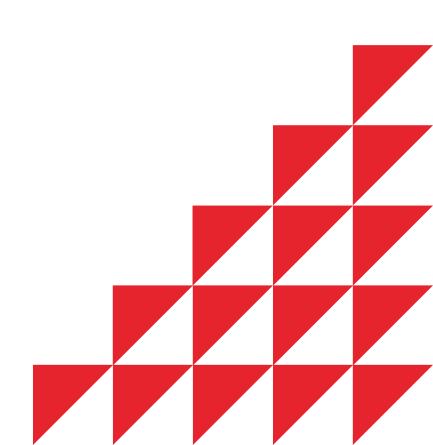
FOOD iSON

FY25/3 Q3 Earnings Report

Foodison, Inc. TSE Growth 7114

February 13, 2025



- 1 | FY25/3 Q3 Financial Results
- 2 | Company Overview
- 3 | Growth Strategy
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FY25/3 Q3 Financial Results

FY25/3 Q3 Key Metrics

Financial Highlights

Revenue (Y/Y growth rate)

1,912MM (+8.2%)

Growth Profit (Y/Y growth rate)

661MM (+3.8%)

EBITDA⁽¹⁾

(Y/Y growth rate)

77MM (-26.2%)

Key Business Metrics					
Company	BtoB Commerce				
OPEX Ratio ⁽²⁾ (Y/Y Increase) 30.5% (+0.4pts)	Active Users ⁽³⁾ (Y/Y growth rate) 4,617 (+9.8%)				
Ad Expenditure Ratio (Y/Y Increase) 2.1% (+0.3pts)	ARPU ⁽⁴⁾ (Y/Y growth rate) 111K (+0.3%)				

¹⁾ EBITDA = Operating Profit + depreciation and amortization, hereinafter referred to as "EBITDA"

⁾ OPEX refers to Operating Expenditure which is calculated by subtracting depreciation and amortization expenses from SG&A. OPEX Ratio refers to a ratio of OPEX versus revenue.

³⁾ Refers to the number of users who placed at least one order each month. Figures are quarterly averages of monthly Active Users

⁽⁴⁾ ARPU (Average Revenue Per User) refers to the average monthly revenue per active user

FY25/3 Q3 Financial and Business Highlights

Although revenue increased due to steady growth compared to the previous year, profits decreased as the investment effect from increased personnel was delayed

Revenue 1,912 MM JPY (Y/Y +8.2%)
 EBITDA 77 MM JPY (Y/Y -26.2%)

BtoB Commerce led the overall growth

 \circ The growth of active users and ARPU remains robust

Active Users 4,617 users (Y/Y +9.8%)
 ARPU 111 K JPY (Y/Y +0.3%)

BtoC commerce saw a strong performance in existing stores as the impact of net store closures subsided. Although HR has seen some initial benefits from workforce expansion, a significant impact has yet to materialize

Revenue from BtoC Commerce 272 MM JPY (Y/Y +2.1%)
 Revenue from HR 91 MM JPY (Y/Y +2.0%)

Business Highlights

Quarterly Financial

Highlights

- **BtoB Commerce:** Enhance in product collaboration with Mitsubishi Shokuhin and revision of a user program for Courier Service Areas (mainly outside Tokyo and the three surrounding prefectures)
- BtoC Commerce: A total of two new stores are scheduled to open in this March and April
- HR: Focusing on training to improve productivity per employee

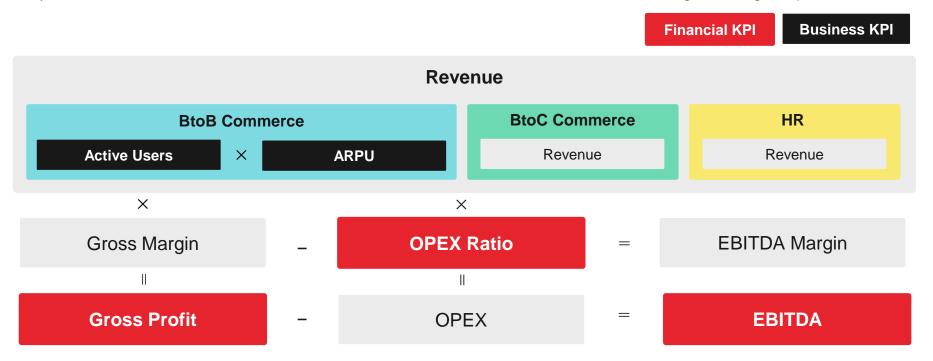
FY25/3 Q3 Financial Results

- Revenue increased across all services, resulting in an overall Y/Y growth rate of +8.2%
- Due to increased personnel expenses from workforce expansion and higher advertising costs, led to upfront investments, leading to a Y/Y decline in EBITDA and profits

(MM JPY)	FY25/3 Q3 (Oct - Dec 2024)	FY24/3 Q3 (Oct - Dec 2023)	Y/Y	FY25/3 Q1-Q3 (Apr - Dec 2024)	FY24/3 Q1-Q3 (Apr - Dec 2023)	Y/Y
Revenue	1,912	1,766	+8.2%	5,123	4,743	+8.0%
BtoB Commerce	1,548	1,410	+9.8%	4,085	3,713	+10.0%
BtoC Commerce	272	266	+2.1%	743	743	-0.1%
HR	91	89	+2.0%	295	286	+3.0%
Gross Profit	661	637	+3.8%	1,843	1,708	+7.9%
Gross Profit Margin	34.6%	36.1%	-1.5pts	36.0%	36.0%	+0.0pts
EBITDA	77	105	-26.2%	176	168	+4.9%
EBITDA Margin	4.1%	6.0%	-1.9pts	3.4%	3.5%	-0.1pts
Operating Profit	70	98	-27.9%	157	150	+4.1%
Ordinary Profit	71	99	-27.9%	156	151	+3.8%
Net Income	60	80	-24.3%	136	138	-1.0%

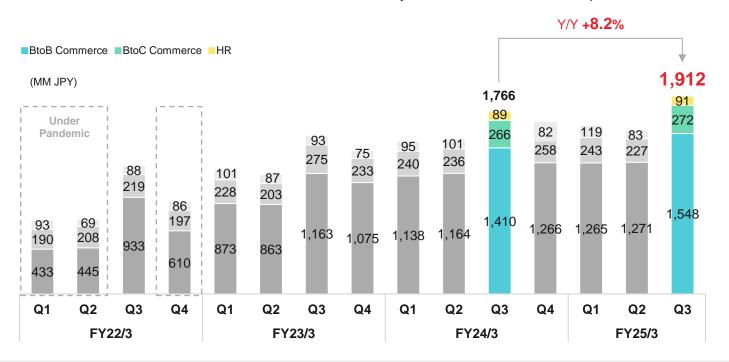
Business Model

• The assessment of value creation is based on gross profit, OPEX ratio, and EBITDA, while the business growth is assessed by Active Users and ARPU in BtoB Commerce. In the short term, the most critical KPI is the growth of gross profit



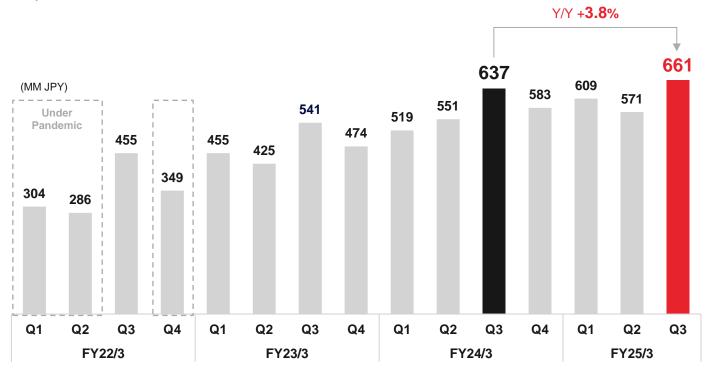
Consolidated Revenue

- Both Active Users and ARPU had consistent growth which led to growth of +9.8% (Y/Y) in BtoB commerce revenue
- BtoC commerce revenue increased by 2.1% (Y/Y) due to a strong performance in existing stores
- HR saw a Y/Y increase of 2.0%, which was limited due to the delayed effects of workforce expansion



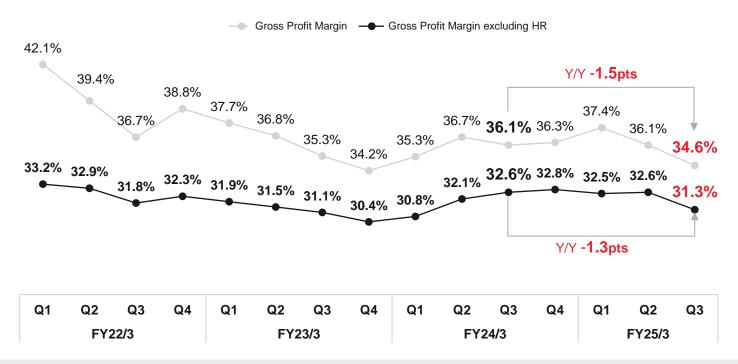
Consolidated Gross Profit

 BtoB commerce grew by 3.8% (Y/Y), reflecting upfront investments in user acquisition campaigns (sales discounts) and shipping fee adjustments



