

Financial Results Briefing Material First Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending February 2026 TSE Growth Market (Securities Code: 2936) July 15, 2025



Reinvent staple foods to make a healthy and sustainable lifestyle accessible to all

Our Goal is to Become "Nutrition Infrastructure"



Part 1

Financial Results for the First Quarter (Q1) of the Fiscal Year Ending February 2026 (FY2026)

Executive Summary

Net Sales	¥3.94 Bn	+ 7.7 % YoY	As planned, In-house EC drove overall sales growth, and progress against the full-year forecast landed generally as expected.
In-house EC	¥2.62 Bn	+ 14.3 % YoY	Solid sales growth was achieved, driven by increased new user acquisition from new product promotions and a churn rate maintained at a record-low level.
Retail	¥1.00 Bn	- 7.1 % YoY	Although the convenience store channel struggled and dragged down total sales, new channel expansion—particularly in supermarkets—is progressing steadily, and future growth is expected.
External EC	¥ 0.24 Bn	+ 10.2 % YoY	Sales of the new "BASE YAKISOBA" series performed favorably.
Global	¥0.05 Bn	- 3.1 % YoY	To enhance awareness, we focused on the wholesale expansion in Hong Kong. Although sales temporarily declined due to unit price differences across channels, the number of units sold increased YoY, steadily expanding our customer base.
Operating Profit Profit Margin(%)	-0.07 вп -2.0%	– YoY +9.9 pt	As planned, advertising investment was intensified in Q1, resulting in a loss, but the deficit significantly improved.

Notes: In this material, amounts less than ¥1 million are rounded down. Ratios are calculated using actual values in one-yen increments and rounded to the first decimal place. QoQ refers to quarter-on-quarter, and YoY refers to year-on-year.

Financial Highlights

Net sales landed **generally in line with expectations**, **driven by growth in in-house EC**, which benefited from strengthened promotions of new products. Operating profit turned negative due to **planned advertising investments in Q1**, but continued improvement in gross margin and reductions in fixed costs contributed to **a significant YoY reduction in losses**.

	FY2025 Q1	FY2025 Q4	FY2026 Q1	YoY
Net Sales	¥3.66 Bn	¥ 3.66 Bn	¥ 3.94 Bn	+7.7%
In-house EC	¥2.30 Bn	¥ 2.30 Bn	¥ 2.62 Bn	+14.3%
Retail	¥ 1.08 Bn	¥ 1.09 Bn	¥ 1.00 Bn	-7.1%
External EC	¥0.22 Bn	¥ 0.17 Bn	¥ 0.24 Bn	+10.2%
Global	¥ 0.05 вп	¥ 0.04 Bn	¥ 0.05 Bn	-3.1 %
Gross Profit	¥ 1.92 Bn	¥2.08 Bn	¥2.23 Bn	+16.3%
Profit Margin (%)	52.4%	56.9%	56.6 %	+4.2 _{pt}
Marketing Exp.	¥1.00 Bn	¥0.46 вп	¥1.05 Bn	+5.2%
Cost Ratio (%)	27.3%	12.6%	26.7 %	-0.6pt
Operating Profit	- ¥0.43 Bn	¥0.38 Bn	- ¥0.07 Bn	+0.36 Bn
Profit Margin (%)	-11.9%	10.4%	-2.0 %	+9.9 _{pt}

Sales Highlight

In-house EC, strengthened by new product promotions, grew steadily at **+14.3% YoY** and drove overall sales growth. Progress against the full-year plan landed generally as expected.



Sales by Channel (In-house EC)

Promotional efforts for the new product category "BASE YAKISOBA" were intensified, leading to increased new customer acquisition. A new plan aimed at encouraging continued use by first-time users was introduced, successfully mitigating churn rate increases. As a result, LTV improved and solid revenue growth was achieved (YoY +14.3%).



