bank borrowings, direct financing such as bond issuance and equity financing, transactions with securities financing companies, and receiving customer deposits for banking business. The Group also considers the market environment and maintains an appropriate strategy for short and long term financing.

The Group conducts trading of derivative instruments including foreign currency forward contracts, currency options, interest rate swaps, index futures and margin trading. The Group enters into foreign currency forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swap transactions primarily to provide products and services to customers and for hedge purposes. Index futures are entered into for the purpose of day trading. There are limits on the size of these transactions and the amount of risk held.

In order to maintain financial strength and appropriate operational procedures, it is the Group's basic policy of risk management to identify and analyze various risks relevant to the Group entities and strive to carry out integral risk management using appropriate methods.

2. <u>Fair value determination of financial instruments</u>

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Carrying amounts approximate the fair values due to their short-term maturities.

Trade and other accounts receivable

The fair values are determined based on the future cash inflows of receivables grouped by category discounted using interest rates adjusted for the period to maturity and credit risk. The carrying amounts of those with short-term maturities are deemed to be fair values as the carrying amounts approximate fair values.

Assets and liabilities related to securities business

With respect to loans on margin transactions included in margin transaction assets, the carrying amounts approximate the fair values as the interest rates of the loans are floating rates and reflect the market interest rate within a short period. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities related to the securities business, except for loans on margin transactions, approximate the fair values as those assets and liabilities are settled within a short period.

With respect to trading assets and trading liabilities, the fair values of listed securities and listed derivatives are estimated based on prices quoted on stock exchanges or prices quoted by correspondent financial institutions. The fair value of securities and derivatives with no quoted prices is estimated using valuation techniques such as the discounted present value method and the Black Scholes model, depending on the type of transaction and the period to maturity.

Operational investment securities and Other investment securities

The fair values of listed equity securities are determined based on the quoted market prices in the stock exchange. The fair values of unlisted equity securities, bonds with share options and stock warrants are determined using valuation models appropriate in the circumstances including discounted cash flow analysis, pricing analysis with reference to comparable industry prices, analysis based on revenues, profits, net assets and the recent arm's-length transaction price. The fair values of bonds are determined using reasonable valuation techniques based on available information such as Reference Statistical Prices and quoted price provided by the financing banks. The fair values of investments in funds are determined at the fair values of partnership net assets based on the Group's percentage share in the contributed capital, if such fair values are available.

Other financial assets and Other financial liabilities

With respect to other financial assets and other financial liabilities, the fair values of derivative instruments are based on the prices quoted on stock exchanges, discounted present value or option valuation models, etc. The carrying amounts of those with short-term maturities are deemed to be fair values as the carrying amounts approximate fair values.

Bonds and loans payable and Trade and other accounts payable

With respect to those with floating interest rates, carrying amounts are deemed to be fair values as the interest rates of the bonds and loans, and trade and other accounts payable reflect the market interest rate within a short period and as the credit condition of the Group entities that obtained them are not expected to change significantly. With respect to those with fixed interest rates, the fair values are determined based on the future cash outflows discounted using interest rates adjusted for remaining periods and credit risk or discounted using interest rates with reference to similar types of new loans or lease transactions. For those for which a market price exists, the fair value is determined based on quoted market prices. For those with short-term maturities, carrying amounts are deemed to be fair values because the carrying amounts approximate fair values.

For financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, fair value is estimated using primarily the same methods as in "Other financial assets and other financial liabilities".

Customer deposits for banking business

The fair values of demand deposits are determined at the carrying amounts which are the amounts paid on demand at the reporting date. The fair values of time deposits and certificates of deposit are determined based on the future cash outflows discounted using interest rates adjusted for the period to maturity and credit risk. However, for the deposits with short-term maturities, carrying amounts are deemed to be fair values because the carrying amounts approximate fair values. For financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, fair value is estimated using primarily the same methods as in "Other financial assets and other financial liabilities".

3. <u>Classification and fair value of financial instruments</u>

Classification and fair value of financial assets were as follows:

		(Carrying Amount			
	Financial	Equity	Debt	Financial		
	assets	instruments	instruments	assets	Total	Fair value
	measured at	measured at	measured at	measured at	Total	
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	FVTOCI	amortized cost		
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Trade and other accounts	780,847	_	_	12,873,4	13,654,3	13,762,3
receivable	/00,01/			90	37	04
Assets related to securities	581,335	_	_	6,007,55	6,588,88	6,587,56
business	, ,			2	7	4
Other financial assets	368,213	—	—	380,575	748,788	749,232
Operational investment securities	755,614	—	—	_	755,614	755,614
	1,110,70	73,511	741,349	1,354,16	3,279,72	3,272,49
Other investment securities	7	/3,311	/41,549	2	9	3
T-4-1	3,596,71	73,511	741,349	20,615,7	25,027,3	25,127,2
Total	6	/3,311	/41,349	79	55	07

Classification and fair value of financial liabilities were as follows:

	Financial	Financial	Financial		
	liabilities	liabilities	liabilities	Total	Fair value
	measured at	designated at	measured at	Total	
	FVTPL	FVTPL	amortized cost		
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Bonds and loans payable	_	51,696	5,669,69 2	5,721,38 8	5,701,19 4
Trade and other accounts payable	—	—	749,758	749,758	749,756
Liabilities related to securities business	233,209	_	5,504,58 6	5,737,79 5	5,737,79 5
Customer deposits for banking business	_	479,070	15,554,8 11	16,033,8 81	16,016,7 45
Other financial liabilities	434,560		901,743	1,336,30	1,336,30
Total	667,769	530,766	28,380,5 90	29,579,1 25	29,541,7 93

4. <u>Categorization within the level of the fair value hierarchy</u>

"IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement" requires measurement of fair value to be categorized into three levels with reference to the fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making fair value measurements. The fair value hierarchy is defined as follows:

· Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

• Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

· Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level of hierarchy used in fair value measurement is determined at the lowest level with relevant significant inputs to the measurement.

A transfer between levels of the hierarchy is recognized at the date when the cause of the transfer or change in circumstances occurs.

The table below presents the assets and liabilities measured at the fair values in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group.

	Level 1 Millions of Yen	Level 2 Millions of Yen	Level 3 Millions of Yen	Total Millions of Yen
Trade and other accounts receivable	_	86,210	694,637	780,847
Assets related to securities business	399,282	174,067	7,986	581,335
Other financial assets	26	359,878	8,309	368,213
Operational investment securities and other investment				
securities				
Financial assets measured at FVTPL	106,807	680,419	1,079,095	1,866,321
Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI	26,743	147	46,621	73,511
Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI	312,190	342,575	86,584	741,349
Total	845,048	1,643,296	1,923,232	4,411,576
Bonds and loans payable	—	—	51,696	51,696
Liabilities related to securities business	154,243	73,977	4,989	233,209
Customer deposits for banking business	—	116,530	362,540	479,070
Other financial liabilities	1	351,703	82,856	434,560
Total	154,244	542,210	502,081	1,198,535

The table below presents the assets and liabilities not measured at the fair values in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group.

	Level 1 Millions of Yen	Level 2 Millions of Yen	Level 3 Millions of Yen	Total Millions of Yen
Trade and other accounts receivable	_	7,365,739	5,615,718	12,981,457
Assets related to securities business	—	6,006,229	—	6,006,229
Other financial assets	_	189,629	191,390	381,019
Operational investment securities and other investment	610,438	74,000	662,488	1,346,926
securities				
Total	610,438	13,635,597	6,469,596	20,715,631
Bonds and loans payable	_	4,993,691	655,807	5,649,498
Trade and other accounts payable	_	749,756	_	749,756
Liabilities related to securities business	_	5,504,586	—	5,504,586
Customer deposits for banking business	_	9,670,090	5,867,585	15,537,675
Other financial liabilities		891,743	10,000	901,743
Total		21,809,866	6,533,392	28,343,258

5. Assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3

Based on the valuation methods and policies as reported to the board of directors, external evaluating agencies and appropriate individuals of the Group measure and analyze the valuation of assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The valuation results are reviewed and approved by CFO and General Manager of the Accounting and Financial Division.

The valuation techniques and unobservable inputs used for recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements of assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3 are as follows:

_	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range
Trade and other accounts receivable	Income approach	Discount rate Probability of default Recovery rate	(0.4%) - 16.9% 0.0% - 7.0% 0.0% - 100.0%
Assets related to securities business	Income approach	Stock volatility Correlation (Foreign Exchange/Interest Rate)	14.2% - 80.2% (6.8%) - (3.9%)
Other financial assets	Income approach	Correlation (Interest Rate/Interest Rate) Correlation (Foreign Exchange/Interest Rate) Discount rate Prepayment rates Probability of default	29.0% - 85.0% 8.0% - 38.0% 0.4% - 1.2% 0.0% - 10.5% 0.1% - 1.4%
Operational investment securities and other investment securities	Market approach, cost approach and income approach	Recovery rate Discount rate P/E ratio Price to sales ratio EBITDA ratio Minority discount Illiquidity discount	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0\% - 74.0\%\\ 0.2\% - 21.8\%\\ 13.2 - 45.2\\ 5.5 - 19.3\\ 3.4 - 40.0\\ 8.3\%\\ 20.0\% - 60.0\%\end{array}$
Bonds and loans payable	Income approach	Prepayment rates Probability of default Recovery rate Discount rate	0.0% - 5.7% 0.0% - 5.3% 30.0% - 100.0% (0.1%) - 0.4%
Liabilities related to securities business	Income approach	Stock volatility Correlation (Foreign Exchange/Interest Rate)	14.2% -80.2% (6.8%)-(3.9%)
Customer deposits for banking business	Income approach	Discount rate	(0.1%)-0.4%
Other financial liabilities	Income approach	Correlation (Interest Rate/Interest Rate) Correlation (Foreign Exchange/Interest Rate) Recovery rate	29.0% - 85.0% 8.0% - 38.0% 35.0% - 74.0%

The fair value of assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3 that is measured at fair value on a recurring basis increases (decreases) when the discount rate decreases (increases), when the probability of default decreases (increases), when the recovery rate increases (decreases), when the volatility increases (decreases), depending on the nature of the underlying asset due to changes in the correlation coefficient, when the prepayment rate decreases (increases), when the P/E ratio increases (decreases), when the price to sales ratio increases (decreases), when the EBITDA ratio increases (decreases), when the illiquidity discount decreases (increases).

With respect to the assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3, no significant impact on the fair values is assumed even if one or more of the unobservable inputs were changed to reasonably possible alternative assumptions.

The movement of assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3 measured at fair value on a recurring basis is presented as follows:

				Assets			
	•	l investment sec investment secu			Trade and		
	Financial assets measured at FVTPL	Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI	Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI	Total	other accounts receivable	Assets related to securities business	Other financial assets
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Balance as at April 1, 2024	1,096,785	2,646	86,764	1,186,195	667,213	8,278	15,049
Purchase and issuance	265,575	44,700	64,651	374,926	293,294	—	—
Comprehensive income							
Net profit (*1)	92,845	—	(2,254)	90,591	(2,909)	488	(5,690)
Other comprehensive income	_	(355)	(58)	(413)	_	_	_
Dividends	(17,699)	_	—	(17,699)	—	—	—
Sale or redemption	(241,387)	(345)	(62,519)	(304,251)	—	—	—
Settlements	—	—	—	—	(262,961)	(762)	(1,050)
Currency translation differences	(14,144)	(25)	—	(14,169)	_	_	_
Others	(85,044)	—	—	(85,044)	—	—	—
Transferred from Level 3 (*2)	(17,899)	_	_	(17,899)	_	(18)	_
Transfer to Level 3	63	—	_	63	_	—	_
Balance as at March 31, 2025	1,079,095	46,621	86,584	1,212,300	694,637	7,986	8,309

			Liabilities		
	Bonds and loans payable	Trade and other accounts payable	Liabilities related to securities business	Customer deposits for banking business	Other financial liabilities
	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Balance as at April 1, 2024	53,507	2,342	4,493	326,270	61,553
Purchase and issuance	1,000	—	—	36,600	—
Comprehensive income					
Net profit (*1)	(1,783)	(2,143)	1,401	(73)	23,527
Other comprehensive income	(29)	_	_	(158)	_
Settlements	(999)	(26)	(905)	(99)	(2,224)
Currency translation differences		(173)	_		
Balance as at March 31, 2025	51,696	_	4,989	362,540	82,856

Notes:

(*1) Gains and losses recognized as profit (loss) for the period are included in "Revenue" in the consolidated statement of income. Gains and losses recognized from assets measured at FVTPL held as at March 31, 2025 were ¥56,972 million of gains.

