# FY2025 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter Financial Results Overview

August 1, 2025







1Q financial highlights	2	Securities
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Results by business segment	5	Capital adequacy ratio
<ul><li>—GMO Aozora Net Bank (GANB)—</li><li>—Market &amp; International Business Unit / Customer Relations Unit—</li></ul>		Reference: Capital adequacy ratio (as of
Net interest income	8	Group companies
Non-interest income /	9	GMO Aozora Net Bank (GANB)  Reference: Aozora Group companies / consolidated, non-consolidated difference
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(Note) "1Q" refers to the period from April to June, "2Q" refers to the period from July to September, "3Q" refers to the period from October to December, and "4Q" refers to the period from January to March.

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### 1Q financial highlights

- ◆ An active domestic M&A market contributed to strong 1Q results, getting our Mid-term Plan off to a strong start
- ◆ Domestic earning assets\*¹ increased by approximately 120 billion yen, mainly in our Strategic Investments Business, compared to March 31, 2025

#### Net revenue

23.8 billion yen

3.0 billion yen increase year-on-year

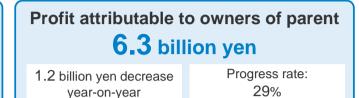
Progress rate: 25%

#### **Business-related profit\*2**

9.1 billion yen

2.0 billion yen increase year-on-year

Progress rate: 26%



1.1 billion yen increase, excluding the one-time

recorded in the previous year

gain from the liquidation of an overseas subsidiary

- \*1 Total of loans and securities (excluding loans to the government, government bonds, etc.)
- \*2 Business profit + Gains/losses on stock transactions, etc. (Gains/losses on stock transactions, etc. = Gains/losses on stock transactions + Provisions of allowance for investment loss + Gains/losses on equity derivatives)

#### **Business updates**

#### **Strategic Investments Business**

- Achieved strong performance mainly in LBO finance. Non-interest income such as loan-related fee income and gains/losses from limited partnerships also increased
- Domestic loan outstandings increased, mainly in corporate loans, which in part reflected the benefits of our alliance with Daiwa Securities
   Group

#### **GMO Aozora Net Bank (GANB)**

The number of corporate accounts exceeded 200,000 and deposit balances reached over 1 trillion yen. Achieved positive net income in 1Q
due to strong growth in fee income

#### Mid-term Plan "Aozora 2027" KPIs

	Profit attributable to owners of parent	ROE	CET1 ratio	Earning assets	Impact of alliance with Daiwa (business profit basis)	
FY2025 1Q results	6.3 bn yen / 22.0 bn yen	5.6%	(To be disclosed in mid-August)	4.5 tn yen	(To be disclosed at the time of interim results)	
FY2027 plan	33.0 bn yen	Approx. 7%	8% or higher	5.5 tn yen	+10 bn yen	

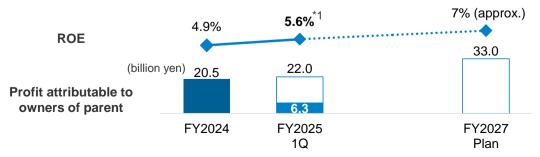
1Q dividend

**22** yen / share (+3 yen yoy)

Full-year dividend forecast: 88 yen / share (+9 yen vs. FY2024)

(billion yen)	FY2024 1Q <b>A</b>	FY2025 1Q <b>B</b>	Change B - A	FY2025 Forecast	Progress
Net revenue 1	20.7	23.8	+3.0	95.0	25.1%
Net interest income	12.0	11.6	-0.4		
Non-interest income	8.6	12.1	+3.5		
General & administrative expenses	-14.9	-15.7	-0.7		
Gains/losses on equity method investments	0.7	0.5	-0.2		
Business profit 2	6.4	8.6	+2.1	32.0	26.9%
Credit-related expenses 3	-1.3	-1.1	+0.2		
Gains/losses on stock transactions	0.7	0.6	-0.0		
Ordinary profit	5.8	8.0	+2.1	30.0	26.7%
Extraordinary profit/loss	3.4	-0.0	-3.4		
Profit before income taxes	9.3	8.0	-1.2		
Taxes	-2.0	-1.6	+0.4		
Gains/losses attributable to non-controlling interests	0.2	-0.0	-0.3		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	7.5	6.3	-1.2	22.0	28.8%
Profit attributable to owners of parent (excl. one-time gain in the previous year)	5.2	6.3	+1.1		
<reference></reference>				FY2025 Plan	
Business-related profit 2	7.1	9.1	+2.0	35.0	26.2%