In-house EC Subscribers * 1& LTV

Notes:

1. Actual monthly increases in subscribers (cancellations taken into account).

2. The 3-month average of monthly cancellations / previous month's subscribers.

3. Average figure for each fiscal quarter (Q2: Mar. to May), (Q2: Jun. to Aug.), (Q3: Sep. to Nov.), (Q4: Dec. to Feb. next year). Monthly average purchase price = Monthly subscription sales / Monthly subscripters

Sales by Channel (Retail Channel)

While the core convenience store channel struggled, new channels such as supermarkets expanded steadily. Seasonal limited-time products will be introduced in convenience stores to attract new users, while optimized, channel-specific products will be deployed in supermarkets to drive further growth.

Percentage of new

at retail stores*2

Approx. **49%**

for in-house EC

Store Network^{*1}



Expansion Opportunities



Monthly Sales per Store^{*7}



Notes

1. The number of stores which stocks our products.

2. This refers to first-time buyers on our in-house EC platform (both one-time and subscription). It concerns the percentage of respondents who answered "Convenience store," "Gym," "Supermarket," and "Drugstore." to the question "Have you ever purchased Base Food products before?"

3. The total number of stores on an all-store basis from the "Convenience Store Statistical Survey Monthly Report August 2023" by the Japan Franchise Chain Association.

4. The store count summary of regular members as of June 2023 from the Japan Chain Drug Store Association.

5. The number of supermarket stores as of December 31, 2022, from the National Supermarket Association.

6. As of the end of May 2025.

7. Quarterly average. Monthly sales per store = Monthly sales of the entire retail channel / Number of stores.

Overseas Sales

A clear policy has been set to concentrate resources in the Asian region for the time being, with business operations launched in South Korea. In Hong Kong, the number of stores carrying the products at local 7-Eleven locations has expanded to 300, showing steady progress.

Trends in Quarterly Volume of Bags Sold



Popular Among the Working-Age Demographics*1





Notes:

1. Based on the questionnaire results for users after subscription purchases on the Hong Kong in-house EC.

Profit Highlights

Gross margin stayed almost flat QoQ due to product mix from "BASE YAKISOBA," but cost reduction measures from Q2 are expected to improve it.

Operating margin improved significantly despite ad spending at prior-year levels, driven by continued gross margin gains and fixed cost reductions.

Gross Margin



Operating Margin



SG&A Trends

While advertising investment was strengthened in Q1 as planned, the total SG&A ratio excluding advertising costs has improved on both a YoY and QoQ basis, and **the fundamental profit structure is steadily improving**.



Breakdown of SG&A Expenses (JPY MM)

SG&A-to-Sales Ratio Trend (%)

Notes: Accounts are based on managerial accounting.

1. Research and development expenses, outsourcing and commission expenses, etc.

2. Includes warehouse and personnel expenses.

New Product Launches and Renewal Achievements

New Products Launched: 2 in total

BASE BREAD Series

- New launch: "BASE BREAD Orange"
- Highest user-rated item in the BREAD series*1



• BASE YAKISOBA Series

- New launch: "BASE YAKISOBA Salty Fried Noodles"
- Series share of total sales grew from low single digits to ~10%
- Outperforming plan; aiming to boost awareness via mass ads and celebrity endorsements



New Product Launches and Renewal Achievements

Product Renewal

• BASE BREAD Series



しっとりと、もっちりと。 ひとくちで実感。

人気のフレーバーがリニューアルして新発売。

7月中旬製造分より順次

BASE BREAD チョコレート BASE BREAD メープル BASE BREAD ミルク

8月下旬製造分より順次

BASE BREAD シナモン

Taste Rating^{*1}

As for Chocolate flavor

+0.4points UP!!

Purchase Intention^{*1} *0~100% rating

As for Chocolate flavor

+7.0pts UP!!

The renewal also achieves cost reduction and is expected to improve gross margin

Balance Sheet

Although net assets decreased slightly due to the Q1 operating loss, the equity ratio remains at a healthy 23.8%. There were no other major changes in assets or liabilities, and the financial foundation remains stable.