(*2) Transfer due to significant input used to measure the fair value becoming observable.

NOTES TO RENTAL PROPERTIES, ETC.

1. Status of rental properties, etc.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries have buildings, etc. (including land) for rent in Tokyo and other areas.

2. Fair value of rental properties, etc.

financial position	Amount recorded in th	e consolidated statement of	Fair value
	financ	al position	
34,736 Millions of Yen 40,832 Millions of		34,736 Millions of Yen	40,832 Millions of Yen

Notes:

(*1) The amount recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position is the acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

(*2) The fair value as at the end of the reporting period is based on a valuation conducted by independent valuation appraisers with appropriate qualifications, who have had recent experience in local practice for relative categories of assets.

NOTES TO PER SHARE INFORMATION

4,162.73 Yen
536.09 Yen

NOTES TO REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue consisted of the following:

	Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
Revenue	
Financial income	
Interest income	
Income arising from financial assets	
measured at	510,942
amortized cost (*1)	
Income arising from debt instruments	
measured at	16,581
FVTOCI (*2)	
Income arising from financial assets measured at FVTPL	207,870
Income arising from financial liabilities designated at FVTPL	7,880
Others	60,822
Total financial income	804,095
Insurance revenue	96,584
Revenue from contracts with customers	
Revenue from rendering of services	226,306
Revenue from sales of goods	107,371
Others	209,377
Total revenue	1,443,733

Notes:

(*1) The amount mainly consists of interest income arising from bonds held in the banking business and from loans in the banking and securities businesses.

(*2) The amount mainly consists of interest income arising from bonds held in the banking and insurance businesses.

1. Disaggregation of revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers consisted of the following: Revenue from rendering of services mainly include financial advisory fees in the securities business and agency fees related to investment trusts. In the financial advisory business, the Group has a performance obligation to provide advisory services primarily in the area of financing. Since this performance obligation is satisfied upon the achievement of financing, the Group recognizes revenue on the date of completion of the financing and generally receives the fee within a few months from the date of revenue recognition. In the agency business related to investment trusts, the Group has a performance obligation to provide agency services to beneficiaries. This performance obligation is satisfied over the life of the investment trusts and fees are generally received within one year from the date of revenue recognition.

Revenue from sales of goods includes revenue arising from the sales of real estate, aircraft, pharmaceutical products, and supplements. Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring promised goods to a customer upon delivery, shipment or customer acceptance of goods depending upon the terms of the contract.

Fin	ancial	Asset					Elimination	
Se	rvices	Management	Investment	Crypto-asset	Next Gen		or	Consolidated
Bu	siness	Business	Business	Business	Business	Total	Corporate	Total
Mil	lions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of	Millions of

	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
Revenue from contracts								
with customers								
Revenue from								
rendering of	183,306	34,223	14,339	558	9,078	241,504	(15,198)	226,306
services								
Revenue from sales	77.534	_	13,148	_	17,082	107,764	(393)	107,371
of goods	11,334		15,148		17,082	107,704	(393)	107,571
Total	260,840	34,223	27,487	558	26,160	349,268	(15,591)	333,677

2. Contract balance

The balance of trade receivables from contract with customers and contract liabilities were as follows:

	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen
Trade receivables from contract with customers	16,493	23,213
Contract liabilities	5,326	8,759

Contract liabilities consist primarily of the balance of annual membership fee income in the card business for which the performance obligation has not been satisfied as of the end of the period.

Of the revenue recognized during the year ended March 31, 2025, ¥5,326 million was included in the balance of contract liabilities as at April 1, 2024.

NOTES TO SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT

1. Acquisition of shares of Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd., a South Korean life insurance company

The Group resolved at the Board of Directors' meeting held on April 17, 2025, to acquire additional shares of Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (hereinafter "Kyobo Life Insurance"), a South Korean life insurance company, from its existing shareholders to make it an equity-method associate of the Group.

(1)Reason for acquisition of shares

The Group has been actively utilizing M&A and other means to expand its business domain both domestically and globally, and in the insurance business, the Group has been considering M&A and other means both domestically and globally with the goal of further expanding its business. Meanwhile, Kyobo Life Insurance was considering further deepening its cooperation with the Group in the course of considering measures for future business expansion. Therefore, the Group has decided to acquire additional shares of Kyobo Life Insurance from its existing shareholders, subject to the approval of the Korea Fair Trade Commission and the Financial Services Commission of Korea, and to make Kyobo Life Insurance an equity-method associate of the Group in order to further strengthen cooperation with Kyobo Life Insurance and expand the Group's insurance business.

(2)Overview of the company to become an equity-method associate Name Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Description of business Insurance business, etc. Share capital KRW 102.5 billion

(3)Number of shares acquired and shareholding before and after acquisition
Number of shares held before acquisition 9,327,500 shares
Number of shares to be acquired 11,172,500 shares
Number of shares held after acquisition 20,500,000 shares (Ratio of voting rights held: 20.4%)

(4)Future outlook.

The impact of this share acquisition on the consolidated financial results of the Group has not been determined at this time.

2. Share transfer of SBI SAVINGS Bank Co., Ltd.

The Group resolved at the Board of Directors' meeting held on April 28, 2025, to sell part of its shares of SBI SAVINGS Bank Co., Ltd. (hereinafter SBI SAVINGS BANK), a subsidiary of the Company in South Korea, to Kyobo Life Insurance.

(1)Reason for the sale of shares

Kyobo Life Insurance, the transferee of the shares, is one of the largest life insurers in the country, and since the Company acquired partial shares in Kyobo Life Insurance in 2007, it has been a partner company in various fields, including digital finance, with which the Group has maintained a long-standing partnership. Since Kyobo Life Insurance was considering acquiring a quality savings bank to expand its non-insurance business domain with the goal of transforming itself into a financial holding company in the future, the Company has decided to transfer a part of its holding of SBI SAVINGS BANK to Kyobo Life Insurance in order to recover a part of the Group's investment in the bank and to further deepen its cooperation with the Kyobo Life Insurance group.

(2)Overview of the share transfer

Subject to the approval of the Korea Fair Trade Commission and the Financial Services Commission of Korea, the Group has agreed to transfer a total of 156,147,223 shares of common stock of SBI SAVINGS BANK held by the Group to Kyobo Life Insurance by October 30, 2026, in multiple portions, and as the first portion, the Group transferred 26,545,028 shares of common stock of SBI SAVINGS BANK (9.97% of voting rights) held by the Group to Kyobo Life Insurance on May 2, 2025.

Moreover, on October 30, 2026, the final share transfer date, Kyobo Life Insurance will hold the majority of the voting rights in SBI SAVINGS BANK. Therefore, SBI SAVINGS BANK will no longer be a consolidated subsidiary but plans to become an equity-method associate of the Group after October 30, 2026.

(3)Overview of the subsidiary subject to change

Name	SBI SAVINGS Bank Co., Ltd.
Description of business	Deposit taking and loan providing, etc.
Share capital	KRW 1,561.5 billion

(4)Future outlook

Until the date of execution of the final share transfer, which is scheduled for October 30, 2026, SBI SAVINGS BANK will remain a consolidated subsidiary of the Group, and the impact on the consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ending March 2026 has not been determined at this time.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Balance Sheet

	As at March 31, 2025
	Millions of
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and deposits	171,646
Accounts receivable-trade	598
Operational investment securities	55,899
Supplies	68
Prepaid expenses	999
Operational loans receivable	3,149
Short-term loans receivable	334,939
Others	18,738
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(35,064)
Total current assets	550,972
Non-current assets	
Property and equipment	
Buildings	1,334
Structures	7
Vehicles	1
Tools and fixtures	190
Total property and equipment	1,532
Intangible assets	
Patents	90
Trademark	1
Software	1,620
Telephone rights	5
Total intangible assets	1,716
Investments and other assets	,
Investment securities	52,175
Stocks of subsidiaries and associates	1,572,444
Investments in other securities of subsidiaries	20,334
Bonds of subsidiaries and associates	64
Lease and guarantee deposits	3,243
Others	6,928
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,313)
Total investments and other assets	1,652,875
Total non-current assets	1,656,123
Deferred charges	1,000,120
Bond issuance costs	2,848
Total deferred charges	2,848
Total assets	2,209,943
10101 005010	2,207,773

	As at March 31, 2025
	Millions of
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Short-term loans payable	202,435
Current portion of bonds payable	238,953
Current portion of long-term loans payable	17,500
Accounts payable	9,191
Accrued expenses	3,606
Income taxes payable	1,787
Advances received	1
Deposits received	136
Provision for bonuses	495
Provision for bonuses for directors	556
Others	44,444
Total current liabilities	519,104
Non-current liabilities	
Bonds payable	960,000
Long-term loans navable	100 256

Bonds payable	960,000
Long-term loans payable	100,256
Loans payable of subsidiaries and associates	3,000
Deferred tax liabilities	47,771
Asset retirement obligation	703
Long-term deposits received	7,750
Total non-current liabilities	1,119,480
Total liabilities	1,638,584

	As at March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
Net assets	
Shareholders' equity	
Capital stock	181,925
Capital surplus	
Legal capital surplus	227,036
Other capital surplus	97,018
Total capital surplus	324,054
Retained earnings	
Other retained earnings	
Retained earnings brought forward	61,987
Total retained earnings	61,987
Treasury stock	(96)
Total shareholders' equity	567,870
Valuation and translation adjustments	
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	2,364
Total valuation and translation adjustments	2,364
Stock acquisition rights	1,125
Total net assets	571,359
Total liabilities and net assets	2,209,943

(2) Statement of Income

	Fiscal Year ended
	Millions of Yen
Net sales	176,300
Cost of sales	25,929
Gross profit	150,371
Selling, general and administrative expenses	19,115
Operating income	131,256
Non-operating income	
Interest income	6,876
Dividend income	303
Guarantee fee income	1,162
Others	1,352
Total non-operating income	9,693
Non-operating expense	
Interest expense	16,324
Amortization of bond issuance costs	1,474
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	7,628
Commission fee	2,771
Others	22
Total non-operating expense	28,219
Ordinary income	112,730
Extraordinary income	
Gain on sales of stocks of subsidiaries and associates	4,566
Others	559
Total extraordinary income	5,125
Extraordinary loss	
Loss on valuation of stocks of subsidiaries and associates	29,010
Others	158
Total extraordinary loss	29,168
Income before income taxes	88,687
Income taxes-current	(2,290)
Income taxes-deferred	31,297
Total income taxes	29,007
Net income	59,680
	×

(3) Statement of Changes in Net Assets

		Shareholders' Equity						
	Capital stock	Capital surplus Retained earnings				earnings		
		Legal capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Total	Other retained earnings	Total	Treasury stock	Total
	Million s of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Million s of Yen
As at April 1, 2024	180,400	225,512	97,017	322,529	50,630	50,630	(87)	553,472
Issuance of new shares	1,525	1,524	_	1,524	_	_	_	3,049
Dividends paid	_	_	_	_	(48,323)	(48,323)	_	(48,323)
Net income	_	_	_	_	59,680	59,680	_	59,680
Treasury stock purchased	_	-	_	_	_	_	(10)	(10)
Treasury stock sold	_	_	1	1	_	_	1	2
Net changes other than shareholders' equity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total changes during the year	1,525	1,524	1	1,525	11,357	11,357	(9)	14,398
As at March 31, 2025	181,925	227,036	97,018	324,054	61,987	61,987	(96)	567,870

	Valuation and Transla	tion Adjustments	Stock Acquisition	Total Net Assets
	Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	Total	Rights	Total Net Assets
	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen
As at April 1, 2024	6,495	6,495	1,988	561,955
Issuance of new shares	_	_	_	3,049
Dividends paid	_	_	_	(48,323)
Net income	_	_	_	59,680
Treasury stock purchased	_	_	_	(10)
Treasury stock sold	_	-	_	2
Net changes other than shareholders' equity	(4,131)	(4,131)	(863)	(4,994)
Total changes during the year	(4,131)	(4,131)	(863)	9,404
As at March 31, 2025	2,364	2,364	1,125	571,359

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. Valuation standards and methods of assets
 - (1) Stocks of subsidiaries and associates
 - Cost determined by the moving-average cost method
 - (2) Available-for-sale securities (including operational investment securities)
 - Securities other than stocks with no market prices, etc.

At fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of applicable taxes, reported as a separate component of net assets. The cost of securities sold is determined based on the moving-average cost method.

• Stocks with no market prices, etc.

At cost determined by the moving-average cost method

(3) Investment in funds

For the investments in funds which are categorized as subsidiaries, the Company's proportionate share in the net assets of those funds are calculated based on the provisional financial statements of the funds as at the Company's year end and are presented as "investments in other securities of subsidiaries and associates" (non-current assets). For the investments in funds which are not categorized as subsidiaries, the Company's proportionate share in the net assets of those funds is calculated based on the funds' annual financial statements or interim financial statements and is presented in "operational investment securities" (current assets).

2. <u>Depreciation method of depreciable assets</u>

(1) Property and equipment

Depreciation is computed using the declining-balance method, while the straight-line method is applied to facilities attached to buildings and to structures acquired on and after April 1, 2016. The range of useful lives is principally from 3 to 18 years for buildings, 50 years for structures, from 3 to 20 years for tools and fixtures, and 6 years for vehicles.

(2) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method. Software used for internal purposes is amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life (5 years).

3. Recognition and measurement of significant provisions and allowances

(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based on the Company's past credit loss experience. Allowance for doubtful accounts for outstanding receivables deemed to be uncollectable is provided based on the estimated loss on an individual basis.

(2) Provision for bonuses

To prepare for the payment of bonuses to employees, the Company records the estimated amount of bonus payments deemed to have been incurred in the current fiscal year.

(3) Provision for bonuses for directors

To prepare for the payment of bonuses to directors, an allowance is provided based on the estimated amount to be paid in the current fiscal year.

4. <u>Recognition of revenue and expenses</u>

(1) Net sales and cost of sales

Net sales principally consist of revenue from operational investment securities and dividend income, and revenue from contracts with customers, etc. Cost of sales principally consists of the cost of operational investment securities.

(2) Revenue and cost of operational investment securities

Revenue from operational investment securities consists of proceeds from the sale of operational investment securities and securities held by funds and interest and dividend income from these securities. Cost of operational investment securities consists of the carrying value on the sale of operational investment securities and securities held by funds, fees related to securities transactions, and write-downs of operational investment securities and securities held by funds.

(3) Dividend income

Dividends from subsidiaries and associates are recorded as dividend income which is

included in net sales in the statement of income.

(4) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company recognizes revenue by applying the following 5-step approach.

Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation The Company earns commission income mainly from businesses that provide various services, such as financial services, on the websites it operates. The Company recognizes this revenue at the time the information on the products of the service providers is posted on the website and the performance obligation is fulfilled when a visitor to the website makes a request for a quote.

5. Other significant accounting policies for financial statements

(1) Deferred charges

Bond issuance costs

Bond issuance costs are amortized over the bond term using the straight-line method.

(2) Translations of significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation gain or loss is recognized in income statement.

(3) Accounting for investments in funds

As for the investments in funds categorized as subsidiaries, the Company's proportionate share in the net assets and revenue/expenses of those funds are calculated based on the provisional financial statements of the funds as at the Company's year end and are presented as "Investment in other securities of subsidiaries and associates" (non-current assets) and revenue/expenses. For investments in funds which are not categorized as subsidiaries, the Company's proportionate share in the net assets and revenue/expenses of those funds are calculated based on the funds' annual financial statements or interim financial statements and are presented in "Operational investment securities" (current assets) and revenue/expenses.

(4) Accounting for consumption tax

Nondeductible consumption taxes are recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses.

NOTES TO REVENUE RECOGNITION

Information that provides a basis for understanding revenue from contracts with customers is described in "SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. Recognition of revenue and expenses".

NOTES TO ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Valuation of shares of subsidiaries without market price

The Company, as a holding company, holds a large number of shares of subsidiaries, and recorded 1,572,444 million yen in stocks of subsidiaries and associates, which includes 1,397,141 million yen in shares of subsidiaries without market price. Losses on valuation of shares of subsidiaries without market price are recognized when the net asset value at the end of the fiscal year has declined by 50% or more compared to the acquisition cost. The net asset value is calculated based on the financial figures and business plans of each company. The loss on valuation of stocks of subsidiaries and associates of 29,010 million yen recorded for the year ended March 31, 2025 includes 18,730 million yen of loss on valuation of stocks of subsidiaries.

NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET

1. Accumulated depreciation:

As at March 31, 2025 Millions of Yen 1,647

Property and equipment

2. Guarantee obligation:

(1) Guarantees for trade payable of subsidiaries and associates	9,201 Millions of
Yen	
(2) Guarantees for bonds and loans payable of subsidiaries and associates	14,431 Millions of
Yen	

(3) Others

SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary, enters into banking cover deals to ensure liquidity in foreign exchange margin trading. The Company entered into an agreement to provide credit and joint guarantees to the current and future obligation relating to this business which SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd. owes to counterparties. As at the end of the period, the obligation balance outstanding was 5,911 million yen.

With respect to the currency margin transaction between SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd. and SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, linked to the foreign exchange margin trading between SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd., and its customers, the Company jointly guarantees limited to the amount equivalent to 70% of all obligations which SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd. owes to SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd. As at the end of the period, there was no obligation balance outstanding.

3. Monetary receivables from and payables to subsidiaries and associates:

	As at March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
(1) Short-term receivables	351,222
(2) Long-term receivables	4,412
(3) Short-term payables	108,292
(4) Long-term payables	10,719

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF INCOME Transactions with subsidiaries and associates:

	Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2025
	Millions of Yen
(1) Net sales	157,914
(2) Purchases	9,448
(3) Other transactions	13,217

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Class and number of treasury stock

	As at March 31,
	2025
	Shares
Common shares	32,768

NOTES TO DEFERRED TAX ACCOUNTING

6. <u>Major factors resulting in deferred tax assets and liabilities</u>

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Deferred tax assets are mainly due to losses on valuation of investment securities and allowance for doubtful accounts. Deferred tax liabilities are mainly due to deferred gains (losses) on transfer and unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities.

7. Accounting for corporate and local income taxes or tax effect accounting related to these taxes The Company applies the group tax sharing system. In addition, the Company accounts for and discloses corporate and local income taxes and tax effects related to these taxes in accordance with the "Practical Solution on the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Sharing System" (ASBJ Practical Solution No. 42, August 12, 2021).

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with subsidiaries and associates

Туре	Company name	Voting rights holding ratio (%)(*1)	Relationship with related party	Transaction description	Transaction amount (Millions of Yen)	Account name	Year-end balance (Millions of Yen)
Subsidiary	SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.	100	Interlocking directors	Dividend receipt	42,500	_	-
Subsidiary	SBI Nonbank Holdings Co., Ltd.	100	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	45,579	Short-term loans receivable	10,289
				Underwriting of capital increase	25,000	_	-
Subsidiary	SBI Regional Bank Holdings Co., Ltd.	100	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	23,108	Short-term loans receivable	-
Subsidiary	ER17 Co., Ltd.	100	_	Finance (*2, 4)	35,749	Short-term loans receivable	17,928
Subsidiary	SBIFS LLC	100 (100)	-	Finance (*2)	49,612	Short-term loans receivable	23,811
Subsidiary	SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited	100 (77.8)	Ι	Underwriting of capital increase	71,333	—	-
Subsidiary	SBIGK Co., Ltd.	100 (1.6)	_	Finance (*2)	38,225	Short-term loans receivable	19,174
Subsidiary	SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.	100	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	34,395	Short-term loans receivable	14,088
Subsidiary	SBI VENTURES SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	100	Interlocking directors	Borrowing (*2)	99,902	Short-term loans payable	4,101
				Underwriting of capital increase	36,938	_	_
				Return of capital	72,866	_	-
Subsidiary	SBI SG1 PTE LTD.	100	_	Underwriting of capital increase	103,874	_	-
Subsidiary	SBI ALApharma Co., Limited	100 (100)	_	Borrowing (*2)	156,688	Short-term loans payable	78,344
Subsidiary	SBICM LLC	100 (100)	_	Finance (*2)	186,863	Short-term loans receivable	82,203
Subsidiary	EG1 LLC	100 (100)	-	Sale of securities (*3) Proceeds from sale Gain on sale	103,815 102,017	_	_
Subsidiary	SBI Ventures Two Co., Ltd.	100 (100)	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	73,883	Short-term loans receivable	7,400
Subsidiary	SBI VENTURES ASSET PTE. LTD.	100 (100)	-	Finance (*2)	37,158	Short-term loans receivable	10,258
Subsidiary	SBI Ventures Three LLC	100 (100)	_	Finance (*2)	53,478	Short-term loans receivable	23,859
Subsidiary	SBI Crypto Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.	100	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	25,500	Short-term loans receivable	12,750
Subsidiary	SBI ENERGY Co., Ltd.	100	-	Finance (*2, 5)	23,411	Short-term loans receivable	11,705
Subsidiary	SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	100 (100)	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	22,156	Short-term loans receivable	10,698
Subsidiary	SBI ALApharma Japan K.K.	100 (0.0)	Interlocking directors	Finance (*2)	36,730	Short-term loans receivable	18,305

Notes: (*1) The figures in parentheses represent the indirect holding ratio of voting rights. (*2) The interest rate for finance and borrowing was determined based on the market

(2) The interest rate for inflated and correcting that better high a better interest rate.
(*3) The sales price of securities was determined by taking into consideration a stock price valuation report by an independent third party.

- (*4) Allowance for doubtful accounts of 629 million yen was provided for short-term loans receivable from ER17 Co., Ltd. In addition, a provision of allowance for doubtful accounts of 629 million yen was recorded for the current fiscal year.
- (*5) Allowance for doubtful accounts of 11,430 million yen was provided for short-term loans receivable from SBI ENERGY Co., Ltd. In addition, a provision of allowance for doubtful accounts of 89 million yen was recorded for the current fiscal year.

Туре	Company name or Name	Ratio of voting rights held (%)	Relationship with related party	Transaction description	Amount (Millions of Yen)	Account name	Balance (Millions of Yen)
Corporate officer	Masato Takamura	0.1	Representative Director	Exercise of stock options (*1)	342	—	—
Corporate officer	Satoe Kusakabe	0.0	Executive Director	Exercise of stock options (*1)	34	—	—
Corporate officer	Motoaki Shiino	0.0	Executive Director	Exercise of stock options (*1)	12	-	—

Corporate officers and major individual shareholders

Note:

(*1) Exercise of stock options represents the exercise of stock acquisition rights which were issued based on the resolution by the Board of Directors meeting held on May 28, 2020, and June 26, 2020, pursuant to Article 236, 238 and 240 of the Companies Act.