#### Profit attributable to owners of parent and ROE



#### Strong start for the first year of the Mid-term Plan

- Net revenue: In line with the FY2025 plan, driven by steady growth in non-interest income mainly in the Strategic Investments Business
- Business profit and business-related profit: Strong progress due to favorable business performance as well as ongoing cost control measures
  - G&A expenses represented 24% of the original budget, while the Bank remained focused on investments in human capital
- 3 Credit-related expenses: Workouts of U.S. office loans progressed, while additional credit costs were limited
- Profit attributable to owners of parent: Strong progress with a year-on-year increase of 1.1 billion yen, excluding the one-time gain\*2 recorded in the previous year

<sup>\*1</sup> Annualized basis

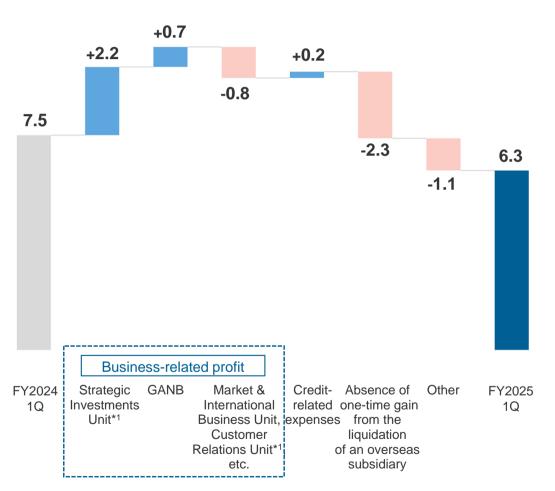
<sup>\*2</sup> Foreign exchange gains of 2.3 billion yen (recorded in extraordinary profit) due to the liquidation of an overseas subsidiary, net of associated taxes



# Major factors for changes in profit attributable to owners of parent (FY2024 1Q vs FY2025 1Q)

#### **Business-related profit by segment\*2**

(billion yen)



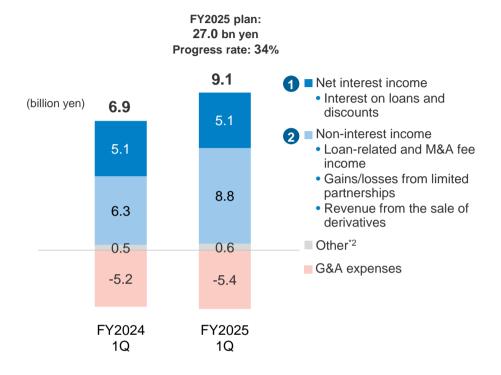
(billion yen)	FY2024 1Q A	FY2025 1Q B	Change A - B	FY2025 Plan	Progress
Strategic Invetsments Unit	6.9	9.1	+2.2	27.0	34%
Market & International Bussines Unit	3.9	2.7	-1.1	10.4	26%
Customer Relations Unit	0.6	0.1	-0.4	0.3	33%
GMO Aozora Net Bank	-0.5	0.1	-	-	-
Other	-3.8	-3.1	+7.1	-	-
Total	7.1	9.1	+20.2	35.0	26%

<sup>\*1</sup> Under "Aozora 2027," the Bank's business groups were reorganized into the following three units: "Strategic Investments Unit," "Market & International Business Unit," and "Customer Relations Unit."

<sup>\*2</sup> Management accounting basis. "Other" includes (i) business-related profit not included in the business units (e.g. G&A expenses not allocated to each business segment), (ii) gains on the sale of equities held solely for investment purposes, and (iii) revenue adjustment related to funding contribution.



#### **Business-related profit in the Strategic Investments Unit**



#### Non-interest income increased significantly mainly driven by the Strategic Investments Business, representing 34% progress towards the FY2025 plan

- Domestic loan outstandings increased strongly mainly due to the expansion of corporate loans and LBO finance, including the benefits of our alliance with Daiwa Securities Group
- Loan-related fee income, mainly from LBO financing transactions, as well as M&A fee income and revenue from the sale of derivatives grew strongly
  - Non-interest income increased, driven by growth in revenue from exit transactions associated with NPLs and buyouts (gains/losses from limited partnerships)

## Major businesses in the Strategic Investments Unit

- LBO finance
- Environmental finance
- Real estate finance
- Business recovery finance
- Domestic corporate business
- M&A / business succession advisory services
- Venture debt
- Equity investments with a primary focus on engagement

Areas of collaboration with Daiwa Securities Group

<sup>\*1</sup> Management accounting basis

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Other" included "Gains/losses on stock transactions, etc." and "Amount of revenue commensurate with the degree of contribution related to funding activity."

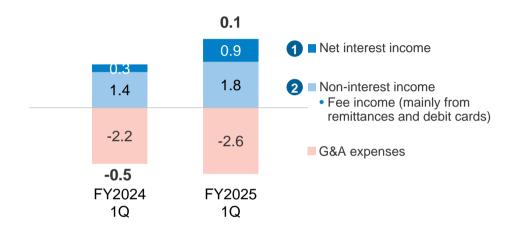
Starting from the first quarter of FY2025, the amount of revenue commensurate with the degree of contribution related to funding activity, which is a growth base in "Aozora 2027," was included in net revenue of each unit. (Results for FY2024 have been revised retrospectively.)