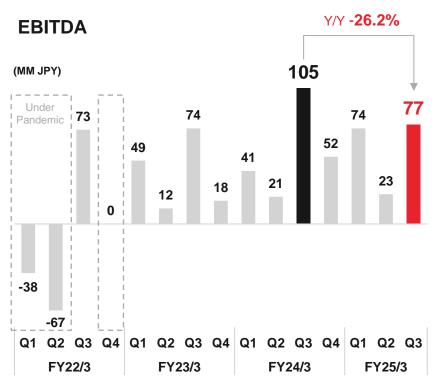
Consolidated Gross Profit Margin

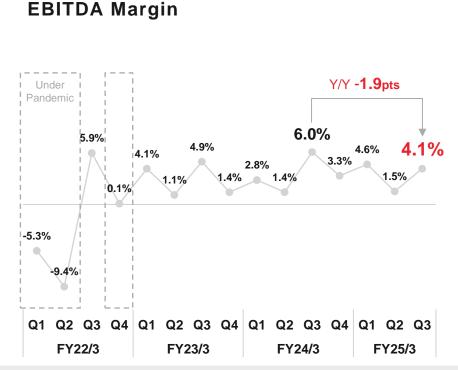
- Overall gross profit margin decreased due to a lower revenue contribution from the HR
- Gross profit margin excluding HR decreased by 1.5 pts (Y/Y) due to sales discounts and lower shipping sales resulting from shipping fee adjustments



Consolidated EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA and EBITDA margin decreased Y/Y due to the delayed effects of investments in workforce expansion in BtoB commerce and HR





EBITDA Change Analysis

vs FY24/3 Q3 (MM JPY) Increase in Gross Profit **O&S**⁽¹⁾ 24 -26 S&M(2) -23 **G&A**(3) R&D(4) 105 77 FY24/3 Q3 FY25/3 Q3 **EBITDA EBITDA**

Increase in Gross Profit

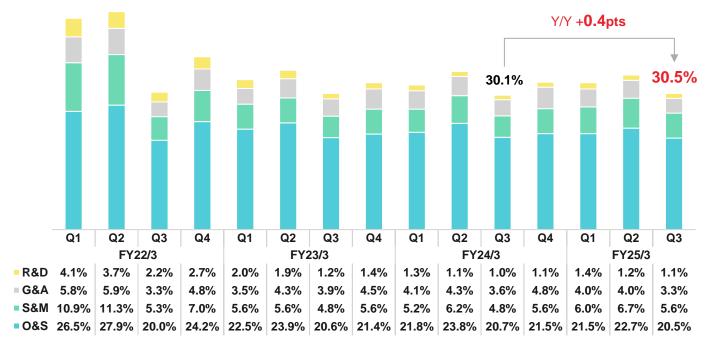
- Increase in Active Users and ARPU of BtoB Commerce
- Increase in revenue of BtoC Commerce and HR

Increase in OPEX

- O&S (Operations and Support)
 Increase in shipping and processing costs due to increased shipment volumes
- S&M (Sales and Marketing)
 Increased sales force expenses (personnel and advertising)
- G&A (General and Administrative)
 No significant changes
- R&D (Research and Development)
 Increase in engineer recruiting and labor costs
- (1) Abbreviation for "Operations and Support". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses related to business operations other than sales promotion (logistics, call center, management, etc.)
- Abbreviation for "Sales and Marketing". It refers to, a total of advertising expenses, personnel costs and other expenses related to sales promotion.
- (3) Abbreviation for "General and Administrative". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses related to corporate development department.
- 4) Abbreviation for "Research and Development". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses for engineers and personnel involved in new business development.

Company | OPEX Ratio

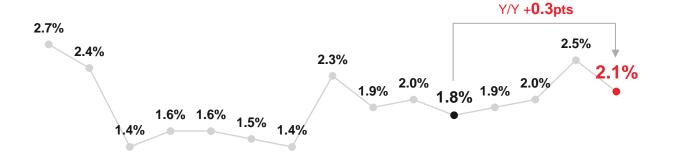
■ The OPEX ratio increased by +0.4 pts (Y/Y), due to an increase in the S&M ratio of +0.8 pts caused by an increase in personnel



⁽¹⁾ The figures in the chart represent sales revenue ratios

Company | Advertising-to-Sales Ratio

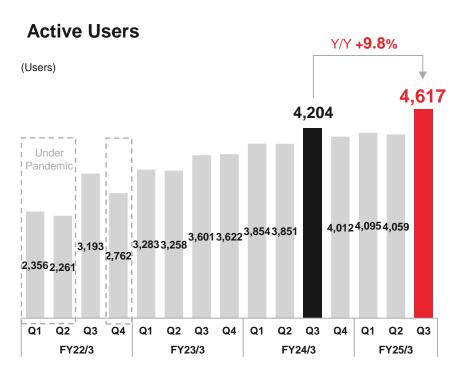
• The Advertising-to-Sales ratio increased by 0.3 pts (Y/Y) due to increased upfront investments in new customer acquisition for BtoB commerce and job seeker acquisition for HR

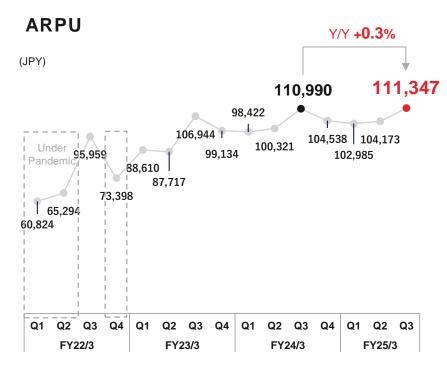




BtoB Commerce | Active Users and ARPU

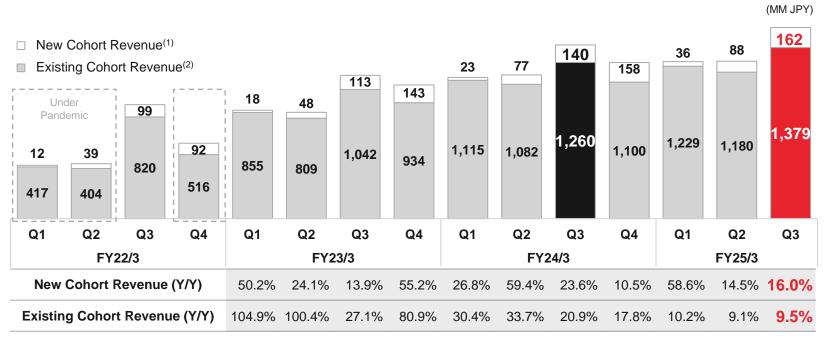
Active users and ARPU have both grown steadily





BtoB Commerce | Revenue by Cohort

- New Cohort Revenue had growth of +16.0% (Y/Y)
- Existing Cohort Revenue had steady growth of +9.5% (Y/Y) due to the high retention of the existing users



[&]quot;New Cohort Revenue" are the sum of quarterly sales brought by newly registered users in the same fiscal year as the year of enrollment

^{(2) &}quot;Existing Cohort Revenue" are the sum of quarterly sales generated by users enrolled before the previous fiscal year

BtoB Commerce | Update on Core Growth Strategy Progress

Each strategy is steadily progressing. We are working to accelerate the pace toward expanding our business scale



Progress in Core Growth Strategy



- Through product collaboration with Mitsubishi Shokuhin, the number of SKUs, such as seasonings, has
 increased by approximately 5,000. To ensure careful integration of logistics and systems, the delivery area
 is being gradually expanded
- Working on raising awareness of the increased SKUs among users and promoting bulk purchasing

2 CRM Enhancement

 The Growth team, focused on increasing active users and developing and nurturing loyal users, has commenced full-scale operation

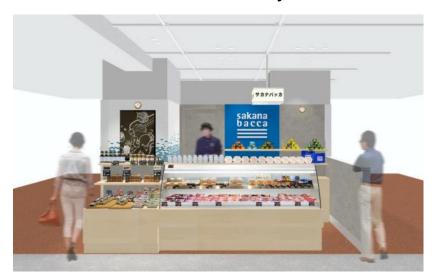
3 CAPEX Investments

- Preparations are underway for capital investment, such as utilizing subsidies, to expand capacity (including the expansion of sanitation areas, etc.)
- By promoting work standardization and other measures, the company successfully navigated the busy season without any major concerns

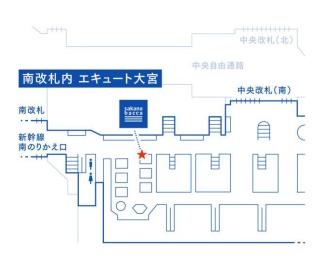
BtoC Commerce | New Store Openings

- The first sakana bacca store outside of Tokyo is scheduled to open in March at ecute Omiya
- With another store planned to open in Akihabara in April, the BtoC commerce business is expected to have a total of 10 stores

Overview of sakana bacca ecute Omiya



Ready-to-eat meal model



Prime location inside JR Omiya station

Topics | Introduction of Shareholder Benefit Program

 We are launching a shareholder benefit program to further enhance understanding of our products and services, increase the attractiveness of the Company's shares, and encourage more shareholders to hold shares over the medium to long term