(Million Yen)

Total Assets 3,851	Total Liabilities and Net Assets 3,851	Total Assets 4,010	Total Liabilities and Net Assets 4,010
	Short-term loans 400 Current portion of long-term loans 166		Short-term loans 400 Current portion of long-term loans 124
Cash and deposits 1,983	Other current liabilities 1,971	Cash and deposits 2,094	Other current liabilities 2,254
Other current assets 1,291	Long-term loans 236 Non-current liabilities 40	Other current assets 1,280	Long-term loans 236 Non-current liabilities 40
Non-current assets 576	Net assets 1,036	Non-current assets 635	Net assets 954
As of the end		As of the end	l of Q1 FY2026 23.8%

Part 2 FY2026 Forecast

Basic Policy

Aim to continue +10~30% growth while moderately improving profit margins by reinforcing such assets as R&D know-how, talents, and brands we have fostered through previous strategic investments, and enhancing product quality



Full-Year Forecast for FY2026

The financial forecast is as follows, with no changes from the initial forecast at the beginning of the fiscal year.

	FY2025 Full-Year Result	FY2026 Full-Year Forecast	YoY
Net Sales	¥ 15.24 Bn	¥ 17.41 Bn	+14.2 %
Gross Profit	¥ 8.38 Bn	¥9.97 вп	+19.1%
Profit Margin (%)	55.0%	57.3 %	+ 2.3 pt
Operating Profit	¥ 0.13 Bn	¥0.19 Bn	+41.8%
Profit Margin (%)	0.9%	1.1 %	+0.2pt

Notes : Although we expect to report a profit at each level below operating income, specific figures are not disclosed at this time, as the amount of SBIR grant income—planned to be recorded as non-operating income—has not yet been finalized.

Full-Year Forecast for FY2026



Generally on plan

- Continued investment focus on inhouse-EC in line with upcoming product launches
- Strategic products targeting trial users to be launched in retail from Q3 to drive growth

Generally on plan

 Margin improvement expected toward fiscal year-end through product mix optimization and cost reduction measures

At a level exceeding the plan

- Q1 losses narrowed more than expected; ad spend to be increased again in Q2
- No major changes in other fixed costs; expense ratio expected to improve with sales growth

Image of Quarterly Sales Trend

Although growth in the second half of the previous fiscal year slowed due to suppressed advertising investment, the goal for this year is to achieve the full-year plan with two growth drivers: securing capacity for advertising investment through continuous fixed cost reductions, and multiple strong new products scheduled for the second half.



Image of Quarterly Operating Profit Trend

As is typical, advertising investment was strengthened in Q1, which coincides with a period of high demand, with profitability expected from Q2 onwards. In this context, given that the Q1 operating loss shrank more than expected, advertising investment will continue to be strengthened from Q2 onwards in line with product releases to accelerate annual growth.



Part 3 Future growth strategy

Domestic Target Market

In the vast food market, work to expand our share in food scenes where our strengths of "healthy x time efficient x breakfast/lunch/snacks" overlaps



Notes:

- 1. Figures for "noodles," "snacks" and "bread" are the value for "noodles," the combined value for "biscuits and cookies" and "crackers" in the "confectionery and snacks" segment, and the value for "total bread market," respectively, provided by Fuji Keizai Co., Ltd.
- 2. Calculated by using the rate in the "axis of time x unit price" in the food scenes in which we excel (based on our research) and the rate of health-conscious consumers (based on the Survey of Consumer Trends (January 2024) by Japan Finance Corporation) as coefficients
- 3. Retail stores refer to mass merchandisers, CVS, and drugstores, and excludes restaurants, bakeries, etc. Calculated by using the composition ratio of sales trends by channel for each category (based on Fuji Keizai Co., Ltd.) as coefficients
- 4. Calculated by multiplying the distribution rate by channel for each category that we can assume in the future

Growth Strategy (1)