### Results by business segment\* —GMO Aozora Net Bank (GANB)—



#### **Business-related profit in GMO Aozora Net Bank**

(billion yen)



## Major businesses in GMO Aozora Net Bank

- Remittance
- Debit card
- Loan
- BaaS

# Achieved positive net income in 1Q and maintained the growth trend of net earnings

- Net interest income increased due to higher interest income (including interest on BOJ deposits) resulting from higher deposit balances, mainly from corporate customers
- 2 GANB performed strongly in its core businesses (remittances, debit cards, etc.), and made steady progress in generating revenues from BaaS (embedded finance services)

#### **Expansion of "BaaS byGMO Aozora" transactions**

Advanced approach through "BaaS" to provide services and functions to a bank as GANB's customer

Provided BaaS to 01Bank, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Senshu Ikeda Holdings, Inc., which launched its business in July 2025

Formed a partnership with RAKSUL BANK Inc. with the aim to provide a financial platform for SMEs within 2025

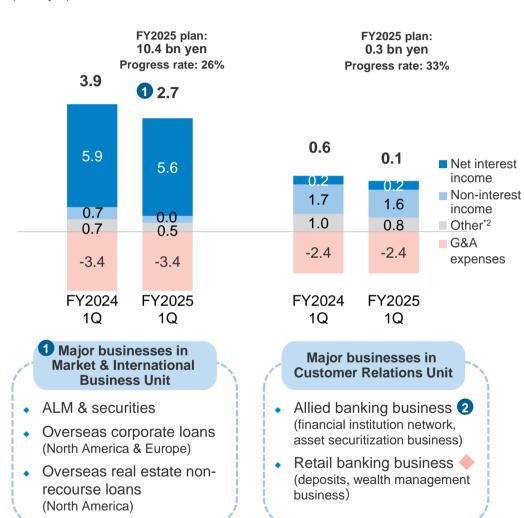
RAKSUL BANK will offer banking services under the central concept of "Offering Industry-Leading Low Transfer Fees and 2% Rewards (with some exceptions) to Empower SME Growth"

<sup>\*</sup> Management accounting basis



#### Business-related profit in the Market & International Business Unit and the Customer Relations Unit

(billion ven)



#### Maintained stable income through flexible rebalancing of assets

- 26% progress in the Market & International Business Unit
  - ALM and securities: Net interest income from ven-based ALMs improved due to higher interest rates, while the negative carry from legacy assets (foreign currency securities) still remained
  - Overseas loans: North American corporate loans remained high in quality while market spreads became tighter. Exposure to U.S. office loans declined steadily as workouts progressed
- Allied Banking Group: Established the ALM Solutions Division to enhance distribution capabilities for regional financial institutions and other investors with a view to expanding the asset securitization business mainly related to LBO finance and environmental finance, and to promote product development and origination designed to meet investor needs

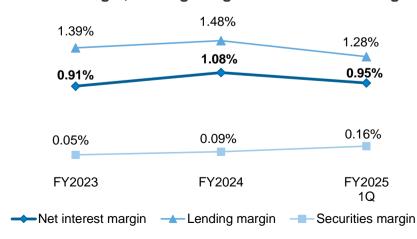
Areas of collaboration with Daiwa Securities Group

<sup>\*1</sup> Management accounting basis

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Other" included "Gains/losses on stock transactions, etc." and "Amount of revenue commensurate with the degree of contribution related to funding activity." Starting from the first quarter of FY2025, the amount of revenue commensurate with the degree of contribution related to funding activity, which is a growth base in "Aozora 2027," was included in net revenue of each unit. (Results for FY2024 have been revised retrospectively.)

(billion yen)	FY2024 1Q <b>A</b>	FY2025 1Q <b>B</b>	Change B - A
Net interest income	12.0	11.6	-0.4
Domestic	4.5	<b>1</b> 6.0	+1.4
Overseas	7.4	2 5.5	-1.9
Interest income	41.4	38.5	-2.9
Incl. interest on loans and discounts	33.9	29.2	-4.7
Incl. interest and dividends on securities	5.1	5.9	+0.8
Interest expenses	-29.3	-26.9	+2.4
Incl. interest on deposits and NCDs	-3.0	-6.8	-3.7
Incl. repurchase interest, etc.	-4.1	-4.0	+0.1
Incl. interest on swaps	-19.8	-13.5	+6.3

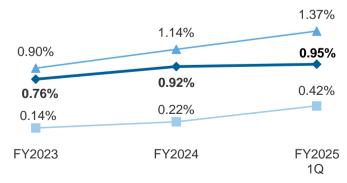
#### Net interest margin, lending margin and securities margin