Details of the Benefits	One of the following options: - sakana bacca gift certificates with a value of 5,000 JPY - A selection of our products
Eligible Shareholders	Shareholders who have continuously held 100 or more shares for at least six months ⁽¹⁾ * For the first implementation only, all shareholders will be eligible regardless of their holding period
Record Date	Every year on March 31st
Distribution Timing	Information regarding the shareholder benefit program will be included with the notice of the annual general meeting of shareholders, to be held in June each year
Commencement Date	As of March 31, 2025

⁽¹⁾ Shareholders who are listed with the same shareholder number for holding 100 or more shares consecutively in the shareholder register as of both the end of March and the end of September of the previous year

Notice of Revision to Full-Year Consolidated Earnings Forecast

We have revised our full-year earnings forecast as detailed below

	Full-Year Consolidated Earnings Forecast					
(百万円)	Revised Forecast	Previous Forecast ⁽¹⁾	Amount of Change	% of Change	FY23 Actual	Main reasons for the discrepancy with projections
Revenue	6,850	7,450	-600	-8.1%	6,351	 BtoB and HR falling short of plan
Operating Profit	166	325	-159	-48.9%	196	 Delayed profitability from increased personnel and advertising expenses in BtoB and HR Recognition of shareholder benefit program expenses
Ordinary Profit	165	320	-155	-48.4%	196	_
Net income	150	270	-120	-44.4%	191	-

Future Outlook

- **BtoB Commerce:** We expect to improve growth rate through strengthening sales activities by the growth team and expanding the effects of the Mitsubishi Shokuhin partnership
- BtoC Commerce: In FY2025, we anticipates seeing the full-year impact of the 2 new stores added at the beginning of the fiscal year
- HR: By strengthening its training and development programs, we aim to accelerate the positive impact of increased personnel

Company Overview

OUR MISSION

Changing the World's Food Experience More Enjoyable

Creating A Better Cycle in Fresh Food Distribution

The food industry is immense.

From production to wholesale, distribution, retail, and consumers, the population involved is the highest of all industries.

That is why there are countless challenges that can be seen locally. The players are highly specialized, but there is no role to optimize the overall. We tend to blame someone else for this. That's why nothing changes. Foodison, takes a bird's eye view of it.

By becoming the conductor of the huge orchestra of the food industry, we will draw out the potential of professionals and create a new circulation in the fresh food distribution.

Imagine a world where you can source a variety of ingredients from all over Japan with just one fingertip.

Imagine a world filled with aspiring craftsmen passionate about working for food.

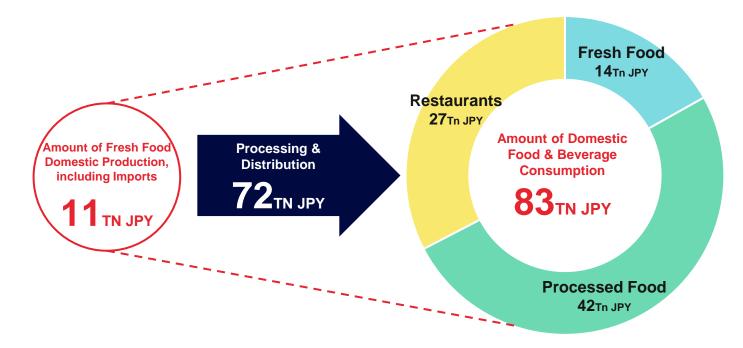
Imagine a world where the first taste of an unknown fish reaches your dining table.

The food culture that Japan is proud of has only begun.



Food Is A Vital And Massive Industry Essential To Our Daily Lives

The domestic food market structure involves an initial production value of 11 trillion JPY, including imports. As the products move through various stages of distribution, they gain added value, ultimately reaching a final consumption value of 83 trillion JPY



⁽¹⁾ Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Reiwa February 18, 2015 Input-Output Table Focusing on Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries and Related Industries (Including Flow of Food and Beverage Expenses)"

Our Vision

The food industry, which is at the core of our daily lives, has been experiencing a shift in balance due to change in the environment, making the introduction of new technology-driven systems an urgent necessity

Challenges Facing the Food Industry

Production

Distribution

The decline of rural areas and the decrease in successors

Decline in the working population and labor shortages due to regulations

Environment

Consumption

Climate change

Diversification of consumer needs

Applying Technology



What We Want to Achieve

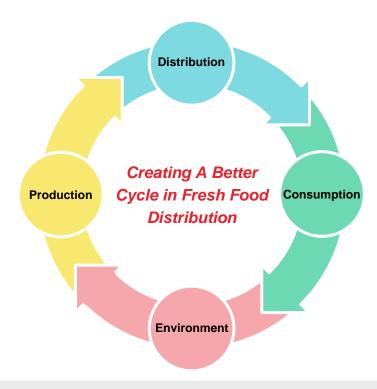
Sustainable Food Distribution

Revitalization of Local Communities

Promoting the Enjoyment and Health benefits through Seafood Consumption

Updating Fresh Food Distribution As A Platformer

Updating fresh food distribution, which has lagged in the use of information technology, to a digital-centric distribution system to realize a world where a wide variety of food products can be enjoyed







Connecting local suppliers nationwide for the best encounters between food ingredients and chefs

сні Uopochi

BtoB Commerce Food EC for restaurants

"Uopochi" is a procurement service for restaurants primary focusing on fresh food. Our own logistics base in the Ota wholesale market connects information and logistics to ensure smooth procurement of fresh fish and other food ingredients.

Core Users

Small and Medium-sized Restaurants

Problem

Limited resource

Have to go to the market in the morning to select supplies

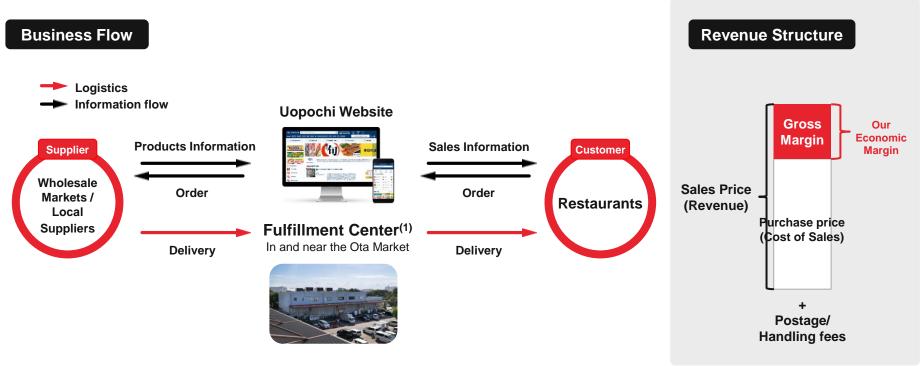
Desire for high-quality ingredients and rare food items

Value Proposition

- Easy ordering with smartphone
- On-the-spot delivery from the market
- Accepting orders until 3AM, with delivery as early as the next day
- Orders for the next day can be placed from 3:30 pm
- Detail information about products provided by professional buyers
- A variety of fresh fish procured direct from all over Japan

UOPOCHI | Business Model

Uopochi's business model is a wholesale model that sources ingredients from producers and wholesale markets nationwide, then distributes and delivers them to restaurants



(1)

UOPOCHI Features Of Uopochi That Realizes Fresh Fish E-Commerce

Built a unique system to efficiently sell daily-changing fresh fish through e-commerce



Challenges of selling fresh fish through e-commerce

- The daily product lineup depends on the catch
- Short expiration date
- Large variations in fish size
- Large variation in the level of quality required by users
- Prices change day by day



What Uopochi has achieved

Detailed information such as landing date, buyer comments, etc.

Speedy information posting from the landing

Ensuring operability and searchability through engineering

UOPOCHI | Usage Flow

You can place an order on the same day just by registering as a member with your smartphone.

Step.1 Easy membership registration



Simply enter store information into the web registration form and submit (takes about 1 minute). It will be available for use the same day

Step.2
Search for products and place an order



We list thousands of products daily, including daily fresh fish, frozen goods, and processed items. You can browse these products, check store inventory, add desired items to your cart, and place orders—all conveniently completed through your smartphone!

Step.3 Receiving Products



We deliver to the storefront as quickly as the next business day (with options for leaving packages in case of absence)

UOPOCHI Use Cases

Contributing to the improvement of working conditions and the increase of profits for restaurants

Improvement of Working Conditions

Reduction of Food Waste

Increase in Sales

Budget:

6.000 JPY

No. of Seats:

34 Seats

Category:

Japanese Cuisine

Budget: 12,000 JPY

15 Seats No. of Seats:

French Restaurant Category:

Budget: 1.500 JPY No. of Seats: 12 Seats

Category: Ramen

Usage

After the end of business, order the grand menu and recommended menu ingredients Create a menu while looking at seasonal information and price information for ingredients for course meals

Order rare fish species that are difficult to obtain, bony parts and kelp for soup stock

Before

After

A restaurant closes late at night, and it is difficult to go to a market early in the morning to purchase ingredients

Other procurement sources do not accommodate small batches, making inventory adjustment difficult.

A ramen shop wants to differentiate itself from other restaurants with quality ingredients



The restaurant owner can rest and sleep instead of going to the market early in the morning

Order in small lots while checking inventory status to control the food waste rate

An original ramen has been well received. leading to increased customer satisfaction.

Comparison Of Food Wholesale Services

- The biggest differentiator of Uopochi lies in its wide selection of fresh fish and transparency of information
- Seafood intermediate wholesalers at markets provide detailed support when relationships are strong, but new entrants and small to medium-sized restaurants find it difficult to use.