Expand sales channels and Acquisition of Trial Users

- The expansion opportunity of at drugstores and supermarkets is approx. 80%^{*1}
 - Aim for continuous distribution with product and package tailored to each channel's user base

Example at Costco: 12-pack to cater to bulk purchase demand



• Diversify the customer inflow channels to our in-house EC by cultivating sales channels that are different from retailers

Example:

Introduction to corporate offices that pursue health management



Coordination with health checkups and specific health guidance programs

Inflow to our in-house EC

Foster users after their inflow (next page)

Expand product categories

- Increase in-store exposure by expanding the categories and realizing display on shelves other than for bread
- Work to capture customers of different attributes and ۲ needs by offering variations in tastes and categories

Example:







Chocolate bread X Users on a diet

Pancake mix Family customers Cup noodle Koshian × Senior generation

Business

persons

1. Calculated by using the number of stores to which our products are distributed as of the end of August 2024, based on the total number of drugstores and supermarkets in Japan (drugstores: using the number of stores by Japan Association of Chain Drug Stores; supermarkets: using the number of stores by National Supermarket Association of Japan)

Growth Strategy (2)

Inflow from Retail Stores and Other Sales Channels

Enhance LTV of Our In-House EC Users

Optimize Customer Composition

- Increase user segments with relatively high LTV
 - High-spending segments:
 - Male users
 - Household users with children

Sales per customer^{*1} over a 3 months period:



- Segment with relatively low churn rates :
 - Users who have purchased our products at retail stores

Increase Purchase Price

• Drive cross-selling by expanding categories beyond core products (BREAD series)



 Strengthen measures aimed at increasing purchase price in terms of services as well

Further Improve Churn Rate

- Continuously introduce new products
 - The main reason for cancellation is "getting tired of the taste and unable to finish all"
 - Based on past results, the churn rate tends to decrease when new products are introduced





R&D Strategy

Our R&D group is working on "speedy product development and renewals", "improving taste", "product efficiency" and "enhancing quality assurance". We are strengthening deep and digital technology as a driver to accelerate business growth and propel mission accomplishment.



Global Strategy

YY

Enter into overseas markets while controlling large-scale investments during the start-up phase by taking such measures as efficiently enhancing brand recognition through omni-channel development and alliances with local partners that have manufacturing bases and sales channels



Expand brand recognition efficiently via omni-channel strategies through cross-border EC and retail stores

- / Directly collect feedback of local users through cross-border EC to efficiently conduct verification
- / Leverage domestic sales track record and retail networks to enter local stores and enhance product recognition.
 - Expanded to 300 stores at Hong Kong 7-Eleven.

Local manufacturing strategy

Alliance with local partners

- ✓ Minimize initial investment by partnering with those who have local manufacturing and sales networks
- Accelerate market entry by collaborating with partners knowledgeable about local regulations and practices

Mission & Business Model

Social Issues in Japan

Extension of Healthy Life Expectancy

Increase in Social Security Expenses^{*1}

We aim to reduce social security benefit expenses by extending healthy lifespans



Gap between life expectancy and healthy life expectancy \ast_2



Less Time Spent for Meal Prepration

Increase of Dual-Income Households*3*4



Increase in people who don't want to spend much time on cooking^{*5}



Improvement in Nutritional Balance



Notes:

- 1. "The Financial Statistics of Social Security in Japan Fiscal Year 2021." by the National Institute of Population and Social Security Research.
- 2. Average life expectancy (2010) based on "The 22nd Life Tables" by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare of Japan. Healthy life expectancy (2010) is based on the "Future Projection of Healthy Life Expectancy and Cost-Effectiveness of Lifestyle Disease Prevention," a research funded by the Health Labour Sciences Research Grant.
- 3. Figures for 1980 and 2000 are from the "Special Survey of the Labor Force Survey" by the Statistics Bureau of Japan, and figures for 2020 are from the "Labor Force Survey (Detailed Tabulation) (Annual average)" by the Statistics Bureau of Japan.
- 4. Households in which both the husband and wife are employees in sectors other than agriculture and forestry.
- 5. In the "Lifestyle Stationary Measurement Report 2020" by Tokyo Gas Urban Life Research, the percentage of people who answered either A or likely A in a question regarding cooking of: "A. Not taking time for cooking" or "B. Taking time for cooking." The survey covered 3,991members of the Tokyo Gas Urban Life Inquiring Points (TULIP), who are over the age of 20 and live in Tokyo, Kanagawa, Chiba, and Saitama Prefectures.
- 6. The % of nutrient intake for each nutrient = the average nutrient intake for males of 20-29 years old males in 2019 (based on the "National Health and Nutrition Survey, Nutrient Intake Status Survey" conducted by the National Institute of Health and Nutrition) / the recommended or reference nutrient intake levels for males aged 18-29 (based on the "Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese (2020 Edition)" by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare)

Why BASE FOOD?

BASE FOOD accurately meets the high demand for convenient and affordable balanced meals

Top 3 Preferences for Meals^{*1}



Why Users Continue to Choose BASE FOOD



Notes:

1. Page 3 of the "Consumer Survey (July 2022)" by the Japan Finance Corporation (The survey covered 1,000 males and 1,000 females on their 20s through 70s in Japan. Up to two responses were permitted for the question of "Choose the answers that best represent your current food preferences.")

2. Covered 459 subscribers as of September 21, 2022, with the question of "Why do you subscribe to BASE FOOD?"

Healthier Lives with Nutritionally Complete^{*1} Staple Food

BASE BREAD Nutrients * ²



Sov







Whole Wheat

Glutinous rice





Whole Grain Rve Chia seed

Kelp

30

Swap out Lunch, Swap in BASE BREAD for a "Well-Balanced" Meal with Essential Nutrients Anywhere*4



Notes:

- 1. One meal (1 package for BASE PASTA, 2 packages for BASE BREAD, 4 packages for BASE cookies, and 1 package for BASE FOOD Deli) includes 1/3 or more of the daily criterion value of all nutrients except for fatty acid, saturated fatty acid, carbohydrate, and sodium, which may be overdosed with other meals
- 2. Nutrients assuming intake of two packages of BASE BREAD Plain for one meal
- 3. Nutritional value of BASE BREAD Plain, assuming to eat 2 packages per meal. One-third of the criterion value of nutrients for a day (aged 18 or older, criterion calories of 2,200kcal; Consumer Affairs Agency)
- 4. Relative amount of nutrients required per meal, based on the criterion value indicated in Note 2 (Aged 18 or older, criterion calories of 2,200kcal; Consumer Affairs Agency)
- Total nutrients of cereals, rice, [wet rice], polished rice, and non-glutinous rice of 200g; fish and shellfish/<fish>/ (salmon and trout), grilled chum salmon of 80g; vegetables/gegplant/boiled eggplant of 70g; vegetables/spinach, annual average of boiled spinach of 70g ;seasoning and spices/-seasoning>/(miso)/instant miso/powder of 8g; according to Standard Tables of Food Composition in Japan, 2020 (Eighth Revised Version) by Resources Research Committee, Council for Science and Technology, Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology

Addressing Health Inequalities is a Significant Global Agenda

FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations) has set a goal that by 2050, all humans will not only be able to consume the "minimum nutritional requirements" for daily living, but also have a "nutritionally balanced diet" in line with national dietary guidelines.





Social Impact

Contributions to Sustainability

By incorporating waste bran and plant-rich protein ingredients, we can contribute to the reduction of CO_2 emissions

TOP5 solutions to reduce CO₂ emissions^{*1}



Providing Emergency Rations

The distinctive social value proposition we offer as a "Nutrition Infrastructure" company



Notes:

1. Paul Hawken. Drawdown: The Most Comprehensive Plan Ever Proposed to Reverse Global Warming. 2017. The term CO₂ (carbon dioxide) refers not only to carbon dioxide itself but also encompasses all greenhouse gases converted to carbon dioxide equivalents based on their global warming potential (GWP), including methane, nitrous oxide, CFC-12, HCFC-22, and other gases with minor impacts.