# Net interest income was 11.6 billion yen, almost even compared to the previous year, but continued to increase domestically

- Domestic net interest income increased by 1.4 billion yen year on year
  - Yields on loans and deposits both increased in response to the BOJ's policy rate hike. Differences in yields between loans and deposits continued to expand
  - Net interest income increased domestically mainly due to an increase in domestic loan outstandings (excluding loans to the government) and higher interest on BOJ deposits
- Overseas net interest income decreased by 1.9 billion yen year on year
  - Foreign currency funding costs decreased mainly due to lower U.S. interest rates, partly offset by redemption of the Bank's lower coupon U.S. dollar senior bonds
  - Net interest income declined overseas as interest income significantly decreased largely in line with the decrease in overseas loan outstandings

#### Differences in yields between domestic loans and deposits



- → Differences in yields between domestic loans and deposits
- Yield on loans
- Yield on deposits



(billion yen)	FY2024 1Q <b>A</b>	FY2025 1Q B	Change B - A		No. (for a s				<b>llion yen year on year</b> r on year mainly due	
Non-interest income	8.6	12.1	+3.5	The state of the s						
Net fees and commissions	5.6	<b>1</b> 6.6	+1.0			in generat ices and de	0	s from its	core businesses	
Incl. loan-related fee income	2.4	2.5	+0.1						ere strong, driven by	
Incl. GANB fee income	1.3	1.8	+0.4		exit trans	sactions as	sociated with	h NPLs ar	nd buyouts	
Incl. investment trust fee income	1.0	1.1	+0.0		(billion yen)	•	y investme	nts	· ·	
Net trading revenues	1.2	0.2	-1.0		291.8	294.9	295.6	291.9	Other (incl. overseas debt funds)	
Net trading revenues			-1.0		36.3	43.9	36.5	35.6	■ Domestic/overseas	
Net other ordinary income	1.7	5.3	+3.5		33.6 19.2	35.7	33.9	35.4	equity investments	
Incl. gains/losses on bond transactions	1.7	1.0	-0.6		42.3	26.4 42.8	44.4	33.7 42.7	Venture funds	
Incl. gains/losses from limited partnerships*	2.0	<b>2</b> 4.0	+1.9	•	65.7	70.6	76.1	71.0	■ Buyout funds	
Real estate/ Distressed loan-related	1.5	1.4	-0.0		94.5	75.2	72.9	73.3	Investment in business recovery claims	
Buyout/venture-related	-0.3	1.9	+2.3						Real estate-related equities	
Other	0.8	0.5	-0.3		End-Mar. 2023	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025	End-Jun. 2025		
* From FY2024 4Q results, gains/losse gains/losses recorded by Aozora Loa					* Managemei	nt accounting a s from limited p	nd mark-to-mark	et basis. Cap	ital gains were recorded in ock transactions and interest and	
Gains/losses on stock transactions	0.7	0.6	-0.0				ial Joint St	ock Bank	<u> </u>	
Incl. gains/losses on equity investments	0.7	0.6	-0.0	•			ethod affilia			
Gains/losses on equity method investments	0.7	0.5	-0.2	Aozora's FY2025 1Q results include 15% of			(billion yen)	2024 <b>A</b>	B B-A	
				OCB's net profit (incl. goodwill amortization)	* 1 1		t profit *		.7 4.2 -1.4	
				recorded in Jan-Mar. 2025	<sup>^</sup> Uses an e	xcnange rate o	f 0.0060 yen pei	1 Vietnames	e aong	



### Total assets: 7.8 trillion yen

Vs. March 31, 2025

+116.9 bn yen

#### Loans

**4.0** tn yen

-121.0 bn yen

Domestic	2.8 tn yen
Overseas (overseas ratio)	1.2 tn yen (30%)

#### **Securities**

**1.3** tn yen

+2.7 bn yen

### Other

(current assets, etc.)

**2.4** tn ven

+235.2 bn yen

# **Deposits** (incl. NCDs)

**5.7** tn yen

+103.2 bn yen

#### Other

**1.6** tn yen

+5.5 bn yen

Net assets

0.4 tn yen +8.2 bn yen

### **Earning assets\***

\* Total of loans and securities (excluding loans to the government, government bonds, etc.)