NOTES TO PER SHARE INFORMATION

	Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2025
	Yen
Net assets per share	1,881.81
Net income per share	197.34
Diluted net income per share	187.82

NOTES TO SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Acquisition of shares of Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd., a South Korean life insurance company

Notes are omitted because the same information is presented in the "NOTES TO SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT 1. Acquisition of shares of Kyobo Life Insurance Co., Ltd., a South Korean life insurance company " in the "NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS."

(Note) The amounts in the financial statements are rounded to the nearest million Japanese yen.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

May 27, 2025

To the Board of Directors of SBI Holdings, Inc.:

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC Tokyo office

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Kunikazu Awashima

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Shigehiko Matsumoto

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Atsuki Sasagawa

Opinion

Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 444 of the Companies Act, we have audited the consolidated financial statements of SBI Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (the "Group"), namely, the consolidated statement of financial position as of March 31, 2025, and the consolidated statement of income and consolidated statement of changes in equity for the fiscal year from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025, and the related notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2025, and its consolidated financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with accounting standards prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting that omit a part of the disclosures required under IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Professional Ethics in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities as auditors. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board are responsible for overseeing the Directors' execution of duties relating to the design and operating effectiveness of the controls over the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Business Report and the accompanying supplemental schedules.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting standards prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting that omit a part of the disclosures required under IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with accounting standards prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting that omit a part of the disclosures required under IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB.

Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board are responsible for overseeing the Directors' execution of duties relating to the design and operating effectiveness of the controls over the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment. In addition, we obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Obtain, when performing risk assessment procedures, an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the overall presentation and disclosures of the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with accounting standards prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting that omit a part of the disclosures required under IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB, as well as the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Group which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Notes to the Readers of Independent Auditor's Report

This is an English translation of the independent auditor's report as required by the Companies Act of Japan for the conveniences of the reader. The other information in "the accompanying supplemental schedules" referred to in the "Other Information" section of this English translation is not translated.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

May 27, 2025

To the Board of Directors of SBI Holdings, Inc.:

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC Tokyo office

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Kunikazu Awashima

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Shigehiko Matsumoto

Designated Engagement Partner, Certified Public Accountant:

Atsuki Sasagawa

Opinion

Pursuant to the first item, second paragraph of Article 436 of the Companies Act, we have audited the nonconsolidated financial statements of SBI Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), namely, the nonconsolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2025, and the nonconsolidated statement of income and nonconsolidated statement of changes in net assets for the 27th fiscal year from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025, and the related notes and the accompanying supplemental schedules.

In our opinion, the accompanying nonconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2025, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Nonconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Professional Ethics in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities as auditors. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board are responsible for overseeing the Directors' execution of duties relating to the design and operating effectiveness of the controls over the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Business Report and the accompanying supplemental schedules.

Our opinion on the nonconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the nonconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the nonconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board for the Nonconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the nonconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of nonconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the nonconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board are responsible for overseeing the Directors' execution of duties relating to the design and operating effectiveness of the controls over the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Nonconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the nonconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error

and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these nonconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the nonconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment. In addition, we obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Obtain, when performing risk assessment procedures, an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the nonconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the overall presentation and disclosures of the nonconsolidated financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, as well as the overall presentation, structure and content of the nonconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the nonconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Notes to the Readers of Independent Auditor's Report

This is an English translation of the independent auditor's report as required by the Companies Act of Japan for the conveniences of the reader. "The accompanying supplemental schedules" referred to in the "Opinion" section of this English translation are not included in the attached financial documents. In addition, the other information in "the accompanying supplemental schedules" referred to in the "Other Information" section of this English translation is not translated.

Report by the Board of Statutory Auditors

AUDIT REPORT

With respect to the directors' performance of their duties during the 27th fiscal year (from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025), the Board of Statutory Auditors has prepared this audit report after deliberations based on the audit reports prepared by each Statutory Auditor, and hereby reports as follows.

- 1. Method and Contents of Audit by Each Statutory Auditor and Board of Statutory Auditors
 - (1) The Board of Statutory Auditors has established the audit policies, assignment of duties, etc. and received a report from each Statutory Auditor regarding the status of implementation of their audits and results thereof. In addition, the Board of Statutory Auditors has received reports from the Directors and the Accounting Auditor regarding the status of performance of their duties, and requested explanations as necessary.
 - (2) In conformity with the Statutory Auditors' auditing standards established by the Board of Statutory Auditors, and in accordance with the audit policies and assignment of duties, etc., each of the Statutory Auditors endeavored to facilitate a mutual understanding with the directors, the internal audit division, and other employees, etc., endeavored to collect information and maintain and improve the audit environment, and conducted the audit in the following manner.
 - (i) Each Statutory Auditor has attended the meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, received reports on the status of performance of duties from the directors and other employees and requested explanations as necessary, examined important approval/decision documents, and inspected the status of the corporate affairs and assets at the Company's head office. With respect to subsidiaries, each Statutory Auditor endeavored to facilitate a mutual understanding and exchanged information with the directors and statutory auditors, etc. of each subsidiary and received from subsidiaries reports on their respective business as necessary.
 - (ii) In relation to (a) the contents of the Board of Directors' resolutions regarding the development and maintenance of the system to ensure that the Directors' performance of their duties described in the Business Report complied with all laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation and other systems set out in Article 100, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act of Japan as being necessary for ensuring the appropriateness of the corporate affairs of a joint stock company (kabushiki kaisha) and the corporate group consisting of its subsidiaries, and (b) the systems (internal control systems) based on those resolutions, each Statutory Auditor has regularly received reports on the structure of that system and status of operation from Directors and other employees, requested explanations as necessary, and expressed its opinion. With respect to internal controls over financial reporting, the Board of Statutory Auditors has received reports regarding assessments and the status of auditing of such internal controls from the Directors, etc. and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC and requested explanations as necessary.

(iii) Each Statutory Auditor monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditor maintained its independence and properly conducted its audit, received a report from the Accounting Auditor on the status of their performance of duties, and requested explanations as necessary. Each Statutory Auditor was notified by the Accounting Auditor that it had established a "system to ensure that the performance of the duties of the Accounting Auditor was properly conducted" (the matters listed in the items of Article 131 of the Ordinance of Companies Accounting) in accordance with the "Quality Control Standards for Audits" (Business Accounting Council), and requested explanations as necessary. With respect to Key Audit Matters, each Statutory Auditor consulted with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC and received reports regarding the status of performance of their audits, and requested explanations as necessary.

Based on the above-described methods, each Statutory Auditor examined the Business Report and the supplementary statements, the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements (the balance sheets, the statements of operations, the statements of changes in net assets, and the related notes) and the supplementary statements, and the Consolidated Financial Statements (the consolidated statement of financial position, the related consolidated statements of income and changes in net assets, and the related notes that were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards with some omissions of disclosure items pursuant to the latter part of first paragraph of Article 120 of the Ordinance of Companies Accounting) for the fiscal year under consideration.

2. Results of Audit

- (1) Results of Audit of Business Report, etc.
 - (i) We acknowledge that the Business Report and the supplementary statements fairly present the status of the Company in conformity with the applicable laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation.
 - (ii) We acknowledge that no misconduct or material fact constituting a violation of laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation was found with respect to the Directors' performance of their duties.
 - (iii) We acknowledge that the Board of Directors' resolutions with respect to the internal control systems are appropriate. We did not find any matter in the Business Report or the Directors' performance of their duties concerning the internal control systems that required mentioning.
- (2) Results of Audit of the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements and the Supplementary Statements

We acknowledge that the methods and results of audit performed by the Accounting Auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, are appropriate.

(3) Results of Audit of the Consolidated Financial StatementsWe acknowledge that the methods and results of audit performed by the Accounting Auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC, are appropriate.

May 28, 2025

The Board of Statutory Auditors of SBI Holdings, Inc. Standing Outside Statutory Auditor:

Toru Ichikawa	(seal)
Standing Statutory Auditor	
Takahiro Yoshida	(seal)
Outside Statutory Auditor:	
Yasuo Sekiguchi	(seal)
Statutory Auditor:	
Akemi Mochizuki	(seal)

-End-

THE REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

First Item of Business: Election of Fifteen (15) Directors

The term of office of all fourteen (14) current Directors expires as of the end of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. In this regard, the Company proposes that fifteen (15) Directors be elected.

Idate of Birth) April 1974 Entered Nomura Scurities Co., Ltd. June 1995 Executive Vice President and CFO of SOFTBANK CORP. (Current SoftBank Group Corp.) March 1999 Representative Director of Softbank Finance Corp. (Currently, SoftBank Group Corp.) July 1999 Representative Director and President of the Company June 2003 Representative Director and CEO of the Company June 2004 Director and Chairman of B*TRADE SECURITIES Co., Ltd. (Current SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.) June 2007 Director of SBI VEN HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. (present) April 2008 Director and Chairman of SBI ALApromo Co., Ltd. (Current SBI Investment Co., Ltd.) June 2007 Director of SBI VEN HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. (present) April 2008 Director and Chairman of SBI ALApromo Co., Ltd. (Current SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.) June 2010 Representative Director and Chairman of SBI SECURITIES Co., L (present) (January 21, 1951) Feb. 2011 Director of SBI Japannext Co., Ltd. (Currently, Japannext Co., Lt 1 Number of Company's Shares Owned: July 2012 Director and Chairman of SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limit (present) 1 Number of Shares May 2013 Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Ltd.	Number	Name	Career Sumr	nary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices
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Company's Shares Owned: 4,327,960Management Co., Ltd.) (present)sharesJuly 2012 (present)Representative Director of SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limit (present)sharesMay 2013 June 2014Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Investment Co., Ltd. June 2014June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd. June 2014June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd. Nov. 2015Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)April 2016Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, S ALApharma Co., Limited)June 2016Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present)Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdir Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)	1	Number of		
Shares Owned: 4,327,960 sharesJuly 2012Representative Director of SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limit (present)May 2013Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Investment Co., Ltd. June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd. June 2014June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd. Nov. 2015Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)April 2016Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, S ALApharma Co., Limited)June 2016Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present)Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)	1		July 2012	
sharesMay 2013Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Investment Co., Ltd.June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.Nov. 2015Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)April 2016Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, S ALApharma Co., Limited)June 2016Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present)Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdir Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)		Shares Owned:	July 2012	Representative Director of SBI Hong Kong Holdings Co., Limited
June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.Nov. 2015Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)April 2016Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, S ALApharma Co., Limited)June 2016Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present)Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)			May 2013	
June 2014Director and Chairman of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd.Nov. 2015Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)April 2016Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, S ALApharma Co., Limited)June 2016Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present)Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)		Shares		-
 Nov. 2015 Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.) April 2016 Director of SBI ALA Hong Kong Co., Limited (Currently, SALApharma Co., Limited) June 2016 Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present) Nov. 2016 Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.) October 2017 Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.) 				
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ALApharma Co., Limited) June 2016 Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present) Nov. 2016 Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.) October 2017 Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)			A	
June 2016 Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., L (present) Nov. 2016 Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.) October 2017 Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)			April 2016	
Nov. 2016Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Current SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)October 2017Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)			June 2016	Representative Director, President of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.
SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.) October 2017 Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdir Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)				(present)
October 2017 Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdin Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd.)			Nov. 2016	Representative Director of SBI Virtual Currencies Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd.)
			October 2017	Representative Director and President of SBI Crypto Currency Holdings
I June 2018 Representative Director and Chairman of SDL DINANCIAL CEDI/IC			Juna 2019	Representative Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES
June 2018 Representative Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVIC Co., Ltd.			June 2018	1
June 2018 Representative Director, President & CEO of the Company			June 2018	Representative Director, President & CEO of the Company
July 2018 Representative Director of SBI NEO FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd			July 2018	Representative Director of SBI NEO FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.