	Uopochi	Conventional Food Wholesalers	Seafood Intermediate Wholesalers in Wholesale Market	Seafood Retailers
Information Transparency	Daily updated detail information are available	O Catalog sales	Mostly verbal	No obligation to indicate the date of landing
Customer Support	In-house operators	O In-house operators	A It depends on the relationship	O Store staff
Fresh fish assortment and quality	Fresh fish from all over the country	It is rare to find a company that has a strength in fresh fish	Fresh fish from all over the country	Limited to storefront space
Assortment other than fresh fish	Under reinforcement	O Constant assortment	X Only seafood	X Only seafood
Price	O Wholesale price	O Wholesale price	Asking price	X Retail price





Adding a touch of excitement and adventure to dishes at home

sakana bacca

BtoB Commerce

The seafood store always has something new to discover

"sakana bacca" is a modern style seafood store with a focus on high-quality fish from nationwide, high design, and product planning. Currently expanding to 9 stores in Tokyo.

Core Users

Local Consumer

Problem

Unsatisfied with the freshness and product lineup of fish at supermarkets

The difficulty of cooking fish, even if you want to eat it

There are limited opportunities for learning and experiencing about food and ingredients

Value Proposition

- Direct from the market
- Variety of fresh seafood that can only be found in a specialty store
- Easy-to-understand explanations by professionals
- Events focused on enhancing the food experience
- Promotion of private brands in collaboration with producers and suppliers







Aspiring to make the job of the food industry a desirable career, making specialized skills available to everyone

Food Talent Bank

HR

A recruitment agency for the food industry

Strong understanding of the industry and are able to make the best match for talented individuals

Core Users

Restaurants, supermarkets, food factories, etc.

Problem

The database of major staffing companies is mainly focused on office workers

When talking to recruitment agents, they don't understand the level of skill required

Recruitment channels only target part-time workers

Value Proposition

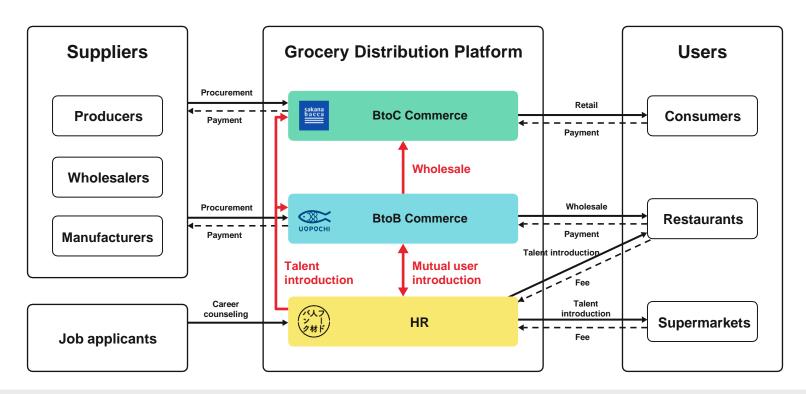
A database specialized in the food industry

Agents with a high level of understanding of the industry

Introduction of regular employment in the food industry

Business Diagram

With a focus on BtoB Commerce, we aim to cover a wide range of the food industry, allowing each service to organically create synergies



Our Key Strengths

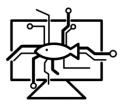
Our uniqueness lies in being insiders in an industry with high entry barriers while integrating technology to build an attractive business model

Insider in a Regulated Market



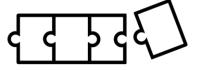
- Licenses to enter wholesale market
- Procurement network

Technology Application



- Software development suitable for complex fresh fish distribution
- Productivity improvement by integrating operations and technology

Attractive business model



- Vertically integrated platform
- High user engagement

Insider in a Regulated Market

COMPANY HIGHLIGHT

Licensing And Distribution Bases In the Wholesale Market

We have obtained various permits and licenses to operate at the Tokyo Central Wholesale Market, and has secured space for large-scale shipping operations at the Ota Market

Obtained licenses to enter wholesale market

- Wholesale business license within the market
- Auction participation license
- Seafood manufacturing permitted facilities in the market

Securing large-scale FFC directly connect to the market



Procurement Network For Both Popular And Low-Use Seafood

We have a network inside and outside the market that allows restaurants to procure a wide range of products, from standard products necessary for daily operations to competitive products necessary for differentiation

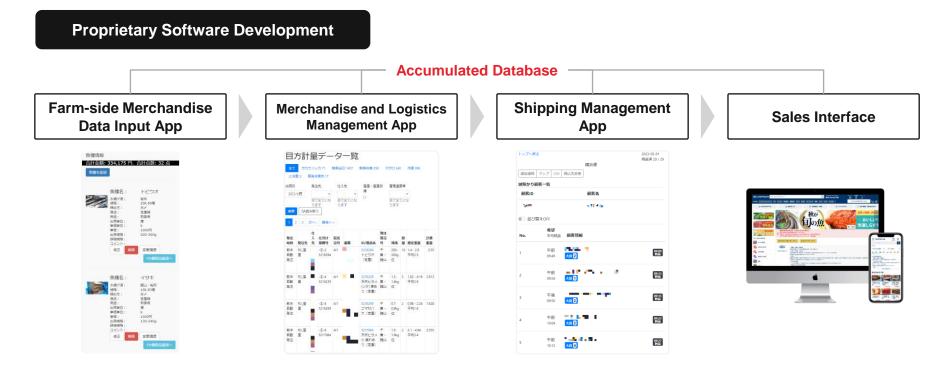
Procurement Routes Delivery route Tokyo Wards Characteristics: Private Contracts Central Stable procurement of large quantities **FFC** of standard products Wholesale Participation in auctions In and near the Ota Market Kanto Area Market Procurement with no inventory risk **Local Courier** Toyosu/Ota Procurement of substitutes in the event of a shortage **Nationwide** Nationwide Coureier Local Characteristics: **Suppliers** Procurement of a wide variety of high-Collection **Nationwide** value-added products Procurement with inventory risks More than 70 regions

COMPANY HIGHLIGHT

Technology Application

Software Development Suitable For Complex Fresh Fish Distribution

Overcame barriers to entry for applying digital transformation in fresh distribution by developing proprietary software



Fresh E-commerce Requires Special Software Requirements

Fresh E-commerce requires unique features that are not necessary for general E-Commerce because of the short expiration dates and paid by weight practice

	General EC	Fresh EC
Frequency of Item Information	LOW When necessary	High Daily
Order Frequency	Low Every few days to months	High Every 1-2 days
Storage Types	Few Room temperature	Many Chilled/Frozen/Room
Duration	Long	Short
Price	Listed Price	Paid by weight

Software Requirements

- 1 Daily data updates
- 2. Connectivity in sales data and operations
- 3. UX that improves users' operational efficiency

Productivity Improvement By Integrating Operations And Technology

We Build highly productive logistics by developing and implementing systems and equipment tailored to product characteristics

In-house picking system



Automatic weighing device

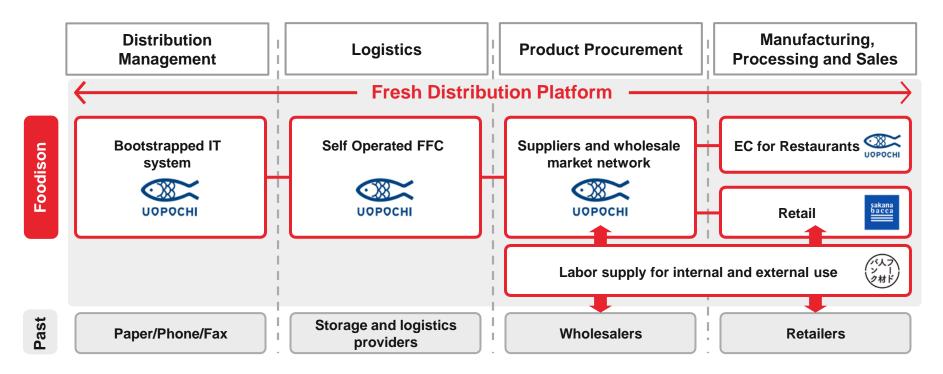


COMPANY HIGHLIGHT

Attractive Business Model

Establishing A Fresh Food Distribution Platform On Uopochi

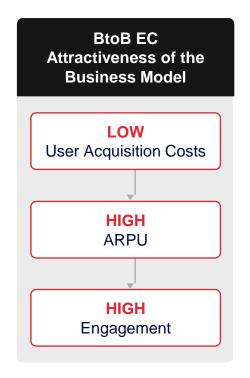
By vertically integrating current fresh food distribution functions, which have been divided into different branches of industry, it is possible to supply products with low loss and high added value, and further synergistic effects can be achieved by combining multiple services



Characteristics And Attractions Of BtoB EC Business Model

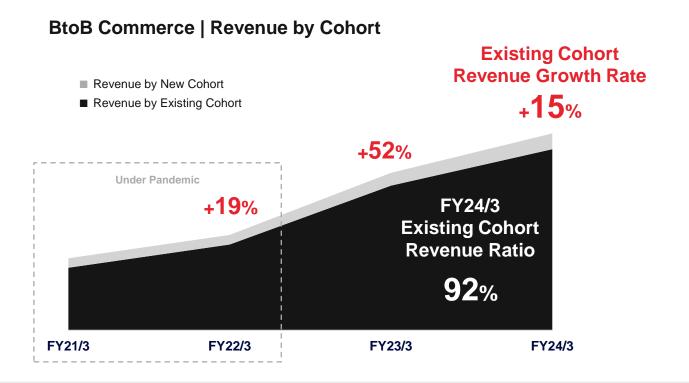
BtoB EC is highly efficient due to higher transaction values, and engagement is high because it is used for business purposes. Therefore, ensuring service quality is crucial

Features of Bto0	C and BtoB EC	BtoC EC	BtoB EC		
Typical examples		Mall Type	Self Operated		
Product Category		Wide Home appliances, clothes, etc.	Narrow Food, tools, etc.		
ARPU	Purchase Frequency	Low When necessary	High Always required		
ARPU	Unit Price	Low Personal use	High Business use		
Maylesting Cost	New user acquisition	High High competition	Low Low competition		
Marketing Cost	Existing users	High Need to stimulate	Minimal Business demand		



User Engagement Is High, And Existing Cohort Is Driving Growth

Revenue has been expanding year by year due to the perceived convenience and gained trust from customers



COMPANY HIGHLIGHT

Growth Potential

Growth Potentials Of KPIs In BtoB Commerce

Calculated based on the assumption that of monthly sales of 3.5 million yen and a cost ratio of 33%, of which food accounts for 60% and seafoods account for 30%.