Aozora 2027



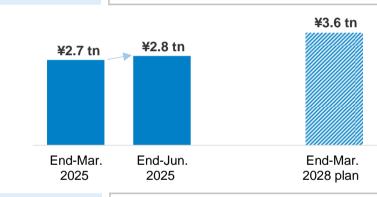
Mar. 31, 2025 4.5 tn ven

June 30, 2025 4.5 tn yen

Mar. 31, 2028 plan 5.5 tn yen

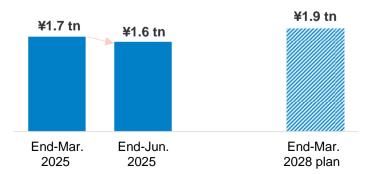


120 bn ven (approx.) increase from March 31, 2025, progressing in line with the Mid-term Plan



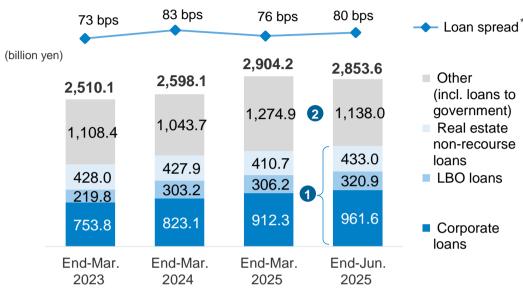
**Overseas** earning assets

100 bn ven (approx.) decrease from March 31, 2025 due to a decline in the balance of U.S. office loans and a stronger yen



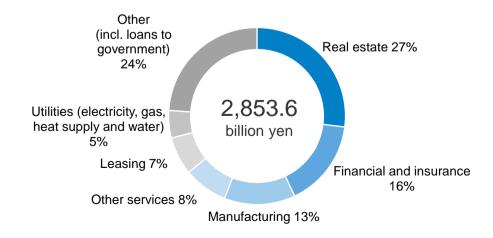
### Loans —Domestic—

#### Domestic loan outstandings and loan spread\*



<sup>\*</sup> The loan spread is on non-consolidated and management accounting bases and does not include NPLs.

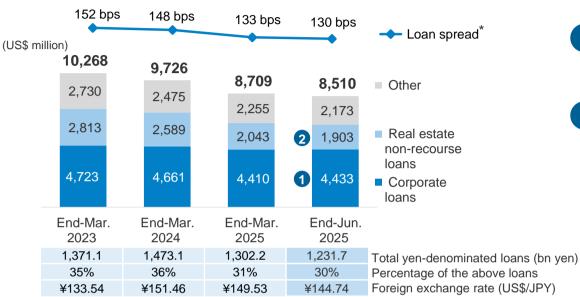
#### **Domestic loans by industry**



- 1 Corporate loans, reflecting the benefits of our alliance with Daiwa Securities Group, LBO loans, real estate non-recourse loans, in which our Strategic Investments Unit is engaged, all increased
- Other loans declined mainly in loans to the government

### Loans —Overseas—

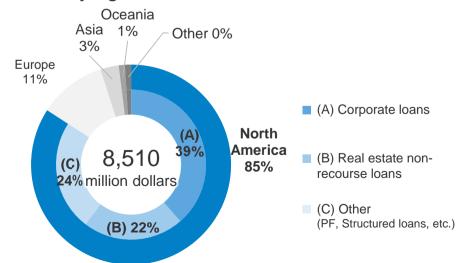
#### Overseas loan outstandings and loan spread\*



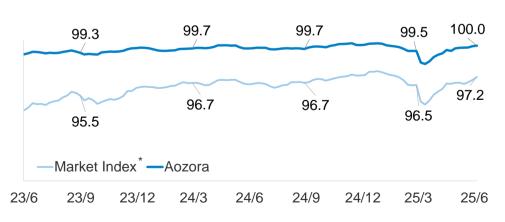
Overseas corporate loan outstandings remained flat on a U.S. dollar basis (decreased on a yen basis due to a stronger yen) while overall portfolio quality was maintained

Decreased due to the decline in overseas real estate nonrecourse loans as the collection of U.S. office work-out loans continued to make progress

#### Overseas loans by region



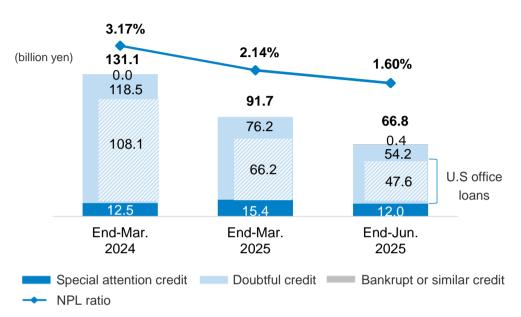
#### < Reference > Average bid price — North American corporate loans —



<sup>\*</sup> Source: PitchBook Data. Inc.

<sup>\*</sup> The loan spread is on non-consolidated and management accounting bases and does not include NPLs. The cost of forex forwards to which hedge accounting is not applied is included in funding costs.