1. The candidates for Directors to be reelected upon expiry of the term of office are as follows:

	June 2019	Representative Director & President of SBI Global Asset Management			
		Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.)			
	June 2020	Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co.,			
		Ltd.			
	Aug. 2020	Representative Director & President of Regional Revitalization Partners			
	e	Co., Ltd. (present)			
	June 2021	Director and Chairman of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd.			
		(present)			
	Jan. 2022	Representative Director & President of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd. (present)			
	Feb. 2022	Representative Director, Chairman and President of SBI Investment Co.,			
		Ltd. (present)			
	July 2022	Representative Director, Chairman, President & CEO of the Company			
	-	(present)			
	June 2023	Director & Chairman of SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd. (present)			
	Sep. 2023	Representative Director of SBI ALApharma Co., Limited (present)			
	May 2025	Representative Director and Chairman of SBI Neomedia Holdings Co.,			
		Ltd. (present)			
		ed Mr. Yoshitaka Kitao as a candidate for Director			
		nstrated excellent management capabilities as Representative Director,			
President & CEO since the Company's establishment, establishing a strong business foundation for the					
Group, including building a financial conglomerate focused on Internet-based financial services for the					
Financial Services Business, which covers a broad range of business activities including securities brokerage					
business, banking services business, and property and casualty insurance business, in addition to leading the					
expansion of businesses in Japan and abroad. He has excellent knowledge and a wealth of experience in					
general managerial issues, and the Company has again selected him as a candidate for Director because the					
	ne will continu	e to be essential for the sustainable enhancement of the corporate value of			
 the Group.					

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices		
Number	(Date of Birth)		Held		
		April 1992	Entered The Sanwa Bank, Limited (Currently, MUFG Bank, Ltd.)		
		March 2005	Entered E*TRADE SECURITIES Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI SECURITIES		
			Co., Ltd.)		
		Oct. 2005	General Manager of Corporate Dept. of E*TRADE SECURITIES Co.,		
			Ltd. (Currently, SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.)		
		March 2006	Executive Officer and General Manager of Corporate Dept. of E*TRADE		
			SECURITIES Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.)		
		June 2007	Director and Executive Officer, management of Corporate Dept. of SBI		
			E*TRADE SECURITIES Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI SECURITIES Co.,		
			Ltd.)		
	Masato	April 2012	Managing Director, management of Corporate Dept. of SBI SECURITIES		
	Takamura		Co., Ltd.		
	(February 26,	March 2013	Representative Director and President of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
	(1969)		(present)		
	1909)	June 2013	Director of the Company		
	Number of Company's	June 2016	Director & Managing Executive Officer of the Company		
		June 2017	Director & Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company		
2	Shares Owned:	June 2018	Representative Director and President of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES		
2	600,000 shares		Co., Ltd. (present)		
		June 2018	Director, Senior Executive Vice President of the Company		
		July 2018	Director of SBI NEO FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd. (present)		
		March 2019	Director of Money Tap Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Remit Co., Ltd.)		
		June 2019	Representative Director, Senior Executive Vice President of the Company		
		1 2020	(present)		
		June 2020	Director of Rheos Capital Works Inc.		
		Dec. 2020 Jan. 2021	Outside Director of Ascot Corp.		
		Jan. 2021 Aug. 2021	Director of The Global Ltd. (present) Outside Director of ALBERT Inc.		
		Aug. 2021 June 2023	Director of SBI Regional Revitalization Services Co., Ltd. (present)		
		June 2023 June 2024	Representative Director of SBI PTS Holdings Co., Ltd. (present)		
-	Reason why the C		ed Mr. Masato Takamura as a candidate for Director		
			as Representative Director and President of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.,		
			with of the securities businesses, and has a wealth of experience and broad		
	knowledge as a manager. In addition, he has been responsible for the Financial Services Business as				
			sident of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd. since June 2018, and the		
	Company has again selected him as a candidate for Director because the Company deems it can be expected				
			e to the sustainable enhancement of the corporate value of the Group.		

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices
Number	(Date of Birth)		Held
		April 1989	Entered The Hokkaido Takushoku Bank, Ltd.
		June 1995	Entered SOFTBANK CORP. (Currently, SoftBank Group Corp.)
		Nov. 1998	Entered Morningstar Japan K.K. (Currently, SBI Global Asset
			Management Co., Ltd.)
		July 2004	Representative Director and President of Morningstar Japan K.K.
			(Currently, SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.) (present)
		June 2007	Director & Executive Officer of the Company
		May 2009	Representative Director and President of Morningstar Asset Management
			Co., Ltd. (Currently, Wealth Advisor Co., Ltd.) (present)
		April 2011	Director of SBI Asset Management Co., Ltd.
		June 2012	Director & Managing Executive Officer of the Company
		June 2013	Director & Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company
		June 2017	Director of SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd. (present)
		March 2018	Director of SBI CoVenture Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI
	Tomoya		Alternative Investment Management Co., Ltd.) (present)
	Asakura	March 2018	Director of SBI Regional Revitalization Asset Management Co., Ltd.
	Asakula		(Currently, SBI Asset Management Co., Ltd.)
	(March 16,	June 2018	Senior Managing Director of the Company
	1966)	Feb. 2019	Director of Carret Holdings, Inc. (present)
)	June 2019	Director of SBI Bond Investment Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI
	Number of	G 0010	Asset Management Co., Ltd.)
	Company's	Sep. 2019	Representative Director of SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.
3	Shares Owned:	D 2021	(Currently, SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.)
	355,000 shares	Dec. 2021	Director of SBI Sumishin Net Bank, Ltd.
		July 2022 Dec. 2022	Director, Senior Executive Vice President of the Company (present)
		Dec. 2022	Director of Shinsei Investment Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Asset Management Co., Ltd.)
		Jan. 2023	Director of Okasan Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Okasan
		Jan. 2023	Asset Management Co., Ltd.) (present)
		June 2023	Representative Director & President of SBI Asset Management Group Co.,
		5 une 2025	Ltd. (present)
		June 2023	Representative Director, Chairman, and CEO of SBI Asset Management
		0 0000 2020	Co., Ltd. (present)
		June 2023	Director of Rheos Capital Works Inc.
		Feb. 2024	Director of SBI Alternative Asset Management Co., Ltd. (present)
		April 2024	Director of SBI Rheos Hifumi Inc. (present)
		May 2024	Director of SBI-Man Asset Management Co., Ltd. (present)
		June 2024	Director of SBI Crypto Asset Holdings Co., Ltd. (present)
		April 2025	Chairman of SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd. (present)
	Reason why the C	Company select	ed Mr. Tomoya Asakura as a candidate for Director
	Mr. Tomoya Asa	kura has serve	ed as Representative Director, President & CEO of SBI Global Asset
			tly contributed to growth in all aspects of asset management, including the
			I the Investment Management business, and has a wealth of experience and
			The Company has again selected him as a candidate for Director because the
			ted that he will continue to contribute to the sustainable enhancement of the
	corporate value of	the Group.	

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices		
	(Date of Birth)	0 / 1001	Held		
		Oct. 1991	Entered Ota and Showa Audit Corporation (Currently, Ernst & Young		
			ShinNihon LLC) (assistant certified public accountant)		
		April. 1995	Registered as a certified public accountant		
		May 2006	Director, Financial Services Section, Financial Audit Department of Shin Nihon & Co. (Currently, Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC)		
		July 2007	Entered the Company		
		Aug. 2007	General Counsel, Internal Auditing Department of the Company		
		June 2010	Director of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		June 2013	Executive Director, management of Corporate Audit Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		Aug. 2013	General Manager, Internal Audit Department of SBI Sumishin Net Bank, Ltd.		
		June 2018	Director, General Manager of Risk Management Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
	G (Dec. 2018	Executive Officer of the Company		
	Satoe Kusakabe	June 2019	Director of the Company		
		Oct. 2019	Director and General Manager of Risk Management Department and		
	(November 11, 1970)	000.2019	management of Customer Management Department of SBI		
		NI 2 010	SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
	Number of	Nov. 2019	Director of SBI VC Trade Co., Ltd. (present)		
	Company's Shares Owned: 2,000 shares	June 2020	Managing Director and General Manager of Risk Management Department and management of Customer Management Department		
4	2,000 shares	No. 2020	of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		Nov. 2020	Director of Japannext Co., Ltd. (present)		
		April 2021	Managing Director and General Manager of Risk Management Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		Oct. 2021	Managing Director and management of Risk Management Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		June 2022	Director of SBI Remit Co., Ltd. (present)		
		June 2022	Director of FXcoin Ltd.		
		July 2022	Managing Director of the Company (present)		
		Oct. 2022	Managing Director and General Manager of Risk Management		
			Department and management of IT Risk Management Department of		
			SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd.		
		April 2023	Director of SBI Zodia Custody Co., Ltd. (present)		
		April 2024	Managing Director and management of Risk Management		
		_	Department of SBI SECURITIES Co., Ltd. (present)		
	Reason why the C	Company select	ed Ms. Satoe Kusakabe as a candidate for Director		
	Ms. Satoe Kusaka	be has engaged	l in internal control and audit related tasks at companies as a certified public		
			experience in that field. In addition, she has conducted duties mainly in the		
			rtments at the Company and at SBI SECURITIES, Co., Ltd., which plays a		
			ices Business. With the importance of AML/CFT (Anti-Money Laundering		
			ism) continuing to rise in recent times, the Company has again selected her		
	as a candidate for Director because the Company deems it can be expected that she will utilize her wealth of				
	experience in that field to contribute to further strengthening and enhancing the risk management system of				
	the Group.				

Number	Name	Career Summ	ary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices
Inuilibei	(Date of Birth)		Held
Number	(Date of Birth) Shinji Matsui (April 4, 1958) Number of Company's	Career Summ April 1981 Sep. 1999 Sep. 2000 Nov. 2000 March 2001 June 2005 June 2005 June 2006 June 2006	
5	Shares Owned: 115,050 shares Reason why the	June 2008 June 2008 March 2009 June 2009 March 2023 June 2023 June 2023 Nov. 2023 Company select	Representative Director of SBI AutoSupport Co., Ltd. (present) Representative Director of SBI AutoSupport Co., Ltd. (present) Representative Director, President of SBI Benefit Systems Co., Ltd. (present) Representative Director of SBI Africa Co., Ltd. (present) Director of SS Trading Inc. (present) Director of the Company (present) Director of Benefit Solutions Co., Ltd. (present) eted Mr. Shinji Matsui as a candidate for Director
	Mr. Shinji Matsu Representative D experience and b office as a Repre expansion in new	i has served as F Director of SBI road knowledge esentative Direc v overseas mark pany deems it ca	Representative Director, President of SBI Benefit Systems Co., Ltd. and AutoSupport Co., Ltd. over a number of years and has a wealth of as a manager of financial service businesses. Furthermore, he assumed tor of SBI Africa Co., Ltd. from March 2023 and has lead business ets. The Company has again selected him as a candidate for Director an be expected that he will contribute to the sustainable enhancement of

Number	Name	Career Summary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent			
Nullibei	(Date of Birth)		Offices Held		
		April 1996	Entered Nikko Securities (Currently, SMBC Nikko Securities		
		-	Inc.)		
		Jan. 1999	Entered Oracle Corporation Japan		
	Motoaki	July 2007	Entered the Company		
	Shiino	Oct. 2011	Head of Corporate Communications Dept. of the Company		
		Oct. 2011	Head of Corporate Communications Dept. of SBI Investment		
	(March 12,		Co., Ltd.		
	1974)	June 2015	Executive Officer & Head of Corporate Communications Dept. of		
			the Company		
	Number of	June 2020	Director of SBI e-Sports Co., Ltd.		
	Company's	April 2022	Managing Executive Officer & Head of Corporate Communications		
6	Shares		Dept. of the Company		
	Owned:	Aug. 2022	Representative Director of SBI Non-Bank Holdings Co., Ltd.		
	10,000 shares		(present)		
		June 2023	Director & Head of Corporate Communications Dept. of the		
			Company (present)		
		Feb. 2024	Director of SBI Digital Community Co., Ltd. (present)		
	Reason why the Company selected Mr. Motoaki Shiino as a candidate for Director				
	Mr. Motoaki Shiino has served as the Head of Corporate Communications Dept. in charge of PR/IR				
	0,	1	imber of years and is well versed in group strategy. He also has a wealth		
	of practical experience and a high degree of expertise through his efforts in these areas. The Company				
	has again selected him as a candidate for Director because the Company deems it can be expected that				
	he will contribute	e to the sustaina	able enhancement of the corporate value of the Group.		