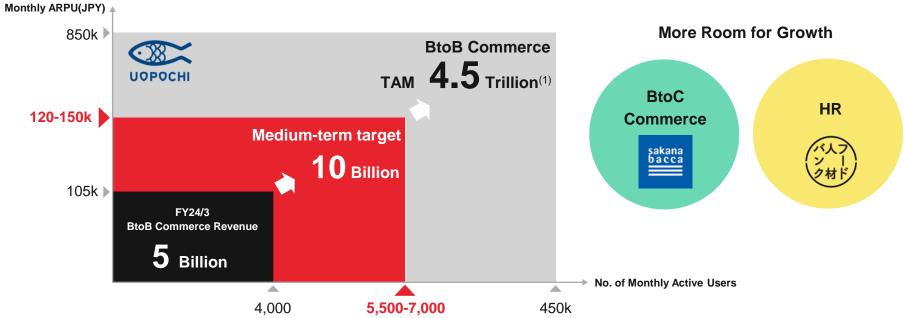
As of FY25/3 Q3

There is ample room to expand the tail end of BtoB Commerce users and ARPU

Growth Potential of Users⁽¹⁾ **Growth Potential of ARPU**⁽²⁾ Current(3) .617 users Estimated Average **Focus Area** Spending Estimated Average **500**k JPY Growth 120K restaurants Spending **Potential** 200K JPY Growth **Potential Nationwide** Current Current Spendings(3) Spendings(3) 450K restaurants **107**K JPY **Our Share** Seafood **Others** Calculated by estimating the proportion of small and medium-sized restaurants to be 75% from the number of restaurants nationwide (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications / Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "2016 Economic Census - Activity Survey")

Market Opportunities Expand As We Gain Market Share

There are approximately 450,000 restaurants nationwide, indicating ample room for expansion in BtoB Commerce alone. By further expanding into BtoC Commerce and establishing support functions such as HR services, there is significant potential to increase revenue and build upon the existing foundation



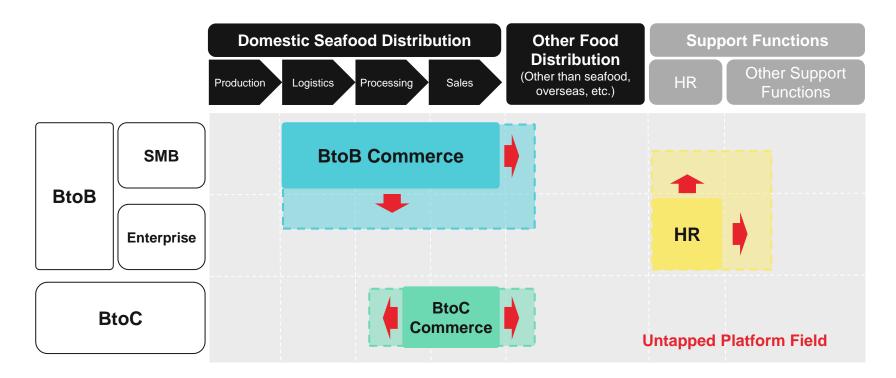
⁽¹⁾ TAM (Total Addressable Market) is the largest market size that our BtoB Commerce can capture, and is calculated by estimating from the number of restaurants nationwide and the sales amount of restaurants (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications / Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "2016 Economic Census - Activity Survey").

The calculation formula is as follows: Number of restaurants nationwide 450,000 × Total sales (income) per establishment: Approximately 31.73 million yen × Cost ratio of general restaurants 33% (estimated by the Company)

Growth Strategy

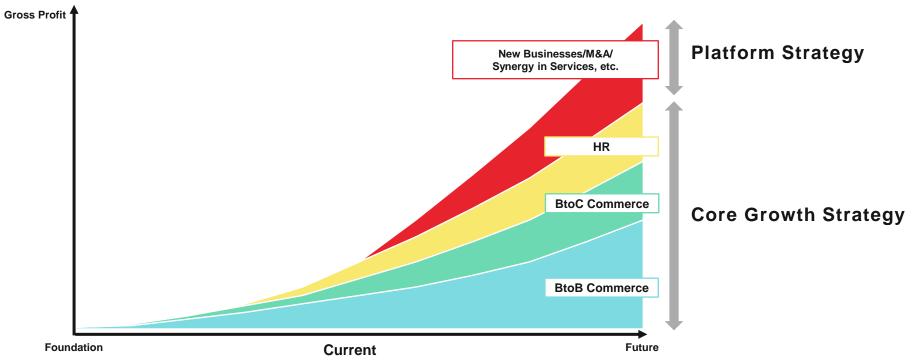
General Concept Of Our Platform Growth

We intend to expand the scope of our platform in the long term by building distribution and support functions



Medium To Long-term Growth Image

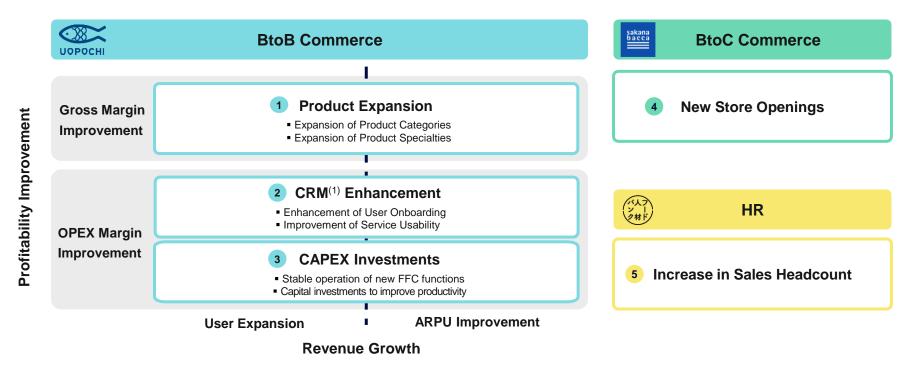
We will ensure the growth of existing services through Core Growth Strategy, and accelerate growth through Platform Strategy that aims to build a long-term platform



⁽¹⁾ Regarding the "Gross Profit CAGR Target" and "FY2026/3 Gross Profit Target" described in the previous fiscal year's materials, the description has been deleted from this document because it is difficult to calculate precise gross profit at this time due to the possibility that the store opening plan for BtoC commerce services may be affected by the external environment such as the development status of commercial facilities and the availability of properties

Core Growth Strategy

Our growth strategies are centered in improving usability

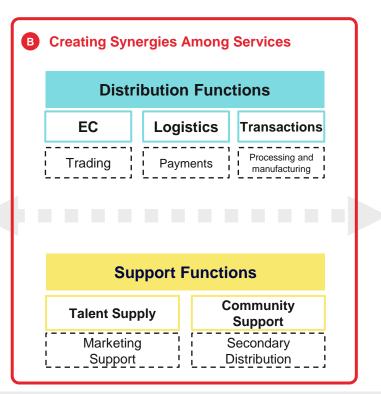


⁽¹⁾ CRM (Customer Relationship Management) is a series of initiatives aimed at building, maintaining, and improving good relationships with users

Platform Strategy

We plan to expand distribution and support functions to provide services according to customer size, area, and product category