#### Non-performing loans based on the FRA\*



<sup>\*</sup> Financial Reconstruction Act

#### U.S. office loans

#### **Credit-related expenses**

(billion yen)	FY2024 1Q <b>A</b>	FY2025 1Q <b>B</b>	Change B - A
Credit-related expenses	-1.3	-1.1	+0.2
Specific loan loss reserves, etc.*1	-0.5	-6.0	-5.5
General loan loss reserves, etc.*2	-0.8	4.8	+5.7
<reference></reference>			
U.S. office loans	-1.8	-1.1	+0.7
Other than U.S. office loans	0.4	-0.0	-0.5

<sup>\*1</sup> Including specific loan loss reserves, write-off of loans, gains/losses on disposition of loans and recoveries of written-off receivables

In 1Q, the number of "In Danger of Bankruptcy" borrowers declined by 4 names and exposure decreased by US\$113 million

		End-De	ec. 2023			End-Ma	ar. 2024			End-Ma	ar. 2025			End-Ju	n. 2025	
(US\$ million)		Reserves	Reserve ratio*	Number of borrowers	Balance	Reserves	Reserve ratio*	Number of borrowers	Balance	Reserves	Reserve ratio*	Number of borrowers	Balance	Reserves		Number of borrowers
LTV: less than 90%	1,082	23	2.2%	24	785	22	2.8%	20	762	16	2.2%	19	731	23	3.2%	18
LTV: 90-100%	92	12	13.8%	2	386	40	10.4%	6	232	31	13.5%	4	252	31	12.5%	5
LTV: over 100% (NPLs)	719	320	44.5%	21	714	310	43.5%	21	442	187	42.3%	14	329	130	39.6%	10
Total	1,893	357	18.8%	47	1,886	373	19.7%	47	1,437	235	16.3%	37	1,313	185	14.1%	33

<sup>\*</sup> Total exposure basis

<sup>\*2</sup> Including general loan loss reserves and reserve for credit losses on off-balancesheet instruments

### **Securities**

#### Book value

#### Unrealized gains/losses

							z zw zw gamentototo				
(billion yen)	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025 <b>A</b>	End-Jun. 2025 <b>B</b>	Change B - A	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025 <b>C</b>	End-Jun. 2025 <b>D</b>	Change D - C			
JGBs	52.5	128.5	148.7	+20.1	-2.1	-4.8	-4.6	+0.1			
Municipal bonds	29.0	33.7	34.6	+0.9	-0.2	-0.7	-0.5	+0.1			
Corporate bonds / short-term corporate bonds	107.5	103.1	109.2	+6.1	-0.4	-1.1	-0.7	+0.4			
Equities	31.1	29.9	32.1	+2.1	14.7	12.5	14.3	+1.7			
Foreign bonds	493.9	570.9	559.1	-11.7	-60.6	-49.6	-43.8	+5.8			
Foreign government bonds	262.6	347.3	349.4	+2.1	-32.1	-24.6	-20.6	+3.9			
MBS	99.2	91.7	86.7	-4.9	-28.6	-26.0	-25.1	+0.9			
Other	132.0	131.9	122.9	-8.9	0.1	1.0	1.9	+0.8			
Other securities	472.3	489.0	474.2	-14.8	-10.0	-10.7	-10.5	+0.2			
ETFs	59.9	64.9	64.9	-0.0	-10.4	-10.5	-9.3	+1.1			
Investments in limited partnerships	181.4	183.0	180.8	-2.2	1.0	2.0	1.6	-0.4			
REITs	35.1	33.0	33.8	+0.7	3.5	2.6	2.8	+0.2			
Investment trusts	153.9	162.5	151.3	-11.2	-4.7	-5.1	-5.7	-0.6			
Other	41.7	45.4	43.2	-2.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	-0.0			
Total	1,186.5	1,355.4	1,358.2	+2.7	-58.7	-54.5	-45.9	+8.5			
Foreign exchange rate (US\$/JPY)	151.46	149.53	144.74	-4.79							
Unrealized gains/losses, incl. unre	ealized gains	losses on h	edging instr	uments	-51.1	-50.7	-44.2	+6.4			

#### **Duration of bonds (non-consolidated)**

	•		,
	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025	End-Jun. 2025
JGBs	7 years	7 years	7 years
Long-term JGBs	16 years	11 years	11 years
Short-term JGBs	0.2 years	0.2 years	0.2 years
Municipal bonds	4 years	5 years	5 years
U.S. government bonds	5 years	4 years	4 years
MBS	7 years	8 years	8 years

#### Market risk (10 BPV)

(billion yen)	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025	End-Jun. 2025
ALM securities operations	+0.0	-1.0	-1.3
Incl. U.S. dollar interest rate risk	+0.0	-0.6	-0.7
Incl. yen interest rate risk	+0.0	-0.5	-0.5

#### **Including legacy assets**

(million in original currency)					
U.S. government bonds	US\$ 1	1,150	1,150	1,150	
European government bonds	EUR	350	315	315	
MBS	US\$	823	767	753	
Credit ETFs (investment grade bonds)	US\$	465	465	465	
					Total*