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices
Number	(Date of Birth)		Held
		April 1990	Assistant Professor, Faculty of Policy Management, Keio University
		April 1996	Professor, Faculty of Policy Management, Keio University
		April 2001	Minister of State for Economic and Fiscal Policy
		Sep. 2002	Minister of State for Financial Services, Minister of State for Economic and Fiscal Policy
		July 2004	Member of the House of Councilors
		Sep. 2004	Minister of State for Economic and Fiscal Policy, Minister of State for Postal Privatization
	Heizo Takenaka (March 3, 1951)	Oct. 2005	Minister of State for Internal Affairs and Communications, Minister of State for Postal Privatization
		Nov. 2006	The head of Global Security Research Institute, Keio University
	Number of	Dec. 2006	President of Academy Hills
	Company's	Aug. 2009	Chairman & Director, Pasona Group Inc.
	Shares Owned:	April 2010	Professor, Faculty of Policy Management, Keio University
	—	June 2015	Outside Director of ORIX Corporation
7		April 2016	Professor, Faculty of Regional Development Studies (Currently, Faculty
		_	of Global and Regional Studies), Toyo University
		April 2016	Emeritus Professor, Keio University (present)
		June 2016	Outside Director of the Company (present)
		Feb. 2018	Outside Director of MAYA SYSTEM Inc.
		Dec. 2020	Director of XICA Co., Ltd. (present)
		March 2023	Non Executive Chairman of Investcorp Japan, LLC (present)
		June 2024	Outside Director of Forum Engineering Inc. (present)
	Reason why the	Company sele	cted Mr. Heizo Takenaka as a candidate for Outside Director and
	outline of expect		
			Mr. Heizo Takenaka as a candidate for Outside Director because the
			dequately continue to conduct duties as an Outside Director of the
			of experience and broad knowledge, which includes having served
			State for Economic and Fiscal Policy, the Minister of State for Financial
			or Internal Affairs and Communications, and in other posts and teaching at
	Keio University a	nd Toyo Unive	rsity, while also serving as an outside director in private companies.

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices	
	(Date of Birth)		Held	
8	Yasuhiro Suzuki (February 28, 1965) Number of Company's Shares Owned: —	April 1987 Sep. 1996 April 1999 Aug. 1999 June 2000 July 2008 March 2014 March 2014 March 2017 June 2017 April 2020 April 2020 Aug. 2023 Dec. 2023	Entered Fujitsu Limited Entered SOFTBANK CORP. (Currently, SoftBank Group Corp.) Executive officer of SoftBank Commerce Corp. (Currently, SOFTBANK CORP.) Director of e-Shopping! Books Corp. (Currently, Seven Net Shopping Co., Ltd.) Representative Director and President of e-Shopping! Books Corp. (Currently, Seven Net Shopping Co., Ltd.) Director of Seven & i Netmedia Co., Ltd. Representative Director and President of Seven & i Netmedia Co., Ltd. Executive Officer, CIO of Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. Director & Executive Officer, CIO of Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. Representative Director and President of digitalshiftwave Co., Ltd. (present) Outside Director of the Company (present) President of Japan Omni Channel Association (present) Visiting Professor at Joho Keiei Innovation Senmonshoku Daigaku (present) Outside Director of Vertex Co., Ltd. (present) Professor at Tokyo City University, Gotoh Educational Corporation (present)	
	Reason why the Company selected Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki as a candidate for Outside Director and outline of expected role Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki has served successively as Representative Director and President of Seven & i Netmedia Co., Ltd., Director & Executive Officer, CIO of Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd., and in other posts, and has a wealth of experience in a wide range of fields, including Internet business. The Company again selected Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki as a candidate for Outside Director because the Company deems that he can			
	adequately continue to conduct duties as an Outside Director of the Company utili experience and broad knowledge.			

Number	Niimber		mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices	
i vaimoer	(Date of Birth)		Held	
		Jan. 1980	Entered US Marsh & McLennan International, Inc. (Currently, Marsh,	
			Inc.)	
	Hiroshi Ito	July 1983	Entered Marsh & McLennan K.K. (Currently, Marsh Japan, Inc.)	
		April 1999	Assigned to SOFTBANK CORP. (Currently, SoftBank Group Corp.)	
	(July 20, 1955)	April 2000	Director of InsWeb Inc. (Currently, the Company)	
		Dec. 2001	Retired from the position of Director of InsWeb Inc.	
	Number of	Nov. 2004	Director of Marsh Japan, Inc.	
	Company's	April 2005	Managing Director of US Marsh, Inc.	
	Shares Owned:	Jan. 2010	Representative Director (COO) of Marsh Japan, Inc.	
9	—	Aug. 2013	Member of the Finance Committee of Tokyo American Club (present)	
,		June 2020	Outside Director of the Company (present)	
		July 2020	Advisor of SBI Insurance Group Co., Ltd. (present)	
	Reason why the Company selected Mr. Hiroshi Ito as a candidate for Outside Director and outline of expected role			
	Mr. Hiroshi Ito has served successively in important positions, such as Representative Director of Marsh			
	Japan, Inc., which is a global leading company providing services related to insurance and risk			
	management, an	d has expert ki	nowledge in insurance fields that the Group will focus on. The Company	
	again selected Mr. Hiroshi Ito as a candidate for Outside Director because the Company deems that he			
	can adequately co	nduct duties a	s an Outside Director of the Company utilizing his wealth of experience	
	and broad know	ledge.		

Number	Name	Career Summary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held
	(Date of Birth)	
	Kanae Takeuchi	April 2001 Entered Tokyo Broadcasting System, Inc. (Currently, TBS HOLDINGS, INC.)
	Name Entered in Family Register: Kanae Kusakari (September 14, 1978) Number of Company's Shares Owned:	Nov. 2012Freelance announcer (present)June 2020Outside Director of the Company (present)May 2022Outside Director of dip Corporation (present)
10	_	

Number	Name	Career Sumr	nary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices		
Number	(Date of Birth)		Held		
		April 1982	Entered the Ministry of Finance (Okura-sho) (Currently, the Ministry of		
			Finance (Zaimu-sho))		
		July 1997	Director of the Planning and Co-ordination Office of the Overall Co-		
			ordination Division of the Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry of		
			Finance (Okura-sho) (Currently, the Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho))		
		June 1998	First Secretary of Japanese Embassy in Canada of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (<i>Gaimu-sho</i>)		
		Jan. 1999	Counsellor of Japanese Embassy in Canada of the Ministry of Foreign		
			Affairs (Gaimu-sho)		
		July 2001	Director for Fiscal Investment and Loan Program System of the Fiscal		
			Investment and Loan Program Division of the Financial Bureau of the		
			Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
	Junichi	July 2003	Director for Policy Planning of the Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry		
	Fukuda		of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
		July 2004	Budget Examiner for Health, Labour, and Welfare Unit of the Budget		
	(October 18,		Bureau of the Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
	1959)	July 2006	Director of the Legal Division of the Budget Bureau of the Ministry of		
			Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
	Number of Company's	July 2008	Director of the Policy Planning and Research Division of the Minister's		
	Shares Owned:	L-1-, 2000	Secretariat of the Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
11		July 2009	Director for the Minister's Secretariat of the Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry of Finance (<i>Zaimu-sho</i>)		
		Dec. 2009	Deputy Director-General of the Secretariat of the Office of Promotion of System for National Public Officers		
		Aug. 2011	Deputy Director-General of the Budget Bureau of the Ministry of		
		1146.2011	Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
		July 2014	Deputy Vice-Minister of the Ministry of Finance (<i>Zaimu-sho</i>)		
		July 2015	Director-General of the Budget Bureau of the Ministry of Finance		
		5	(Zaimu-sho)		
		July 2017	Administrative Vice Minister of the Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
		April 2018	Resigned from the Ministry of Finance (Zaimu-sho)		
		Oct. 2018	Commissioned Lecturer at SBI Graduate School (present)		
		June 2021	Outside Director of the Company (present)		
		June 2021	Attorney-At-Law and Of Counsel at URYU & ITOGA (present)		
			lected Mr. Junichi Fukuda as a candidate for Outside Director and		
	outline of expec				
	Mr. Junichi Fukuda has served successively as the Administrative Vice Minister of the Ministry of Finance				
	and in other posts and has a wealth of experience in general financial issues. The Company has again selected Mr. Junichi Fukuda as a candidate for Outside Director because the Company deems that he can				
			Outside Director of the Company offering constructive opinions on all		
			business, especially in fields such as enhancement of cooperation with		
			d regional revitalization.		
	- U		Ÿ		

Number	Name	Career Sumn	nary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices		
Number	(Date of Birth)		Held		
		April 1983	Entered the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (Norin-		
			Suisan-sho)		
		March 2002	Counsellor, Cabinet Secretariat of the Prime Minister's Official		
			Residence		
		Oct. 2006	Director of the Environmental Policy Division of the Minister's		
			Secretariat of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries		
		. 1. 2 00 7	(Norin-Suisan-sho)		
		July 2007	Director of the Policy Planning and Evaluation Division of the		
			Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and		
		A mil 2008	Fisheries (Norin-Suisan-sho)		
		April 2008	Director of the Food Security Division of the Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (<i>Norin-Suisan-sho</i>)		
		April 2009	Director of the Policy Planning Division of the Minister's Secretariat of		
		April 2007	the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (<i>Norin-Suisan-sho</i>)		
	Hiroyuki	July 2010	Director-General of the Forest Policy Planning Department of the		
	Suematsu	0019 2010	Forestry Agency of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries		
	Suchausa		(Norin-Suisan-sho)		
	(May 28,	April 2014	Director-General of the Kanto Regional Agricultural Administration		
	1959)	_	Office of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (Norin-		
			Suisan-sho)		
	Number of	Aug. 2015	Director-General of the Rural Development Bureau of the Ministry of		
	Company's		Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (Norin-Suisan-sho)		
12	Shares Owned:	June 2016	Director-General of the Industrial Science and Technology Policy and		
12	—		Environment Bureau of the Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry		
		L.L. 2019	(Keizai-Sangyo-sho)		
		July 2018	Vice-Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (<i>Norin-Suisan-sho</i>)		
		Aug. 2020	Resigned from the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries		
		11ug. 2020	(Norin-Suisan-sho)		
		Jan. 2021	Professor at Research Institute for Agricultural and Life Sciences of		
			Tokyo University of Agriculture		
		June 2021	Outside Director of the Company (present)		
		Oct. 2021	Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) of TRE		
			HOLDINGS CORPORATION (present)		
		Dec. 2021	Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member) of		
			Nexyz.Group Corporation		
		April 2022	Project Professor at Research Institute of Tokyo University of		
	Desson why the	Company sele	Agriculture (present)		
	outline of expec		cted Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu as a candidate for Outside Director and		
			d successively as the Vice-Minister of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries		
	and in other posts and has a wealth of experience in all aspects of the agriculture, forestry, and fisherie				
	industry and food industry. The Company has again selected Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu as a candidate for				
	Outside Director	because the Cor	npany deems that he can adequately conduct duties as an Outside Director		
			isiness fields of the Group, such as participating in management of Osaka		
	Dojima Exchange, Inc., which deals with commodity futures, and utilizing blockchain in supply chain				
	management, and by offering constructive opinions in such fields.				