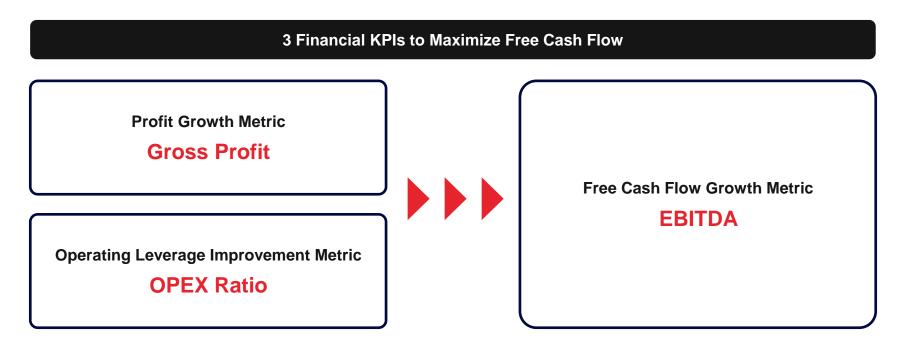






Our Approach To Medium To Long-term Corporate Value Creation

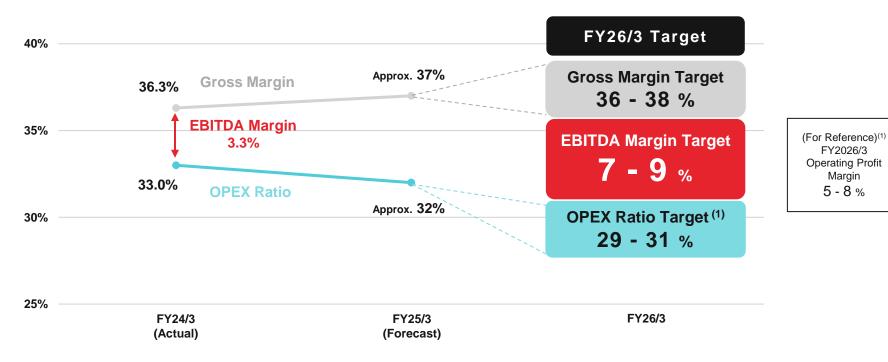
We aim to improve corporate value by maximizing long-term free cash flow (EBITDA expansion) through the expansion of gross profit and the improvement of OPEX (1) ratio



⁽¹⁾ OPEX = Operating Expenditure: The expense remaining after deducting depreciation from operating expenses. The OPEX ratio is the ratio of OPEX to revenue.

Medium-term Revenue Structure Range

EBITDA margin is expected to improve with an increase in the capacity utilization rate of the new FFC for which capital expenditures were made in FY24/3



⁽¹⁾ Since EBITDA is our Financial KPI, EBITDA margin is an associated indicator and Operating Profit margin is shown for reference purpose only

APPENDIX

Glossary (1/2)

Y/Y	Abbreviation for "Year-over-Year"
SKU	Abbreviation for "Stock Keeping Unit". It refers to the number of items in inventory management
FFC	Abbreviation for "Fulfillment Center". It refers to a logistics base that is responsible for inventory storage, management, packaging, shipping, etc. The new fulfillment center refers to the logistics base opened in August 2023
Existing Cohort Revenue	Refers to the sum of quarterly sales generated by users enrolled before the previous fiscal year
New Cohort Revenue	Refers to the sum of quarterly sales brought by newly registered users in the same fiscal year as the year cenrollment
ARPU	Abbreviation for "Average Revenue Per User"
Active Users	Refers to the number of users who placed at least one order each month. Figures are quarterly averages of monthly Active Users
OPEX	Abbreviation for "Operating Expenditure", which is calculated by subtracting depreciation and amortization expenses from SG&A. "OPEX Ratio" refers to a ratio of OPEX versus revenue
EBITDA	Abbreviation for "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization", which is calculated by adding depreciation and amortization on operating profit

Glossary (2/2)

O&S	Abbreviation for "Operation and Support". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses related to business operations other than sales promotion (logistics, call center, management, etc.)
S&M	Abbreviation for "Sales and Marketing". It refers to, a total of advertising expenses, personnel costs and other expenses related to sales promotion
G&A	Abbreviation for "General and Administrative". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses related to corporate development department
R&D	Abbreviation for "Research and Development". It refers to, a total of personnel costs and other expenses for engineers and personnel involved in new business development

Quarterly Performance Trends (1/2)

	FY22/3				FY23/3				FY24/3				FY25/3		
(MM JPY)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Revenue	723	725	1,241	902	1,205	1,155	1,533	1,385	1,474	1,502	1,766	1,607	1,629	1,582	1,912
BtoB Commerce	433	445	933	610	873	863	1,163	1,075	1,138	1,164	1,410	1,266	1,265	1,271	1,548
BtoC Commerce	190	208	219	197	228	203	275	233	240	236	266	258	243	227	272
HR	93	69	88	86	101	87	93	75	95	101	89	82	119	83	91
Gross Profit	304	286	455	349	455	425	541	474	519	551	637	583	609	571	661
EBITDA	-38	-67	73	0	49	12	74	18	41	21	105	52	74	23	77
Operating Profit	-40	-70	70	-2	44	7	69	14	37	15	98	45	68	17	70
Ordinary Profit	-26	-56	77	-1	48	10	62	18	37	14	99	45	68	16	71
Net Income	-29	-57	77	-2	47	-13	39	26	30	27	80	53	62	13	60

Quarterly Performance Trends (2/2)

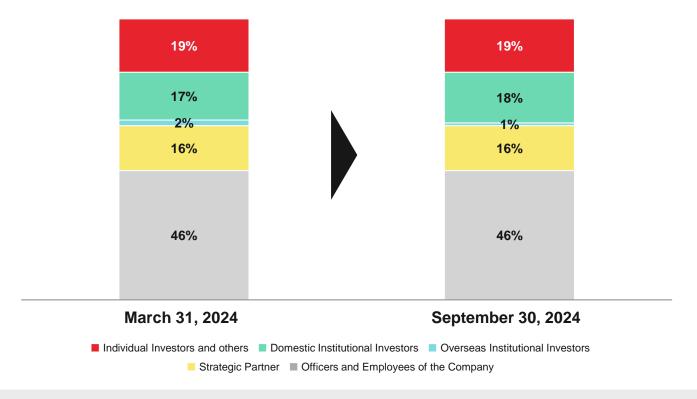
		FY2	2/3			FY2	3/3			FY2	4/3			FY25/3	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Gross Profit Margin	42.1%	39.4%	36.7%	38.8%	37.7%	36.8%	35.3%	34.2%	35.3%	36.7%	36.1%	36.3%	37.4%	36.1%	34.6%
Excluding HR	33.2%	32.9%	31.8%	32.3%	31.9%	31.5%	31.1%	30.4%	30.8%	32.1%	32.6%	32.8%	32.5%	32.6%	31.3%
OPEX Ratio	47.3%	48.8%	30.7%	38.7%	33.6%	35.7%	30.4%	32.9%	32.3%	35.3%	30.1%	33.0%	32.5%	34.6%	30.5%
Advertising-to-Sales Ratio	2.7%	2.4%	1.4%	1.6%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	2.3%	1.9%	2.0%	1.8%	1.9%	2.0%	2.5%	2.1%
BtoB Commerce KPI															
Active Users	2,356	2,261	3,193	2,762	3,283	3,258	3,601	3,621	3,854	3,851	4,204	4,012	4,095	4,059	4,617
ARPU (K JPY)	60	65	95	73	88	87	106	99	98	100	110	104	102	104	111
New Cohort Revenue (MM JPY)	12	38	99	92	18	48	113	142	22	77	140	157	36	88	162
Existing Cohort Revenue (MM JPY)	417	403	819	516	855	809	1,041	934	1,115	1,082	1,259	1,100	1,299	1,180	1,379

Balance Sheet

(MM JPY)	FY25/3 Q3 (Dec 31, 2024)	FY24/3 Q3 (Dec 31, 2023)	(Y/Y)	FY25/3 Q2 (Sep 30, 2024)	(Q/Q)
Current Assets	2,975	3,043	-2.2%	2,732	8.9%
Cash and Deposits	2,000	2,175	-8.0%	2,024	-1.2%
Non-Current Assets	317	318	-0.3%	315	0.6%
Total Assets	3,293	3,361	-2.0%	3,047	8.1%
Current Liabilities	715	898	-20.4%	528	35.4%
Short-term Debt	0	0	-	0	-
Current portion of Long-term Debt	31	285	-89.1%	28	10.7%
Non-Current Liabilities	310	347	-10.7%	319	-2.8%
Total Liabilities	1,026	1,245	-17.6%	847	21.1%
Total Stockholders'	2,266	2,115	7.1%	2,200	3.0%
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	3,293	3,361	-2.0%	3,047	8.1%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	68.8%	62.9%	+5.9pts	72.2%	-3.4pts

Assets	Liabilities / Stockholders' Equity (MM JPY)
	Current Liabilities 715
Cash and Deposits	Non-current Liabilities 310
2,000	
Other Current Assets 687	Stockholders' Equity 2,266
Non-current Assets 317	