(billion yen)		
-11.0	-9.5	-8.6
-9.1	-6.4	-6.3
-30.7	-27.2	-26.7
-13.6	-13.4	-12.8
-64.7	-56.6	-54.6

<sup>\*</sup> Unrealized gains/losses on legacy assets including hedging instruments (derivatives, bear funds)

### **Funding**

Bonds

Retail funding ratio (B) / (A)

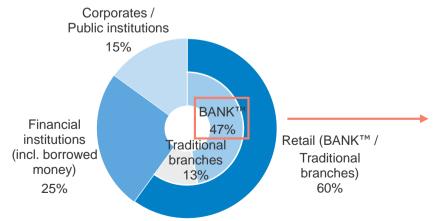
Loan-to-deposit ratio \*2

(billion yen)	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025 <b>A</b>	End-Jun. 2025 <b>B</b>	Change B - A
Funding (consolidated basis)	6,421.0	6,276.1	6,378.8	+102.6
Deposits / NCDs	5,776.3	5,672.9	5,776.1	+103.2
Borrowed money*1	463.3	478.6	481.4	+2.8
Bonds	181.3	124.6	121.2	-3.3
Funding (excl. GANB) (A) $^{*2}$	5,808.9	5,331.8	5,351.1	+19.3
Retail deposits (B)	3,560.8	3,181.7	13,220.5	+38.8
Corporate deposits (incl. NCDs / borrowed money) *1	2,066.7	2,025.4	22,009.2	-16.1

1	Retail deposit balances maintained the same level as
	March 31, 2025 due to enhanced services at BANK™

Corporate deposits were flexibly managed in consideration of maintaining a balance between target funding levels and associated costs

#### By customer segment (excl. GANB)\*2



181.3

61%

66%

124.6

60%

72%

121.2

60%

71%

-3.3

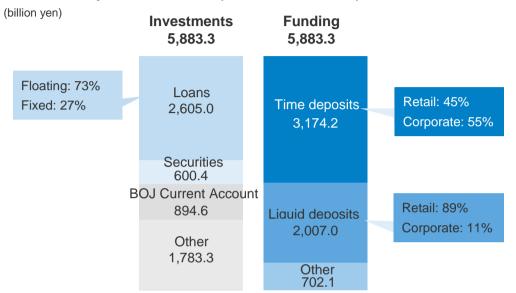
#### **BANK™** deposit breakdown

	End-Mar. 2024	End-Mar. 2025 <b>A</b>	End-Jun. 2025 <b>B</b>	Change B - A
Ordinary deposits	75.1%	57.9%	55.8%	-2.1%
Time deposits	24.9%	42.1%	44.2%	+2.1%

<sup>\*1</sup> Excluding borrowings from the BOJ

<sup>\*2</sup> Management accounting basis





Estimated impact of higher yen interest rates on annual net interest income

#### → +2.9 billion yen

#### Estimate assumptions:

- An interest rate increase of 0.25% for all terms
- No change in the balance sheet from June 30, 2025
- Pass-through to interest rates on deposits: 75%

#### Foreign currency balance sheet (non-consolidated)

(US\$ million)

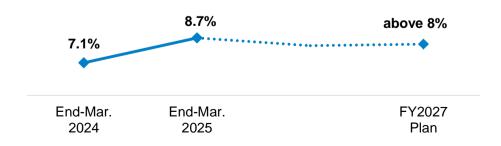
Investments 14,456	Funding 14,456 Bonds and deposits
Loans 8,281	1,222  Medium- to long-term funding 7,391  • Medium- to long-term funding: Currency swap Long-term forex forward
Securities 5,185	Market operations • Market operations:  2,556 Repo Interbank TRS 3,072 • Short-term funding:
Other 990	Other 216 Forex forward

### Reference: Capital adequacy ratio (as of March 31, 2025)

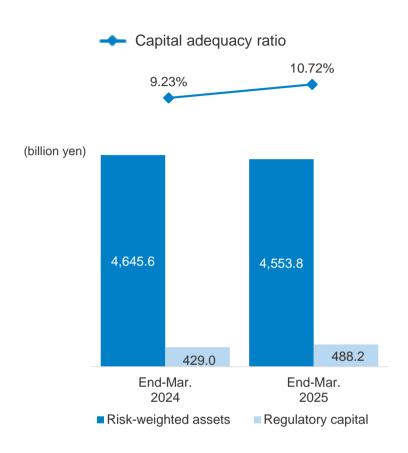
#### **Domestic standard\***

(billion yen)	End-Mar. 2024 <b>A</b>	End-Mar. 2025 <b>B</b>	Change B - A
Capital adequacy ratio	9.23%	10.72%	+1.49%
Regulatory capital (A - B)	429.0	488.2	+59.2
Instruments and reserves (A)	467.5	529.7	+62.1
Shareholders' equity	413.1	475.1	+62.0
Other	54.4	54.5	+0.1
Regulatory adjustment (B)	38.5	41.4	+2.9
Risk-weighted assets	4,645.6	4,553.8	-91.8
Credit risk assets	4,273.1	4,248.9	-24.2
Market risk	238.9	177.6	-61.3
Operational risk	133.4	127.2	-6.2