Number	Name	Career Summ	nary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices	
Number	(Date of Birth)	Held		
		June 2005	Entered Kobelco Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.	
		Sep. 2012	Attorney at Law at Taft Stettinius & Hollister LLP. (admitted to Ohio	
		-	State Bar (USA))	
		Sep. 2014	Entered the Company	
	Masashi	April 2018	General Counsel, Legal & Compliance Dept. of SBI Digital Asset	
	Okuyama	-	Holdings Co., Ltd.	
	5	May 2018	General Counsel, Legal Dept. of SBI Investment Co. Ltd. (present)	
	(May 19,	Dec. 2021	Executive Officer, Legal & Compliance Dept. (Currently, Legal Dept.)	
	1983)		of the Company (present)	
		Feb. 2022	Representative Director and CEO of SBI Ripple Asia Co., Ltd. (present)	
	Number of	Feb. 2022	Member, Board of Directors of Ripple Labs Inc. (present)	
13	Company's	Dec. 2022	Executive Officer and Head of Digital Space Office of the Company	
15	Shares Owned:		(present)	
	2,000 shares	May 2023	Member, Board of Directors of Zodia Custody Limited (present)	
		Feb. 2024	Director of SBI Digital Community Co. Ltd. (present)	
		March 2025	Member, Supervisory Board of Solaris SE (present)	
		April 2025	Representative Director and President of SBI Digital Asset Holdings	
			Co., Ltd. (present)	
			cted Mr. Masashi Okuyama as a candidate for Director	
	Mr. Masashi Okuyama has served as an officer in charge of legal affairs and compliance in the Group as			
	•		ne Ohio State Bar (USA) and has a wealth of practical experience and a	
	well-refined sense of ethics. The Company has selected him as a candidate for Director because the			
	Company deems it can be expected that he will contribute to the sustainable enhancement of the corporate			
	value of the Grou	р.		

2. The candidates for new Directors are as follows:

Number Name Career Summary, Position, Responsibilities an		mary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices			
Number	(Date of Birth)	Held			
Number 14	1 (01110	April 2001 Jan. 2005 Jan. 2018 June 2018 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Feb. 2024 Nov. 2024	HeldEntered SoftBank Technology Corp. (Currently, SB Technology Corp.)Entered the CompanyGeneral Manager, Head of Accounting Department of the CompanyCorporate Auditor of SBI Liquidity Market Co., Ltd. (present)Executive Officer (in charge of accounting and finance) & Head ofAccounting Department of the CompanyRepresentative Director of SBI Incubation Co., Ltd. (present)Statutory Auditor of SBI Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (present)Director of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd. (present)Director of SBI FINANCIAL SERVICES Co., Ltd. (present)Director of SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd. (present)Director of SBI Digital Asset Holdings Co., Ltd. (present)		
	Passon why the	May 2025	Director of SBI Security Solutions Co., Ltd. (present)		
	Reason why the Company selected Mr. Yasuo Nishikawa as a candidate for Director Mr. Yasuo Nishikawa has provided support in relation to the accounting and financial aspects of the				
	Group's management strategy. In addition to considerable professional knowledge regarding accounting,				
	he possesses a well-refined sense of ethics. The Company has selected him as a candidate for Director				
	because the Company deems it can be expected that he will contribute to the sustainable enhancement of				
	the corporate value of the Group.				

Number	Name	nary, Position, Responsibilities and Other Significant Concurrent Offices						
Nullioci	(Date of Birth)	Held						
		April 1986	Entered Sumitomo Bank (Currently, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking					
			Corporation)					
		Oct. 1999	Secretary to a Member of the House of Representatives and Private					
			Secretary to a Minister of State					
		Sep. 2005	Elected as a Member of the House of Representatives (first term)					
	Takao Ochi	Dec. 2012	Elected as a Member of the House of Representatives (second term)					
		Sep. 2014	Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of the Cabinet Office (in charge					
	(Feb. 27,		of finance, etc.)					
	1964)	Dec. 2014	Elected as a Member of the House of Representatives (third term)					
		Aug. 2016	Senior Vice-Minister of the Cabinet Office (in charge of economic and					
	Number of		fiscal policy, finance, etc.)					
	Company's	Oct. 2017	Elected as a member of the House of Representatives (fourth term)					
	Shares Owned:	Oct. 2020	Chairperson of the Committee on Finance and Financial Matters, the					
	—		House of Representatives					
15		Oct. 2021	Elected as a Member of the House of Representatives (fifth term)					
		Oct. 2023	Director of the Budget Committee, the House of Representatives					
		Jan. 2025	Senior Fellow of Japan Productivity Center (present)					
		Feb. 2025	Chairman of the Institute for International Strategy, The Japan Research Institute, Limited (present)					
	Peacon why the	Company sel	ected Mr. Takao Ochi as a candidate for Outside Director and outline					
	of expected role	Company serv	celed with Takao Oem as a candidate for Outside Director and outline					
		a bank Mr Ta	kao Ochi served as a Member of the House of Representatives for many					
	years and has a wealth of experience and knowledge in relation to politics and economics. He has served							
	successively as Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of the Cabinet Office, Senior Vice-Minister of the							
	Cabinet Office, Chairperson of the Committee on Finance and Financial Matters in the House of							
	Representatives, Director of the Budget Committee in the House of Representatives, and in other posts,							
	demonstrating his capabilities in policy making and legislative review. The Company has selected Mr.							
	Takao Ochi as a candidate for Outside Director because the Company deems that he can adequately							
	conduct duties as an Outside Director of the Company utilizing his wealth of experience and broad							
	knowledge.							

(Notes)

- 1. None of the candidates have any special interest in the Company.
- 2. Mr. Heizo Takenaka, Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki, Mr. Hiroshi Ito, Ms. Kanae Takeuchi, Mr. Junichi Fukuda, Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu, and Mr. Takao Ochi are candidates for Outside Director.
- 3. The Company designated Mr. Heizo Takenaka, Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki, Mr. Hiroshi Ito, Ms. Kanae Takeuchi, Mr. Junichi Fukuda, and Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu as independent directors under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and has notified the Exchange. If the reelections of Mr. Takenaka, Mr. Suzuki, Mr. Ito, Ms. Takeuchi, Mr. Fukuda, and Mr. Suematsu are approved, the Company will again designate them as independent directors.
- 4. If Mr. Takao Ochi is elected as proposed, the Company will designate Mr. Ochi as an independent director under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and notify the Exchange.
- 5. Although Ms. Kanae Takeuchi, Mr. Junichi Fukuda, Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu, and Mr. Takao Ochi have not been directly involved in company management, the Company has judged that they can properly perform their duties as Outside Directors in accordance with the reasons why the Company selected Ms. Takeuchi, Mr. Fukuda, Mr. Suematsu, and Mr. Ochi as candidates for Outside Director.
- 6. Mr. Junichi Fukuda serves as a Commissioned Lecturer at SBI Graduate School, and Educational Corporation of SBI Graduate School, which established SBI Graduate School, is not a subsidiary or an affiliated company of the Company. Mr. Junichi Fukuda is not employed by that corporation, does not execute the business of that corporation, and does not receive any compensation from that corporation.
- 7. Mr. Heizo Takenaka is currently an Outside Director of the Company, and he will have served for nine (9) years as an Outside Director as of the end of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki is currently an Outside Director of the Company, and he will have served for eight (8) years as an Outside Director as of the end of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. Mr. Hiroshi Ito and Ms. Kanae Takeuchi are currently Outside Directors of the Company, and they will each have served for five (5) years as Outside Directors as of the end of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

Mr. Junichi Fukuda and Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu are currently Outside Directors of the Company, and they will each have served for four (4) years as Outside Directors as of the end of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

- 8. The Company maintains individual agreements with each of Mr. Heizo Takenaka, Mr. Yasuhiro Suzuki, Mr. Hiroshi Ito, Ms. Kanae Takeuchi, Mr. Junichi Fukuda, and Mr. Hiroyuki Suematsu to limit each of their liability for compensation under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. The limit of that liability is the higher amount of either 1,000,000 yen or the minimum liability amount under laws and regulations in accordance with Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and the provision of Article 25, Paragraph 2 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The Company will continue those individual agreements with each of Mr. Takenaka, Mr. Suzuki, Mr. Ito, Ms. Takeuchi, Mr. Fukuda, and Mr. Suematsu if their respective reelections are approved.
- 9. If the election of Mr. Takao Ochi is approved, the Company will execute with Mr. Ochi the same individual agreement to limit the liability for compensation as those described above.
- 10. The Company has executed with an insurance company a directors' and officers' liability insurance contract provided for in Article 430-3(1) of the Companies Act. If a claim for damages attributable to an action (or inaction) committed by the insured (including directors of the Company) based on his or her status as a director or officer is made, the damages, court costs, and the like that are borne by the insured will be covered. If each candidate is elected as, and assumes the office of, a Director, the candidate will be the insured under that insurance contract. The Company intends to renew that insurance contract with similar contents upon the next renewal.

Number	Name	Management/ Business strategy	Financial industry	Experience in other industries	Global experience	Technology	Finance/ Accounting	Legal affairs/ Compliance/ Risk management	Sustainability
1	Yoshitaka Kitao	1	1	1	1	1	1		
2	Masato Takamura	~	1						
3	Tomoya Asakura	1	~	1	~		~		
4	Satoe Kusakabe		1	1			1	1	
5	Shinji Matsui	1	1	1	1	1			
6	Motoaki Shiino		1	1			1		1
7	Heizo Takenaka	1	1	1	1				1
8	Yasuhiro Suzuki	1		1		1			
9	Hiroshi Ito	1	1		1			1	
10	Kanae Takeuchi			1	1				1
11	Junichi Fukuda		1	1	1		1	1	
12	Hiroyuki Suematsu			1		1		1	J
13	Masashi Okuyama	1	1	1	1			1	
14	Yasuo Nishikawa	1	1	1		1	1	1	
15	Takao Ochi		1	1	1			1	1

Second Item of Business: Election of Two (2) Statutory Auditors

Since Standing Statutory Auditor Takahiro Yoshida and Statutory Auditor Yasuo Sekiguchi will retire by resignation from office as of the end of the 27th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company proposes the election of two Statutory Auditors as substitutes. As set out in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the term of office of the Statutory Auditors elected as substitutes will be until the expiration of the term of office of the retiring Statutory Auditors.

The Board of Statutory Auditors consents to this Second Item of Business.