Business Model

(1) Timely user and feedback analysis, (2) Agile in-house R&D, (3) Confidential mass production by manufacturing mixed flour and products at separate business partners, and (4) Strong omni-channel strategy utilizing EC and retail channels



Notes:

- After the recall of certain products, the review aggregation was temporarily suspended between Nov. 5, 2023 and Jan. 17, 2024. The cumulative reviews for BASE BREAD 4 Flavor 16 Bag Set, BASE BREAD 4 Flavor 20 Bag Set, and Chocolate 16 Bag Set as of the end of Feb. 2024. One meal (J package for BASE PASTA), 2 packages for BASE BREAD, 4 packages for BASE FORDs, 4 packages for BASE PASTA), 2 packages for BASE BREAD 4 Flavor 16 BaS Better Addition and the state of the end of Feb. 2024. 3. may be overdosed with other meals.

As of the end of Feb 2024

Developing New Market by Expanding Product Lineups

By enhancing our R&D capabilities, we have increased the quality and frequency of new product launches and renewals. We are also improving foundational technologies such as taste and texture, which enables not only the evolution of individual products but also the optimization of the entire product portfolio.



(Reference)Comparison of In-House EC and Retail Channel

In-house EC keeps the cost of sales (COS) ratio in the late 30s, allowing for a high gross margin. However, it incurs a relatively higher SG&A ratio due to user acquisition and product delivery on our own. Conversely, the retail channel has a higher COS ratio but a significantly lower SG&A ratio.



Trend of COGS Ratio and Channel Composition

Notes

Excludes fixed expenses (personnel expenses, research and development expenses, and others). 2.

3. Average values for each accounting period.

Represents the sales ratio for each category, based on management accounting, with both in-house EC and retail sales set at 100 as a reference.

Customer Insights

Customer Base #1

Popular Among the Working-Age Demographics *1

Male 35.6% Female 56.9% (N/A 7.6%)



Over 75% Purchase for Weight-Loss and Health *1



Customer Base #2

We are reaching a broad range of customers, primarily those who lead busy lives but aspire to maintain a healthy diet.

Real User Profile *1

Profile											
Name: A Age: 20s/Female Occupation:Office Worker Purpose: Diet/Training	Name:B Age: 30~40s/Female Occupation:Office Worker Purpose: Training/Kids healthy meal	Name:C Age: 40s/Male Occupation:Office worker Purpose: Metabolic Syndrome Prevention									
How they spend the day											
Wakes up at 7 AM, heads to the gym first thing, then gets ready for work. Drinks protein at noon, eats a ham sandwich between 2-3 PM. If working overtime, eats BASE FOOD.	Either works or does chores from 9AM to 5PM. Her son has BASE BREAD as after-school snacks. In the evening, she goes for a run 2-3 times a week. After her daughter comes home from school, heads to cram school after a quick dinner.	Starts working from 7AM to 7-8 PM. After work, makes dinner and exercise for about 1 hr on weekends. On weekends, wakes up around 9 AM and exercises for about 2 hrs.									
	The timing they consume BASE FOOD during the day										
Eats twice a week when working overtime. Her husband also buys BASE BREAD from 4 to 5 times a week.	No fixed time. Either morning or noon, as there's no free time in the evening.	Usually eats for breakfasts, along with two cups of coffee and 100 calories of peanut butter.									
	How long they have purchased BASE FOOD										
Started purchasing 24 meals around March 2020, intended for consuming on workdays at the office.	Started purchasing for herself around March 2021 but soon found it convenient as a light meal for her 15 y.o. daughter.	Started purchasing around 2019, when the BASE BREAD was still frozen.									
	The motivation to start BASE FOOD										
Noticed her colleague eating BASE BREAD for lunch which attracted her at first. After visiting the website to learn more, decided to try as she prefers high-protein-low-carb food to stay active. Also the offer for first-time buyers also led to an immediate purchase.	Found it on Instagram ads. She used to buy meals from the convenience stores during work but was concerned about food additives. While contemplating these issues, she learned about this protein-rich bread on Instagram and decided to buy it online.	Initially, started eating when diagnosed with metabolic syndrome. He decided to replace staple food with BASE FOOD hoping it would improve his diet. He continued this diet and was able to lose 12.3 kg in 1.5 yrs.									