Shareholder composition

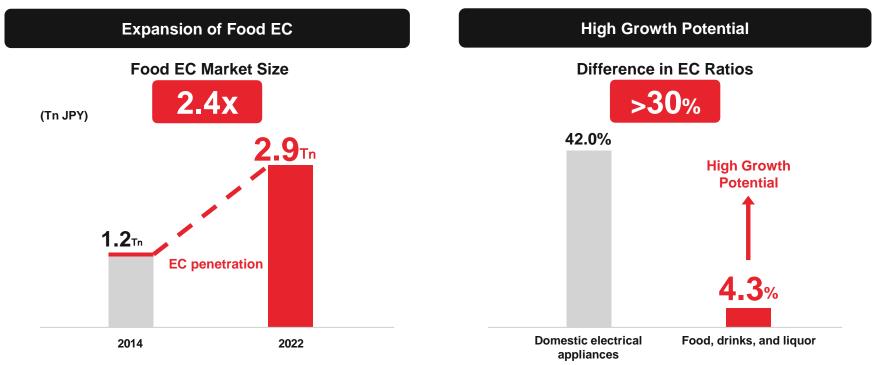


COMPANY OVERVIEW

Business Environment

Food EC Market In Japan Is Entering A Growth Phase

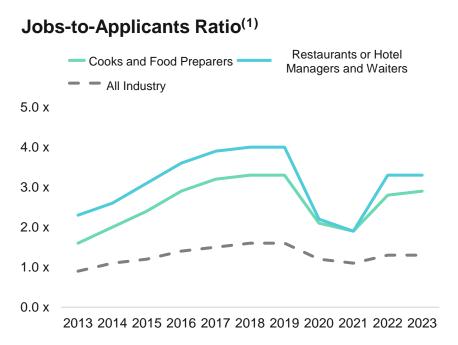
The E-Commerce (EC) ratio in the food industry was 4.3% in 2023, which is lower compared to other categories, indicating a high growth potential for the EC market



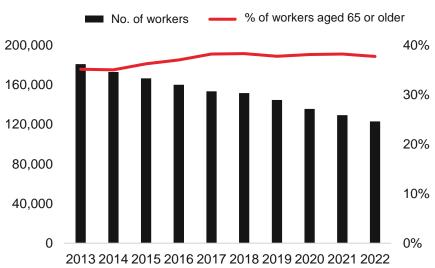
⁽¹⁾ E-commerce market size and e-commerce ratio refer to the "FY2023 E-Commerce Market Survey" and the "FY 2014 Infrastructure Development for Informatization and Servitization of Japan's Economy and Society (E-Commerce Market Survey)" by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. Graphs are prepared by the Company.

Labor Shortage In The Food Industry Is Significant

- The jobs-to-applicants ratio in the food-related sector remains at a high level
- The number of fishery workers is decreasing year by year, and the proportion of elderly people is high



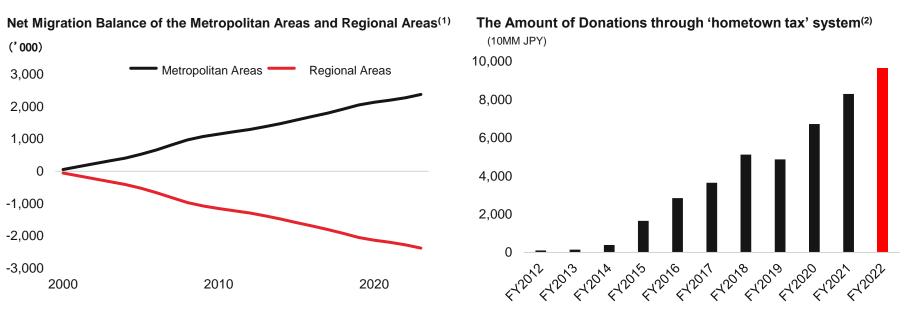
Number of Fishery Workers⁽²⁾



Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare "General Employment Placement Status (Employment Security Business Statistics)"
Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries "Reiwa 4 Year Fishery Structural Dynamics Survey Results"

Population Of Rural Areas Are Decreasing, Yet The Funding For Revitalization Is Increasing

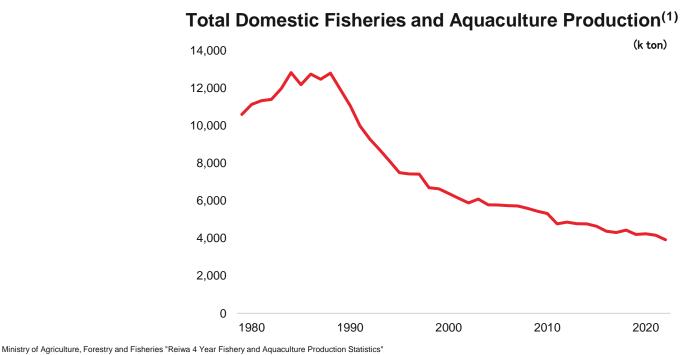
- In rural areas, there is a shortage of high-quality employment opportunities in terms of wages, stability, and job satisfaction, leading to population outflow to urban areas
- On the other hand, as a new source of revenue for rural areas, the amount of donations received through the 'hometown tax' system has been increasing year by year



Refer to the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications' "Basic Resident Register Population Movement Report". The three major metropolitan areas are Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Gifu, Aichi, Mie, Kyoto, Osaka, Hyogo, and Nara (Saitama) Refer to the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications "Survey Results on Hometown Tax Payment (Conducted in FY5 of Reiwa)"

Seafood Resources Are Declining Affected By Climate Change

Due to changes in seawater temperature and the progressing coastal erosion, fishery catches in Japan is decreasing year by year



Regulatory Changes Related To The Distribution And The Environment

Regulatory changes affecting the food industry are progressing, necessitating adaptation

Category	Major Regulatory Changes	Overview	Key Influences		
Distribution Reform	Reform in the Wholesale Market Act (2020)	To streamline food distribution and ensure a fair trading environment for fresh food products, rules related to wholesale markets are being reviewed, including lifting the ban on direct cargo delivery and eliminating requirements for standardized products	Direct transactions outside traditional markets and wholesale channels are becoming easier, promoting activities such as direct-from-source sales, exports, and e-commerce		
Resource Management	Implementation of the Fisheries Distribution Optimization System (2021)	To prevent the circulation of illegally harvested aquatic organisms, such as abalone and sea cucumber, regulations define obligations for harvesters, processors, and distributors. These include reporting to government agencies, transmitting catch numbers and other records, and creating and preserving transaction records	The issuance of catch numbers for traceability and the requirement to create and maintain transaction records are increasing the demand for digitalization of transactions. It is expected that more fish species will be included in these requirements in the future.		
Climate Change	Implementation of Sustainability Information Disclosure in Annual Securities Report (2023)	Mandatory inclusion of sustainability information in annual securities reports	Regulations on companies are being strengthened and specific implementation measures are being developed to achieve the		
Measures	Opening of the TSE Carbon Credit Market (2023)	Carbon credits ⁽¹⁾ trading market for J-Credits ⁽²⁾ opened by Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.	carbon neutrality goal by 2050.		

By certifying the amount of greenhouse gas emissions reduced, absorbed, or removed as credits, the results of these emissions are embodied in a form that can be traded with others

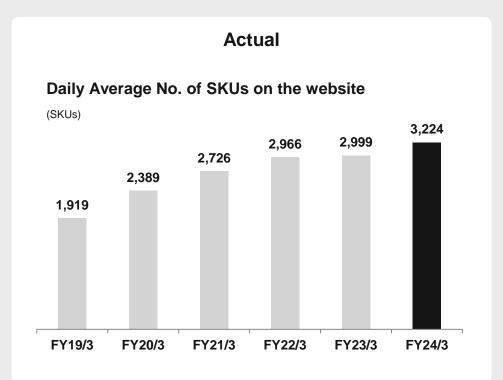
It is a baseline and credit system operated by the Ministry of the Environment, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, and the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, and certifies the amount of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and absorbed through the introduction of energy-saving and renewable energy facilities and forest management as J-credits

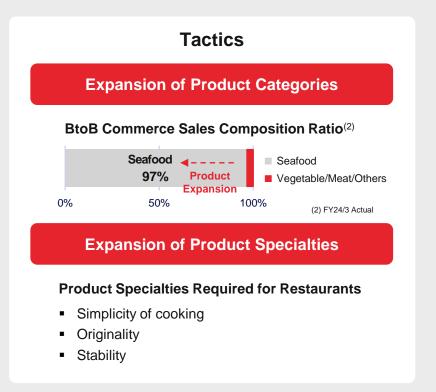
Core Growth Strategy in Detail

GROWTH STRATEGY

Core Growth Strategy | Product Expansion

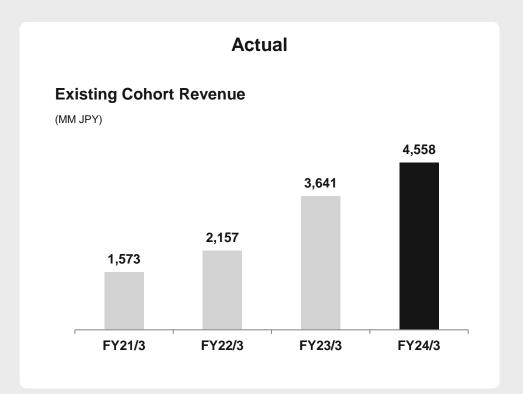
Expand vegetable and meat products from a focus on seafood products, and enhance our product offerings with unique and distinctive items to further differentiate

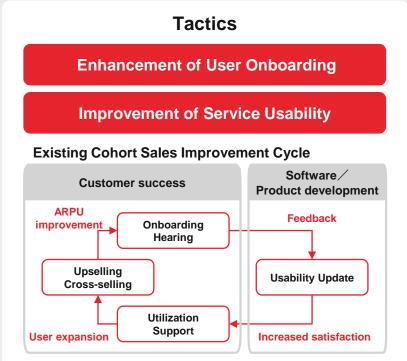




Core Growth Strategy | CRM Enhancement

We plan to continuously strengthen customer success and UI/UX to expand Active Users