Number	Name	Career Sum	mary, Position and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held
	(Date of Birth)		
		April 1987	Entered Sogo Horei Co., Ltd. (Currently, Sogo Horei
			Publishing Co., Ltd.)
		May 1999	Registered as Attorney at Law, Admitted to New York Bar (USA)
		Nov. 1999	Entered Softbank Finance Corp. (Currently, SoftBank Corp.)
		June 2001	Manager, Legal Dept. of Softbank Finance Corp. (Currently, SoftBank Corp.)
		June 2004	Statutory Auditor, Benefit Systems Co., Ltd. (Currently, SBI Benefit Systems Co., Ltd.)
		Nov. 2004	Entered the Company
		April 2007	Deputy General Counsel, Legal Dept. of the Company
	NG 11	June 2009	Executive Officer of the Company
	Masayuki	July 2009	Executive Officer & General Counsel, International Legal
	Yamada	5	Dept. of the Company
	(October 13, 10(2))	June 2014	Executive Officer & General Counsel, Legal & Compliance
	1962)		Dept. of the Company
	Number of	April 2015	General Counsel, Legal Dept. of SBI Investment Co. Ltd.
	Company's	Nov. 2015	Statutory Auditor of SBI Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.
1	Shares Owned:		(Currently, SBI Asset Management Group Co., Ltd.) (present)
1	39,030 shares	June 2016	Director & Executive Officer & General Counsel, Legal & Compliance Dept. of the Company
		July 2016	Director of SBI Ventures Two Co., Ltd. (present)
		March 2017	Director of SBI Incubation Co., Ltd. (present)
		June 2017	Director of SBI Internet Capital Co., Ltd.
		June 2018	Director & General Counsel, Legal & Compliance Dept. of the Company
		Jan. 2019	Director of SBI CAPITAL Co., Ltd. (present)
		Oct. 2021	Director of SBI Art Auction Co., Ltd.
		Jan. 2022	Director of SBI Capital Management Co., Ltd. (present)
		May 2024	Director & General Counsel, Legal Department of the
			Company (present)
		May 2025	Director of the Company (present)
	Reason why the C	Company select	ed Mr. Masayuki Yamada as a candidate for Statutory Auditor
	Mr. Masayuki Yai	mada has serve	d as an officer in charge of legal affairs and compliance in the
			itted to the New York Bar (USA) and has a wealth of practical
			nse of ethics. The Company has selected him as a candidate for
			ompany deems it can be expected that he will contribute to the
	sustainable enhan	cement of the c	orporate value of the Group.

Candidates for Statutory Auditors to be newly elected are as follows:

Number	Name	Career Summary, Position and Other Significant Concurrent				
	(Date of Birth)		Offices Held			
		April 2000	Registered as Attorney at Law (Tokyo Bar			
			Association)			
			Entered Mori Sogo (Currently, Mori Hamada &			
			Matsumoto)			
		April 2004	Representative Partner of Murata & Wakatsuki Law Offices (present)			
		April 2008	Lecturer in the Law School of Hosei University			
		1	(while concurrently serving in other positions)			
		April 2010	Professor in the Law School of Hosei University			
	Tetsutaro Wakatsuki	_	(while concurrently serving in other positions)			
	(October 22, 1974)	Dec. 2012	Outside Auditor of Do House Inc. (currently excrie			
			Inc.)			
	Number of Company's	March 2015	Outside Auditor of Otsuka Corporation			
	Shares Owned:	June 2015	Outside Statutory Auditor of SBI MONEY			
2	—		PLAZA Co., Ltd.			
2		June 2019	Outside Director of The Michinoku Bank, Ltd.			
			(currently Aomori Michinoku Bank, Ltd.)			
		Nov. 2019	Supervisory Officer of Dream Hospitality REIT			
			Inc. (present)			
		June 2020	Outside Director of The Michinoku Bank, Ltd.			
			(Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) (a			
			part-time position)			
		April 2022	Outside Director of Procrea Holdings, Inc. (Audit			
			and Supervisory Committee Member) (present)			
	<i>v</i> 1 <i>v</i>	lected Mr. Tets	utaro Wakatsuki as a candidate for Outside Statutory			
	Auditor					
	Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki has a wealth of experience as an attorney and has expertise in general					
			s a candidate for Outside Statutory Auditor because			
	the Company deems that he can utilize his expertise to adequately conduct duties as an					
	Statutory Auditor of the Com	npany.				

(Notes)

- 1. The candidates have no special interest in the Company.
- 2. Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki is a candidate for Outside Statutory Auditor.
- 3. If Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki is elected as proposed, the Company will designate him as an independent auditor under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and notify the Exchange.
- 4. Although Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki has not been directly involved in company management in a way other than being Outside Director or Outside Statutory Auditor, the Company has judged that he can properly perform his duties as an Outside Statutory Auditor in accordance with the reason why the Company selected him as a candidate for Outside Statutory Auditor.
- 5. Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki has previously served as a non-executive officer (Statutory Auditor) of a subsidiary of the Company.
- 6. If Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki is elected and assumes the office of an Outside Statutory Auditor, the Company will enter into an individual agreement with Mr. Tetsutaro Wakatsuki to limit his liability for compensation under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. The limit of that liability is the higher amount of either 1,000,000 yen or the minimum liability amount under laws and regulations in accordance with Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and the provision of Article 32, Paragraph 2 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

7. The Company has executed with an insurance company a directors' and officers' liability insurance contract provided for in Article 430-3(1) of the Companies Act. If a claim for damages attributable to an action (or inaction) committed by the insured (including Statutory Auditors of the Company) based on his or her status as a director or officer is made, the damages, court costs, and the like that are borne by the insured will be covered. If a candidate is elected and assumes the office of a Statutory Auditor, the candidate will be the insured under that insurance contract. The Company intends to renew that insurance contract with similar contents upon the next renewal.

Third Item of Business: Election of One (1) Substitute Statutory Auditor

In order to maintain the continuity of auditing even when the number of Statutory Auditors required under laws and regulations is lacking, the Company proposes that Mr. Tadayuki Sawada be elected as a substitute Statutory Auditor.

The effect of election of Mr. Tadayuki Sawada as a substitute Statutory Auditor may be revoked, only before his assumption of office, by a resolution of the Board of Directors with the consent of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The Board of Statutory Auditors consents to this Third Item of Business.

Name (Date of Birth)	Career Summary, Position and Other Significant Concurrent Offices Held		
	April 1996	Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court	
	April 1998	Assistant Judge of Kagoshima District/Family Court	
	April 2001	Assistant Judge of Saitama District/Family Court	
	Aug. 2003	Trainee of The United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for	
	-	the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders	
Tadayuki Sawada		(UNAFEI)	
(March 13, 1969)	April 2004	Assistant Judge and Head of Tsuruga Branch, Fukui	
	-	District/Family Court	
Number of Company's	April 2006	Judge and Head of Tsuruga Branch, Fukui District/Family Court	
Shares Owned:	April 2007	Judge of Osaka District Court	
_	April 2009	Lecturer at Kyoto Sangyo University Law School	
	April 2010	Registered as Attorney at Law (Dai-Ichi Tokyo Bar Association)	
	April 2010	Partner of Uryu & Itoga (present)	
	June 2023	Outside Director of ARUHI Corporation (Currently, SBI	
		ARUHI Corporation) (present) (scheduled to resign in June	
		2025)	
Reason why the Company se	lected Mr. Tad	ayuki Sawada as a candidate for substitute Statutory Auditor	

Mr. Tadayuki Sawada as a candidate for substitute Statutory Auditor Mr. Tadayuki Sawada has a wealth of experience as a judge and attorney and has expertise in general legal matters. The Company selected him as a candidate for substitute Statutory Auditor because the Company deems that he can utilize his expertise to adequately conduct duties as an Statutory Auditor of the Company.

(Notes)

- 1. Mr. Tadayuki Sawada has no special interest in the Company.
- 2. The Company has executed with an insurance company a directors' and officers' liability insurance contract provided for in Article 430-3(1) of the Companies Act. If a claim for damages attributable to an action (or inaction) committed by the insured (including Statutory Auditors of the Company) based on his or her status as a director or officer is made, the damages, court costs, and the like that are borne by the insured will be covered. If a candidate assumes the office of a Statutory Auditor, the candidate will be the insured under that insurance contract. The Company intends to renew that insurance contract with similar contents upon the next renewal.

— End —

Access to the Meeting Room of the 27th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

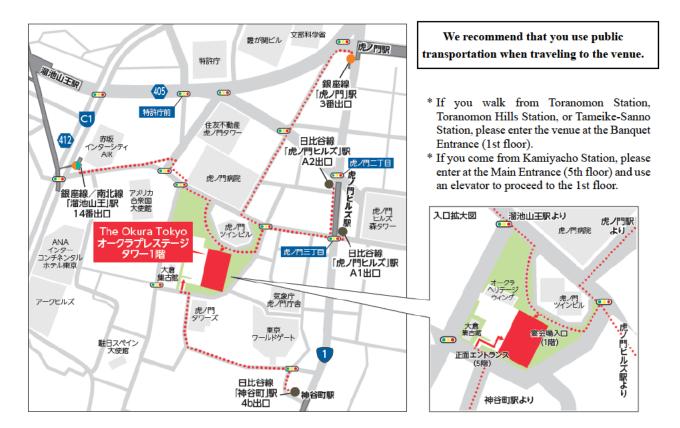
Location	Heian Room, 1st Floor, The Okura Prestige Tower of The Okura Tokyo
	2-10-4 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Access	Toranomon Station, Tokyo
	Metro/Ginza Line
	Tameike-Sanno Station, Tokyo
	Metro/Ginza Line or Namboku Line
	Toranomon Hills Station, Tokyo
	Metro/Hibiya Line
	Kamiyacho Station, Tokyo
	Metro/Hibiya Line

About ten minutes' walk from Exit 3

About ten minutes' walk from Exit 14

About six minutes' walk from Exit A1 and A2 About six minutes' walk from Exit 4b



Japanese	English
Map (Overall view)	
虎ノ門駅	Toranomon Station
銀座線「虎ノ門」駅3番出	Toranomon Sta (Tokyo Metro Ginza Line) Exit 3
П	
文部科学省	MEXT

霞が関ビル	Kasumigaseki Bldg.			
特許庁	Japan Patent Office			
特許庁前	"Japan Patent Office" (traffic lights)			
溜池山王駅	Tameike-Sanno Station			
住友不動産虎ノ門タワー	Sumitomo Fudosan Toranomon Tower			
虎ノ門病院	Toranomon Hospital			
赤坂インターシティAIR	Akasaka Intercity AIR			
銀座線/南北線「溜池山	Tameike-Sanno Sta (Tokyo Metro Ginza Line/Namboku			
王」駅14番出口	Line) Exit 14			
アメリカ合衆国大使館	Embassy of U.S.A.			
虎ノ門二丁目	Toranomon 2 (traffic lights)			
虎ノ門ヒルズ駅	Toranomon Hills Station			
虎ノ門三丁目	Toranomon 3 (traffic lights)			
日比谷線「虎ノ門ヒル	Toranomon Hills Sta (Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line) Exit A2			
ズ」駅A2出口				
日比谷線「虎ノ門ヒル	Toranomon Hills Sta (Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line) Exit A1			
ズ」駅A1出口				
虎ノ門ヒルズ森タワー	Toranomon Hills Mori Tower			
虎ノ門ツインビル	Toranomon Twin Bldg.			
The Okura Tokyoオークラ	1st Floor, The Okura Prestige Tower of The Okura Tokyo			
プレステージタワー1階				
大倉集古館	Okura Museum of Art			
気象庁虎ノ門庁舎	Toranomon Office Building of the Japan Meteorological			
	Agency			
東京ワールドゲート	Tokyo World Gate			
虎ノ門タワーズ	Toranomon Towers			
駐日スペイン大使館	Embassy of Spain			
神谷町駅	Kamiyacho Station			
日比谷線「神谷町」駅4b	Kamiyacho Sta (Tokyo Metro Hibiya Line) Exit 4b			
ANAインターコンチネン	ANA InterContinental Tokyo			
タルホテル東京				
アークヒルズ	Ark Hills			
Map (Enlarged map of the entrance)				

入口拡大図	Enlarged Map of the Entrance
溜池山王駅より	From Tameike-Sanno Station
虎ノ門駅より	From Toranomon Station
宴会場入口(1階)	Banquet Entrance (1st floor)
オークラヘリテージウィ	The Okura Heritage Wing
ング	
正面エントランス (5階)	Main Entrance (5th floor)
神谷町駅より	From Kamiyacho Station
虎ノ門ヒルズ駅より	From Toranomon Hills Station

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End of translation