#### **CET1** ratio\* (Common Equity Tier 1 ratio)

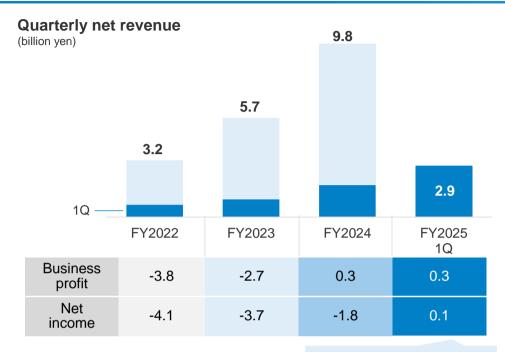


<sup>\*</sup> The CET1 ratio as of June 30, 2025 will be announced in mid-August 2025.



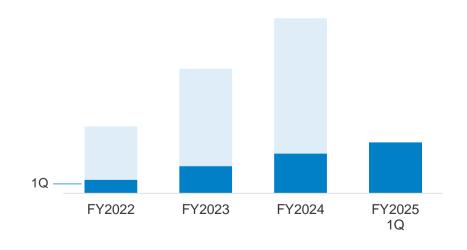
### GMO Aozora Net Bank (GANB)

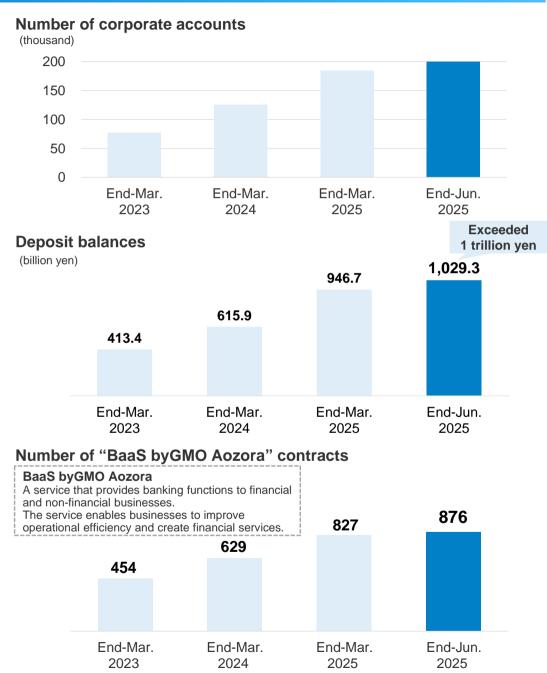




Achieved positive net income on a quarterly basis

#### **Number of transfer transactions**





### Reference: Aozora Group companies / consolidated, non-consolidated difference



Profit attributable to owners of parent			6.
·			0.
- (A) (a + b) Difference			U.
akdown of the difference			
Consolidated subsidiaries/affiliates	*4		0.
	Share of Earnings <sup>*1</sup>	Net Revenue	Net Income
GMO Aozora Net Bank, Ltd.	50.0% *2	2.9	0.
Aozora Loan Services Co., Ltd.	67.6%	2.1	-0.
Aozora Securities Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.0	-0
Aozora Regional Consulting Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.0	0
Aozora Investment Management Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.5	0
Aozora Real Estate Investment Advisors Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.0	-0
ABN Advisors Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.1	0.
Aozora Corporate Investment Co., Ltd.	100.0%	0.1	0.
Aozora Asia Pacific Limited	100.0%	0.1	0
Aozora Europe Limited	100.0%	0.1	0
Aozora North America, Inc.	100.0%	1.1	0
Other	-	0.2	-0.
Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank	15.0%	-	0.
Consolidation adjustments			-0.
Gains/losses attributable to non-controlling interest	ts	-	-0.
Other			-0

<sup>\*1</sup> Percentage of profit and loss attributable to owners of parent

<sup>\*2</sup> Voting rights ratio is 85.1%

<sup>\*3</sup> Revenue contribution from equity method investments

#### **Contact**

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This presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding the Bank's financial condition and results of operations. These forward-looking statements, which include the Bank's views and assumptions with respect to future events, involve certain risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ from forecasts due to changes in economic conditions and other factors including the effects of changes in general economic conditions, changes in interest rates, stock markets and foreign currency, and any ensuing decline in the value of our securities portfolio, incurrence of significant credit-related cost and the effectiveness of our operational, legal and other risk management policies