Appendix

[Repost]Japanese Government Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Grant

As announced in Q2, we have been selected for the Small/Startup Business Innovation Research Program (SBIR)^{*1} by the Japanese government. We are now eligible to receive grant funds for up to ¥1.87 billion for our research activities.

農林水産省 The Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries 中小企業イノベーション創出推進事業
Small/Startup Business Innovation Research Program

What is the SBIR^{*1}

A government-funded program that provides consistent support from innovative R&D to social implementation of the results.

We made a proposal for "Demonstration of Manufacturing Technologies to Create New Demand for Grains," one of the themes opened for application by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF), and were selected as a business eligible for funding.

Implementation period: From Nov 2024 to March 2028

Maximum grant amount: ¥1.87 billion

Project Details and Expected Benefits

Further enhance the flavor, texture, and production efficiency of our products through microbiological engineering, molecular engineering, and digital technology, etc.

- 1. Develop fundamental technologies for nutritionally complete bread with a high content of whole grains
- 2. Develop applied technologies for nutritionally complete bread with a high content of brown rice

Additional Notes

- The grant or the project will pose no impact on our earnings forecast for FY2025.
- The schedule for grant funds receipt and recognition is detailed on the next page.

Notes

^{1.} Refer to "Selection Results for the Second Open Call of the Small/Startup Business Innovation Research Program by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries" (Japanese only)

[Repost]How to Record SBIR Grants

The SBIR grant will be paid out after a review of the performance report to be submitted at the end of each fiscal year. The first payment will be made in August 2025^{*1} and will cover the activity costs from November 2024 to March 2025.

- After the end of the fiscal year, we will report the SBIR research activity results and claim the expenses covered by the grant.
- Expected to be disbursed in 1 to 2 months after the month when claim is made *1
- The received grant will be recorded on the Statements of Income as non-operating income.

(Reference) Approximate schedule for claiming and disbursement under the SBIR program^{*1}

	2025						2026							2027						2028				
	Jan. Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May. Jun.	•••	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	/. Jun.	•••	Jan. Feb	. Mar.	Apr.	May. Jun.	•••	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May. Jun.		
Our fiscal year	FY25			FY26							FY27					FY28					FY	29		
Results report/claim			\star						*						*						\star			
Grant disbursement				★ 1 - 2 months after claim month						afte	★ months er claim nonth					★ 1 - 2 months after claim month						★ 1 - 2 month after claim month		
The activity costs for the current fiscal year will be recorded as non-operating income for the next fiscal year.																								

Disclaimer

This document (including annual guidance) is created by BASE FOOD, Inc. (referred to as the "Company") solely for informational purposes only and is not intended to solicit investment in the Company.

This document contains forward-looking statements and has been prepared by the Company based on reliable information available at the time. These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Therefore, you may not rely entirely on forward-looking statements. The Company does not assume any obligation to change or correct any forward-looking statements in light of new information, future events or other findings.

This document includes information derived from or based on third-party sources as cited herein and the Company has not independently verified and cannot assure the accuracy or completeness of any information derived from or based on third-party sources. This document is an English translation of the original Japanese language document and has been prepared solely for reference purposes. No warranties or assurances are given regarding the accuracy or completeness of this English translation. In the event of any discrepancy between this English translation and the original Japanese language document, the original Japanese language document shall prevail in all respects.