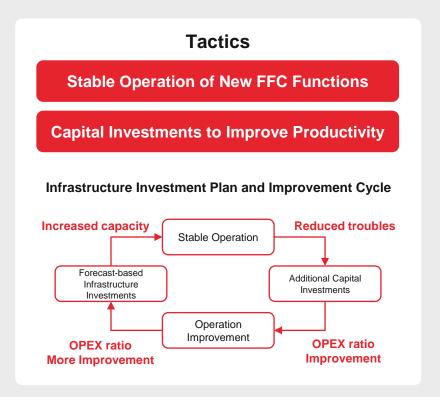




Core Growth Strategy | CAPEX Investments

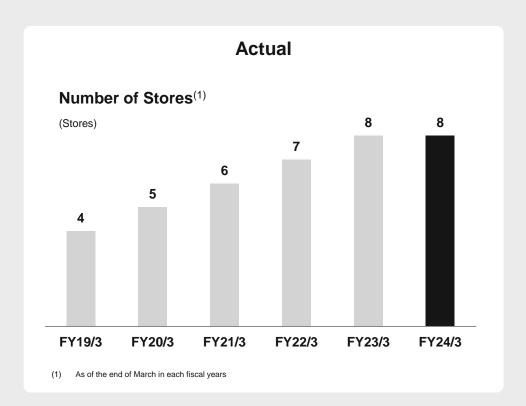
Expand new FFC functions to improve productivity over the medium to long term

Actual			
2014	Establishment of FFC function in the Tsukiji Market		
2016	Opened FFC function in the Ota Market and started operation in two bases Tsukiji and Ota		
2018	With the relocation to the Toyosu Market from Tsukiji, the FFC function was opened in the Toyosu Market, and started operation in two bases Toyosu and Ota		
2019	In pursuit of efficiency, enhanced the FFC function in the Ota market and closed the Toyosu Market function. Started operation of one site in Ota		
2021	Opened in-house processing function in Ota Market		
2023	In order to increase shipping capacity, FFC functions was expanded outside the Ota market and have started two bases operation		



Core Growth Strategy | New store openings

To open in-station stores with a focus on location conditions



Tactics

Open Stores in Good Terms

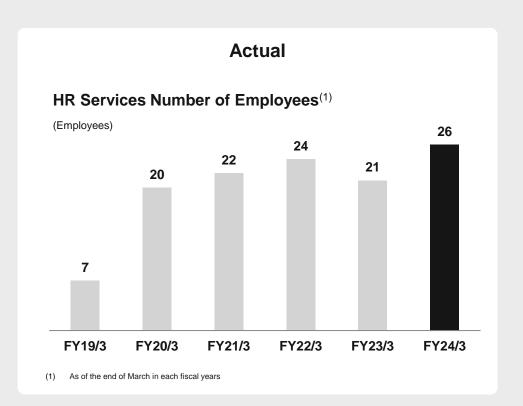
Room for New Store Opening

Area	Stations with more than 40,000 passengers ⁽²⁾
Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba, Saitama	About 300 stations
Tokyo wards	About 150 stations
Tokyo wards close to residential area	About 90 stations

(2) Based on our research from the information published by each railway company

Core Growth Strategy | Recruiting

Actively recruit mainly younger employees and aim to expand the scale of the organization



Tactics Continuous recruitment Hiring Strategy Proactive recruitment and promotions Creating an attractive work environment New graduate recruitment

GROWTH STRATEGY

Platform Strategy in Detail

Platform Strategy | Attractive Product Development

We will work towards leveraging brands by enhancing our private labels products, with the expansion of the supplier network, the strengthening of product development capabilities, and private brand initiatives



















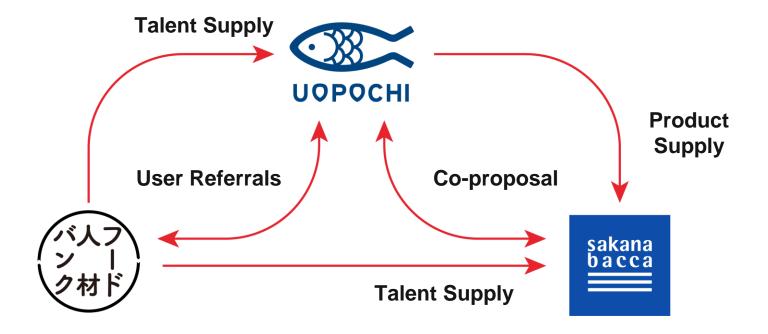




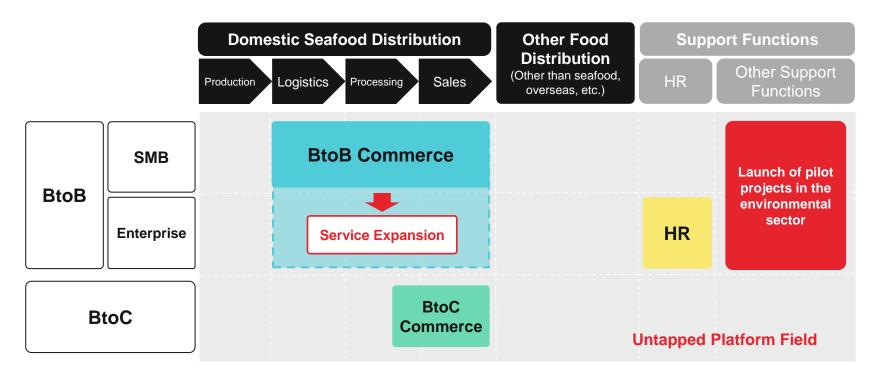


Platform Strategy | Creating Synergies Among Services

As we expand each service, there is increased potential to create synergies, and we aim to take those advantage of opportunities to improve productivity



While keeping a wide range of options such as expanding existing businesses, developing new businesses, and M&A, we will focus on expanding services for businesses



Sustainability

Working To Achieve Sustainable Fresh Food Distribution Since Establishment

Implementing a wide range of environmental initiatives through our own platform

Major Initiatives of ESG

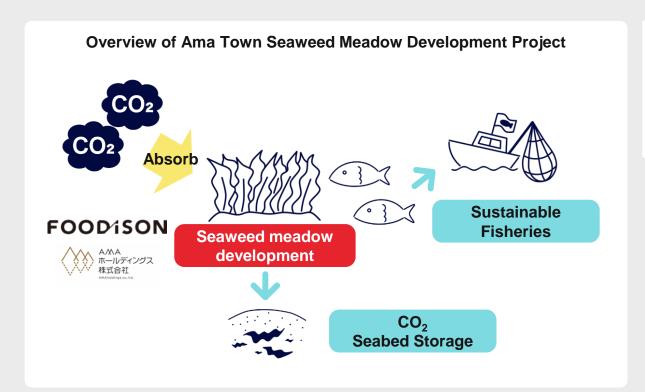
Environment	 Reuse of Styrofoam box De-plasticization initiatives Seaweed Meadow Regeneration Project Product development using underutilized fish
Social	 Providing job experience opportunities to the local community Efforts to popularize fish consumption Providing a seafood distribution system that utilizes IT Supporting the reconstruction of disaster-stricken areas
Governance	 Promoting Diversity in the Board of Directors Sustainability Committee



Environment

Seaweed Meadow Regeneration To Initiate Creation Of Blue Carbon⁽¹⁾

We have partnered with AMA Holdings to develop seaweed meadow regeneration development in Ama Town, Shimane



Outlook

- **Entry into the environmental business**
- Creation of jobs in local communities
- Cultivate marine resources

Recent Progress

"Reef Ball" to be sunk in October 2024







Representative Director and CEO

Tohru Yamamoto

- Joined SMS Co., Ltd. in 2003, as a founding member, and served as a director of HR business and new business development
- Founder and CEO of Foodison since 2013
- A fisheries Policy Councilor, Fisheries Agency of Japan since 2019

Outside Director

Itaru Tanimura

- Former Partner at McKinsey & Co.
- Founder and CEO of So-net M3 Inc. (currently M3, Inc.) since 2000
- An independent director of Foodison since 2015

Outside Director

Hideaki Fukutake

- Joined KEYENCE Co., Ltd. in 2000
- Joined SMS Co., Ltd. in 2006
- Joined Benesse Holdings, Inc. as an outside director in 2014
- A non-executive director of Benesse Holdings Co., Ltd. since 2021
- An independent director of Foodison since 2023

Director and CFO

Naoki Naito

- Joined Mizuho Corporate Bank (currently Mizuho Bank, Ltd.) in April 2006, where he was engaged in investment banking with a focus on M&A and structured finance
- Joined Foodison in 2016 and became a Board of Director and CFO in 2018
- MBA from Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania

Outside Director

Haruna Nochi

- Joined Mitsubishi UFJ Securities Co., Ltd. (c1) in 2007
- Joined Uber Japan Co., Ltd in 2016
- Joined Wolt Japan Co., Ltd. in 2021 and became a representative director in 2023
- A director of newmo, Inc. since 2024
- An independent director of Foodison since 2024
- MBA from University of California, Berkeley

(1) Current Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd.

Governance

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- This material has been prepared to help you understand Foodison ("Company") and its Group and is not intended to solicit investment in the Company.
- This material (including earnings forecasts) has been prepared by the Company based on reliable information available at the time, but it contains risks and uncertainties, and the Company assumes no responsibility for its accuracy or completeness.
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1. Investors Relations Contact Form: https://foodison.jp/contact/

FOOD ISON